





NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

2022 Annual Report

Annual report website: http://mops.twse.com.tw Company website: http://www.nexcom.tw

Printing Date: April 29, 2023

www.nexcom.com

I. The Company's spokesperson, acting spokesperson, their title, contract number, and email

Spokesperson Name: Chen Yuan-Pin Title: CFO Tel: (02) 8226 7786 E-mail: binchen@nexcom.com.tw Acting spokesperson: Name: Tu Shu-Ling Title: Associate vice president Tel: (02) 8226 7786 E-mail: shirine@nexcom.com.tw

II. Address and contact number of the headquarter, branches, and factory sites

Headquarters 9F., No. 920, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235 Tel:(02)8226-7786 Fax:(02)8226-7782

 Factory
 12F., No. 63, Sec. 1, Sanmin Rd., Banqiao Dist., New Taipei City 220

 Tel:(02)8228-7786
 Fax:(02)2956-1259

 2F., No. 50, Huaya 3rd Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City 333

 Tel:(03)327-7766
 Fax:(03)327-7755

Branches None

III. Name, address, website, and contact number of the stock transfer agency

Name: Taishin Securities Co., Ltd.

Address: B1, No. 96, Section 1, Jianguo North Road, Zhongshan District, Taipei City

Website: https://www.tssco.com.tw/

Tel: (02) 2504 8125

IV. Attesting CPAs of the annual financial statements for the most recent year, CPA firm, address, website, and contact number

CPA name: Wu Han-Chi; Tsai Yi-Tai

CPA firm: PwC Taiwan

Address: 27F., No. 333, Sec. 1, Keelung Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei City 110

Website: http://www.pwc.tw/

Tel: (02) 2729 6666

- V. The name of the exchanges where the Company's marketable securities are listed offshore, and the method by which to access information on the offshore securities: None.
- VI. The Company's website: http://www.nexcom.com.tw/

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One. Letter to Shareholders

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I. 2022 business results

In 2022, the Company's consolidated revenue stood at NT\$7.91670 billion, an increase of 16.76% from NT\$6.78058 billion in 2021; 2022 net profits after tax at NT\$902.19 million and basic earnings per share at NT\$6.39, a increase of 537% from NT\$141.55 million in 2021 and a increase of 539% from NT\$1.00, respectively.

The global pandemic has subsided since last year, and the economy has been recovering. Despite the component shortage in the first half of the year, demands have significantly grown, especially when the Company's downstream clients have won long-term contracts packed with orders. In addition, products and solutions that have been held back by the trade war and pandemic in the past three years, such as robots, smart manufacturing, smart transportation, and webcams, have all returned back on the growth track.

Although the sale of the subsidiary NEXCOM China Co., Ltd. has led to a decline in revenue, the overall consolidated revenue of the last year still increased by 17% with a significant growth in profit due to said sale. On the other hand, NEXCOM has also been harvesting the fruits of its development in Industry 4.0 solutions, and its leadership in the industry has thus been affirmed. In the coming year, a conspicuous growth is foreseeable.

			Unit: NT\$ thousand
	Item	2021	2022
Financial	Net sales revenue	6,780,580	7,916,697
income and expenses	Net profits before tax	205,295	1,353,491
	Return on Assets (%)	2.23	11.16
	Return on Shareholders' Equity (%)	5.40	29.72
Profitability	Ratio of operating profit to paid-in capital (%)	12.47	29.03
	Net profits before tax to paid-in capital (%)	14.54	95.84
	Net profit margin (%)	2.09	11.40
	Basic earnings per share	1.00	6.39

1. Financial income and expenses; profitability

2. R&D status

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Item	2021	2022
Research and development expenses	593,414	551,492
Ratio of research and development expense to net sales revenue (%)	8.75	6.97

3. Technology and products successfully developed in 2022:

- (1) 400G high-end network switch
- (2) 5G disaggregated cell site gateway (DCSG) router
- (3) 5G mmWave smart enterprise wireless network gateway
- (4) Efficient and multi-functional 5G/cyber-security application platform
- (5) Industrial cyber-security gateway and switch.
- (6) Developed the VIC series, which successfully introduced the RPA computer applications to the semiconductor industry and the packaging industry.
- (7) Developed the Autonomous Mobile Robots (AMR) under the brand of NexMOV for conveyance within an electronics factory and a tourist hotel.
- (8) Developed an enterprise ground-end data middle platform under the brand of NexDATA supporting microservices to form a data service platform for big data analysis and ESG carbon tracking for enterprises.
- (9) Developed the robot safety control platform SCB100 (Functional Safety SIL2-3), which is the first solution in the world to feature an Intel processor as a control unit.
- (10) Developed the algorithm for an end effector that can track objects in a curved path, and successfully developed a robotic arm that can operate an automated optical inspection (AOI) equipment for curved objects.
- (11) Developed the advanced I/O controllers nPAC and nDAS series for Level 1 of the iAT2000 system and a controller that integrates the host, the I/O module, the wireless communication, and the VIC-Flow editing software.
- (12) Servo-driven network speed dome, which significantly enhances the detection accuracy and stability.
- (13) Developed eSAF Frontier X series products for the prevention of malware and cyberattacks, providing comprehensive IT/OT network protection.
- (14) Developed eSAF Frontier V series products that provide comprehensive OT web mining and deep packet inspection and protection.

(15) The subsidiary TMR Technologies Co., Ltd. received the 2022 "Digital Transformation Leader Award" hosted by the Taiwan Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers' Association and National Development Council, for its effort in providing comprehensive industrial cyber security protection solutions for the digital transformation of smart manufacturing. It was the only cyber security company to receive this award.

II. Summary of the Business Plan for 2023

NEXCOME has transformed into an innovative entrepreneurial group that provides Industry 4.0 total solutions and AIoT digital transformation. All business units, both the hardware platform units and the solutions units, have become the growth engines by collaborating with each other and focusing on their professional domain. While continuing to grow its hardware product portfolio, NEXCOM has become an industry leader for its ventures in robots, smart manufacturing, manufacturing cyber security, smart health care, and in all respects concerning industry 4.0 and AIoT solutions, not to mention its undertaking of smart factory turnkey projects. It has also modularized and platformized all of its technologies and products and made them free for download and painless development, in order to construct a network platform and ecosystem for sharing, co-creation, and mutual prosperity. The business focus for 2023 will be the following:

- 1. NEXCOME will respond to the government's incentive policy to actively engage in the business of whole smart plant output; it will also act in phase to develop ecological systems among different industries, play the national team, and actively participate in associations to advance its discourse right.
- 2. NEXCOME will continue to market its hardware products in the form of industry 4.0 total solutions. Meanwhile, NEXCOME will continue its "cross-industry alliance and whole plant export" strategy in Taiwan, and tap deeply into the markets of the US, China, and emerging countries in the Southeast Asia and scale up, so as to seize the growing opportunities.
- 3. NEXCOM will continue to enhance the relationship with its Solution Partners and important strategic alliance partners (e.g., ERP companies, CNC companies, and ESG carbon footprint verification companies) in scale and in depth by means of product collaborations and joint marketing, and thus form a long-term partnership for further growth, which on the other hand adds value to NEXCOM's products.
- 4. Capitalizing on NEXCOM's leading software and hardware products and technologies in connection with smart manufacturing and smart machinery, NEXCOM, on the subsidiary All IoT Cloud Corp.'s website, offers free downloads, experience, and developments to schools, enterprises, and startup companies, and sells standard modules and all related software and

hardware packages of robots, smart manufacturing, industrial IoT, enterprise situation rooms, and solutions to assist Taiwan and the world in the development of talents and entrepreneurs for Industry 4.0 and AIoT digital transformation. Thereby, it expands the outlets for IPC hardware by providing solutions and subsequently spreads over the network ecosystem.

Item	Estimated sales amount for 2023				
Single-board computer (piece)	155,000				
System product (unit)	520,000				
Industrial computer peripherals (article)	175,000				

Sales volume forecast and the basis therefor

Basis: The Company's estimated sales volume is forecast based on consideration of the industrial environment, market supply and demand in the future, R&D plan, business development, and the orders currently on hand.

Compared with 2022, NEXCOM will make progress in terms of products, organization, global deployment, and management team, and so its market competitiveness will only be even greater. So will be its customer base in terms of number and scale. Aided by new products, new markets, and supports from strategic partners, NEXCOM will boost its reach to brand new areas and construct much more powerful growth engines. The new year will bring new harvest to NEXCOM.

In 2022, NEXCOM's sales and profit both significantly grew due to the subsidence of the COVID-19 pandemic and material shortages, giving rise to the increase in both demand and supply. Although the inflation and war in this year has caused adverse impacts on the economy and put investor confidence at stake, the market for Industry 4.0 smart manufacturing and AIoT digital transformation has been gaining momentum along with the trend to establish smart factories for a resilient supply chain, and many of NEXCOM's ventures have just started to make significant revenue contributions. Moreover, the new products, major customers, and new projects have all given rise to strong demands for NEXCOM's leading products, so, in spite of these mixed factors, NEXCOM still looks forward to a prosperous year in 2023. This is no doubt the result of the efforts of all staff and the support of all shareholders. This year, under the guidance and supervision of the Board of Directors, NEXCOM expects to deliver more good news.

We wish you good health, and may all your wishes come true.

Chairperson: Lin Mao-Chang President: Yang Chien-Hsing

Head of Accounting: Chen Yuan-Pin

Two. Company Profile

I. Date of incorporation: November 14, 1992

II. Company History

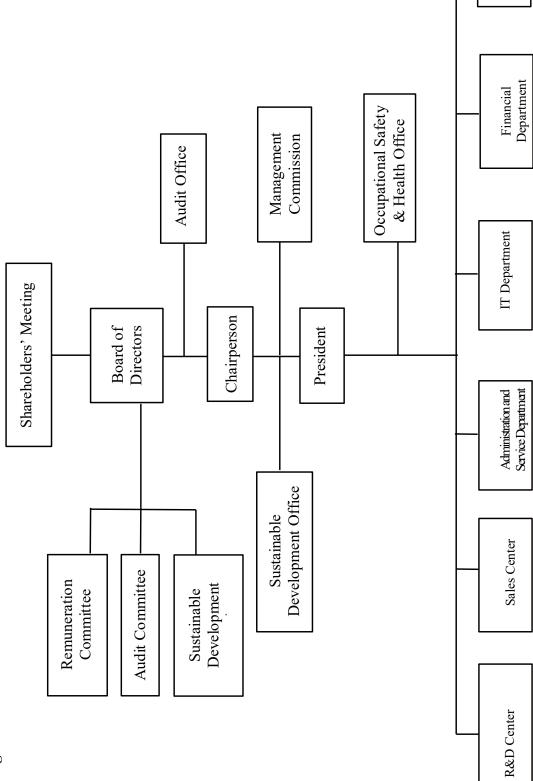
	• Incorporated at 14F., No. 76, Sec. 2, Dunhua S. Rd., Taipei City, with the main business
1992	being high-end graphic workstation.
	• Authorized capital stood at NT\$10,000,000.
	• Launched the world's first NextStep 486, a compatible graphic workstation, and obtained
1993-	an ODM order from Canon USA.
1994	• Engaged in developing industrial single board computers (SBCs) and launched the PEAK
	series, which were recognized by customers and peers due to their stability and feature of
	advanced technology.
	• Engaged in developing industrial single board computers (SBCs) and launched the PEAK
1995	series, the first industrial computer with dual Pentium® Pro, opening the entrance to fields
	of advanced application and leading the industrial computer application into the dual Pentium Pro era.
	 Actively cultivated the R&D team; swiftly tapped into the market with the newest and
	unique products; fully enhanced the technology support team; and swiftly solved
1996-	customers' problems, so as to enhance customer loyalty.
1997	 Set the record of developing numerous global champion products, such as the Dual
	Pentium® III based SBC, Compact PCI, and the ATX series.
	• Established own distribution channels and marketed own brand, namely NEXCOM, at
1998	home and abroad.
	• The authorized capital and paid-in capital both increased to NT\$80,000,000.
	Obtained the ISO 9001 Quality Management System certificate from TÜV
1999	• Established the Britain subsidiary and the US subsidiary.
	• The authorized capital and paid-in capital both increased to NT\$136,000,000.
	• The paid-in capital increased to NT\$300,000,000.
2000	• Established the Germany subsidiary and the Japan subsidiary.
2000	• Developed the world-leading first-generation blade server, which was adopted by NTT
	DoCoMo from Japan.
0.0.1	• Relocated the factory and office to 18F, No. 716, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe City.
2001	• The 2nd-generation blade server was selected as "Product of the Year" by the US
	Communication Magazine.
	• Passed the Intel ACPP (Applied Computing Platform Provider) membership certification.
2002	• Obtained the ISO 9001 2000 Quality Management System certificate from TÜV
	Closed the Germany subsidiary.
	• The 3rd-generation NexBlade defeated major brands e.g., IBM, HP, DELL, and SUN to be
	adopted by iconic customers at home and abroad, including the U.S. FBI, Department of
	Energy, and Department of Defense, and the Computer and Information Networking
2003	Center of the National Taiwan University.
	• Became a member of Intel Communications Alliance(ICA).
	• Established the three core product segments, namely blade servers, cyber-security system
	and surveillance system, and industrial computers.
	• Established the Beijing office to develop the Greater China market.
	• The 4th- and 5th-generation 64-bit blade servers came to market, ensuring NEXCOM's role as a loader in the blade server industry.
2004	role as a leader in the blade server industry. • The 4th generation HS416 blade server was awarded in Computer Tainei 20 "Best
	• The 4th-generation HS416 blade server was awarded in Computex Taipei 20 "Best Product of the Year" and "Excellent Information Product of the Information Month".
	 Listed on the emerging stock market on September 6, 2004.
	- LIGUA OILTIN OINOLGING GUOR MAIKOU OILDOPUOIDOL U, 2007.

2005	 Annual revenue broke NT\$1 billion, with the largest increase rate among peers traded on TWSE, TPEx, or the emerging stock market, making NEXCOM's being selected by the Business Weekly as Taiwan Top 150, the only one industrial computer company included. Held the NEXCOM Global Partners Conference as well as the Solutions Day in large scale to actively improve NEXCOM's global brand visibility. Obtained the ISO14001 Environmental management systems certificate from TUV. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$398,750,000. New products such as ICS, NSA, and HCP were recognized and purchased by internationally renowned companies; for instance, NEC adopted such products for its Japan Post Offices Network Connection Hardware Platform Program.
2006	 Upgraded the Beijing office to a subsidiary (Beijing NEXCOM Computer Co., Ltd.) Paid-in capital increased to NT\$442,450,000. Shares were issued in a dematerialized form on October 5, 2016. Obtained invention patents, namely the high-intensity computer system, and the computer system with two processors, a card slot, and a mechanism that monitors and switches the interrupt request via communication network.
2007	 Paid-in capital increased to NT\$595,235,550. Shares were officially traded OTC on June 7, 2007. Established the Germany subsidiary and the France subsidiary. The Beijing subsidiary established the Central China Office (Shanghai/Nanjing).
2008 2009	 Paid-in capital increased to NT\$735,099,240. Established the Italy subsidiary. Ranked 826th at the "Top 1,000 Enterprises in Taiwan" organized by the CommonWealth Magazine. Ranked 33rd at the "Top 100 Technology Enterprises" organized by DIGITIMES in June. Obtained an invention patent respecting the improvement in heat dissipation structure for industrial computers. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$808,609,160. Obtained an invention patent respecting the computer retention bracket with a modem
2010	 riser. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$870,946,260. Obtained the utility model patent respecting an improved adapter (patent certificate number: M377719).
2011	 Relocated the plant to Sanmin Road, Banqiao District in January 2011. Relocated the global headquarter to No. 920, Zhongzheng Road in September 2011. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$962,030,890. Obtained an invention patent in Korea respecting a system and method for processing video signals (10-2008-0100127).
2012	 Established the IDS (Intelligent Digital Security) business unit. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$1,110,732,530.
2013	 Signed the Greater China RTX Instant Software Technology and Sale Master Agent Agreement with the software giant IntervalZero on January 22. Obtained the design patents respecting NISE300 and NISE4000 industrial computer host in Taiwan and China, respectively. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$1,280,328,410.

2014	 Obtained the Technology Innovator Accelerated Award under the best industrial solutions category at the Intel Developer Forum on September 10 (US time). "NEXCOM Computer Co., Ltd." Changed its name to "NEXCOM International Co., Ltd." on July 25 due to business development requirements. Established the Healthcare and Medical Infomatics business unit. Established the Taiwan subsidiary - NexAIOT Co., Ltd. Established the Shanghai subsidiary - Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$1,380,454,720.
2015	 Restructured the Industrial Computing Solutions Business Unit (ICS) and renamed it IoT Automation Solutions (IAS) Business Group to realize the industrial IoT visions Established the Taiwan subsidiary - All IoT Cloud Corp. Established the Shenzhen subsidiary - NEXCOM Surveillance Technology Corp. Established the Shanghai subsidiary - NEXCOM United System Service Corp. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$1,402,624,720.
2016	 Restructured the Healthcare and Medical Infomatics business unit and renamed it IoT business group to tap into the IoT market. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$1,403,284,720.
2017	 Established the Chongqing subsidiary - NEXGOL Co.,Ltd Established the Taiwan subsidiary - TMR Technologies Co.,Ltd. Paid-in capital increased to NT\$1,412,264,720.
2018	 Established the Beijing subsidiary - Beijing Nexgemo Technology Co., Ltd. Established the Taiwan subsidiary - NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd. Established the Huaya plant in Linkou. The subsidiary - NEXCOM China Co., Ltd. was traded on China's National Equities Exchange and Quotations (NEEQ).
2019	 Formed a strategic alliance with SAP to become the global smart production partner of the other in April 2019. Formed an alliance with Fair Friend Group to become the global smart production partner of the other in August 2019.
2020	 Officially became a smart production partner of China's Lenovo Group Ltd. Successfully transformed into an innovative startup group that provided industry 4.0 total solutions.
2021	 Received the 2021 Intel Partner Alliance membership. NEXCOM's 3 in-vehicle/railway computer products won the Taiwan Excellence Award
2022	 Obtained the ESG sustainable development verification opinion statement Obtained the greenhouse gas emissions verification opinion statement in accordance with the ISO 14064-1:2018 requirements



- I. Organizational system
- (I) Organizational structure



Manufacturing Center

(II) Responsibilities of main departments

Department	Main responsibilities
Audit Office	Inspect and assess whether the internal control system is sound, and submit
Addit Office	analysis, assessment, and suggestions.
Management Commission	 Plan, review, and formulate the Company's business philosophy, vision and mission, corporate culture, new product strategy, and new business. Inter-departmental business results presentation and review of each unit. Overseas subsidiary business results presentation and review.
Sustainable Development Office	 Acting as an inter-departmental platform that enhances vertical and horizontal communication. Identifying sustainable topics of concern to the Company's operations and stakeholders. Formulating strategies and policies. Setting budget and plans for various organizations and sustainable development events. Implementing the annual plan, monitoring results thereof, and ensuring daily practices of the sustainable development strategy in the Company.
Occupational Safety & Health Office	 Devise the occupational accidents prevention plan. Plan and supervise each department's labor safety and health management and facilities inspection. Working environment monitoring; fire prevention safety and health educational training. Regular employee health check and company security related affairs.
R&D Center	 New technology research and development and intellectual property management. New products and customized products R&D and design services. New products, customized products, and components testing and verification. Solve production technology issues, assist in production process improvement, and design reasonable operation. Customer technology support and service.
Sales Center	 Develop business strategy and plans to expand the Company's global business. Key customer relationship management and customer service related matters. New market, new customer, new industry, new field development and new product description and training. Major project management and sales forecast. Focus on customer service and improve the Company's operation and product quality management. Formulation of the Company's quality policy; coordinate the management of the overall quality control operations. Product technical support coordination; after-sales service such as maintenance and repair.
Administration and Service Department	 Formulate, plan, and implement the personnel policy and other regulations governing salary and benefits, human resource planning, education and training, and administrative management. Operation regarding general administration and general affairs; supports for factory affairs.
IT Department	Plan and maintain the Company's information system; maintain and support the network and the software and hardware of computer equipment, and solve any problems arising therefrom; formulate and implement information security and management standards.

Department	Main responsibilities
Financial Department	 Solely responsible for budget development, accounting affairs, preparation of statements, variance analysis, taxation, financial affairs, fund, asset, and investment management; and stock affairs planning, handling, and control. Preparation and analysis of the financial statements of domestic and foreign operations. Supervise, coordinate, and assist in the administrative process of the financial affairs of subsidiaries.
Manufacturing Center	 Schedule the production against orders, control the progress, manage the production lines. Procurement of raw materials and instruments and equipment, and negotiate the price and control the cost thereof; enhance materials management. Coordinate the production process; improve and manage jigs; assemble and test systems. Coordinate the support for production, production management, materials control, warehousing, inventory, order processing, and matters relating to the shipping date. Manage import and export.

II. Information on directors, supervisors, president, vice president, associate vice president, and officer of each department and branch

(I) Directors and supervisors:

	Kemarks		None	None		
March 31, 2023	ithin p who s or	Relationship	Spouse	None		
	Spouse or relatives within second degree of kinship who are officers, directors or supervisors	SmeN	Tu Shu-Ling	None		
March	Spouse or second deg are offic su	əltiT	Associate vice president	None		
		Concurrent positions in the Company and other companies now	National Chiao Tung University - Management University - Management Science Tawan University - All IoT Cloud Corp Chairperson Business Department of Mise International Mise International Corporation Associate vice president NexAOIT Co., Ltd Director Director Comporation Associate vice president NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Director Chairperson NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Chairperson NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Chairperson NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Chairperson NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Chairperson NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Chairperson NexCOM Surveillance Technology Corp./ Executive Director (Legal Representative) Nexcous Shanghai Co., Ltd Chairperson (Legal Representative) Nexcous Shanghai Co., Ltd Chairperson (Legal Representative) Nexcoon Shanghai Co., Ltd Chairperson (Legal Representative) Nexcoon Shanghai Co., Ltd Chairperson (Legal Representative) Nexcoon Shanghai Co., Ltd Chairperson (Legal Representative) NexCOM Japan Co., Ltd NexCOM Japan Co., Jud NexCOM Japan Co., Ltd NexCOM Japan Co., Jud NexCOM Japan Co., Jud N	- Tai Wang Investment Co., Ltd. /Chairperson eTouch medical Inc Chairperson		
		Main career (academic) achievements		National Taiwan University - Electrical Engineering Victorion Technology Co., Ltd Chairperson		
	in the name of others	Shareholding Spercentage	0	0		
	Shareholding	Number of shares				
	won nərblidə	Shareholding percentage	3.62 (Note 1)	0.00		
	gniblodəraß Shareholding anim bna	Number of shares	(Note 1)	5,918		
s:	Current shareholding	Shareholding percentage	3.86 (Note 1)	0.57		
supervisors:		Number of shares	5,457,657 (Note 1)	808,656		
and		Shareholding percentage	98. Č	0.56		
f directors	Shareholding at the time of election	Number of shares	(Note 1)	788,656		
mation c	Date first elected		April 10, 2000 5,457,657 (Note 1)	April 10, 2000		
infor	Term of office		3 years	3 years		
Background information of directors	Date elected (appointed)		August 27, 2021	August 27, 2021		
1. B	Gender Age		Male / 61-70			
	Name		Lin Mao-Chang 6			
		ro VilanoitaN Itatienai Itatienai	K OC			
	əhiT		Chairperson	Director R.O.C.		

Kemarks		None	None	None	None	None
ithin ip who s or	Relationship	None	None	None	None	None
Spouse or relatives within second degree of kinship who are officers, directors or supervisors	9ms ^N	None	None	None	None	None
Spouse c second deg are offic	əhiT	None	None	None	None	None
	Concurrent positions in the Company and other companies now	FNAMI Technology Corp. /Manager Advance Materials Corporation /Independent Director	- None	None	National Taiwan University - Department of Electrical Engineering of the College of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, Graduate Institute of Craduate Institute of Distinguished Professor of the Graduate Institute of Networking and Multimedia	ACCUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC Vice President ACCUVISION TECHNOLOGY INC Direstor SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORP Independent Director STL Technology Co., Ltd Director Zhengyu Investment Co., Ltd Director
	Main career (academic) achievements	Soochow University - Department of Accounting Finance Department of Taiwan Chinsan Electronic Industrial Co., Ltd - Vice President	National Taiwan University - None Electrical Engineering TENX TECHNOLOGY, PIENC - Chairperson and President PetaRay Inc.	Soochow University - Department of Economics Suzhou Yifu Financial Leasing Co., Ltd President Kanghe Leasing Co., Ltd Vice President	University of Illinois Urbana-Champaign - Electrical Engineering AT&T Bell Labs - 0 Researcher	State University of New York at Stony Brook - Electrical Engineering National Cheng Kung University - Department of Electrical Engineering ATE ENERGY INTERNATIONAL CO. LTD Vice President
Shareholding in the name of others	Иитьет оf shares Shareholding регсепtage	0	0	0	0	0
won nətblidə	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0.07	0	0
gniblodarsdS senoga To and minor	Number of shares	0	0	99,064	0	0
	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0	0	0.01
Current shareholding		0	0	0	0	16,760
	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0	0	0.01
Sharcholding at the time of election	Number of shares	0	0	0	0	16,760
bətəc	Date first ele	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2005	June 30, 2005	June 26, 2015	June 26, 2015
ээц	Searce Term of office		ycars ycars		3 years	3 years
Date elected (appointed)		August 27, 2021	August 27, 2021	August 27, 2021	August 27, 2021	August 27, 2021
Age Gender		Age Age		Male 61-70	Male 61-70 ≱	Male 61-70
Name		Chen Wen-Chuan	C. Wang Yun-Yuao 61-70	Chen Ching-Yin	Chen Hong-Ming	Tai Cheng-Chieh
Title Nationality or place of registration		Director R.O.C.	Independent R.O.C. Director	Independent R.O.C. Director	Independent R.O.C. Director	Independent R.O.C. Director

Note 1: Excluding the 2,000,000 entrusted shares of which the holder retains the right to decide the allocation.

2. Major shareholders of corporate shareholders: None.

3. Major shareholders of corporate shareholders of corporate shareholders: Not applicable.

4. Disclosure of int	4. Disclosure от пиогтацой оп professional qualifications от directors and independence от independent directors:	ence of independent directors:	
Criteria			Number of independent
	Professional qualification and experience	Independence state	directors concurrently serving
Name			in other public offering companies
	With work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting, and business management skills required for company operations.		
	The Company - Chairperson, Green Base Technology Corp Chairnerson		
	All IoT Cloud Corp Chairperson, DIVIOTEC INC		
	NexAIOT Co., Ltd Director, TMR Technologies Co., Ltd		
	Director EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd Chairperson, NexCOBOT Taiwan CO., Ltd Chairperson		
	NEXCOM Surveillance Technology Corp Executive Director		
Chairperson	(Legal Representative), NEXCOM United System Service Corp Executive Director	Not applicable	None
	(Legal Representative), Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd Executive Director (Legal person		
	Representative), NEXGOL Co.,Ltd - Chairperson (Legal Representative), Guang Zhou NexCOBOT China Co.,Ltd Chairperson (Legal		
	Representative), NEXCOM Europe Ltd Director,		
	Nex Computers, Inc Director, NEXCOBOT Inc Director,		
	NEXCOM Japan Co.,Ltd Director, NEXCOM InternationalCo.,Ltd. (SAMOA) - Director		
	Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company Act.		

Criteria Name	Professional qualification and experience	Independence state	Number of independent directors concurrently serving in other public offering companies
Director Lin Jeng-Tay	With work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting, and business management skills required for company operations. Serving as: Tai Wang Investment Co., Ltd Chairperson, eTouch medical Inc Chairperson Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company Act.	Not applicable	None
Director Chen Wen-Chuan	With work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting, and business management skills required for company operations.DirectorServing as: FNAMI Technology Corp Manager, Advance Materials Corporation - Independent DirectorNot exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company Act.	Not applicable	1

Number of independent directors concurrently serving in other public offering companies	
Independence state	 The independent director, their spouse, or relatives within the second degree of kinship are not serving as a director, supervisor or employee of the Company or its affiliates. The independent director, their spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship (or in the name of others) are not holding any company shares. The independent director is not serving as a director, supervisor or an employee of a company with which the Company has a specific relationship. The independent director did not receive compensation for providing commercial, legal, financial, accounting, or related services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company within the past two years.
Professional qualification and experience	 With work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting, and business management skills required for company operations. Served as: PetaRay Inc Director, TENX TECHNOLOGY, INC. Chairperson and President Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company Act.
Criteria Name	Independent Director Wang Yun-Yuao

Number of independent directors concurrently serving in other public offering companies	
Independence state	 The independent director, their spouse, or relatives within the second degree of kinship are not serving as a director, supervisor or employee of the Company or its affiliates. The independent director, their spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship (or in the name of others) are not holding any company shares. The independent director is not serving as a director, supervisor or an employee of a company with which the Company has a specific relationship. The independent director did not receive compensation for providing commercial, legal, financial, accounting, or related services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company within the past two years.
Professional qualification and experience	With work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting, and business management skills required for company operations. Suzhou Yifu Financial Leasing Co., Ltd President, Kanghe Leasing Co., Ltd Vice President Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company Act.
Criteria Name	Independent Director Chen Ching-Yin

Number of independent directors concurrently serving in other public offering companies	
Independence state	 The independent director, their spouse, or relatives within the second degree of kinship are not serving as a director, supervisor or employee of the Company or its affiliates. The independent director, their spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship (or in the name of others) are not holding any company shares. The independent director is not serving as a director, supervisor or an employee of a company with which the Company has a specific relationship. The independent director did not receive compensation for providing commercial, legal, financial, accounting, or related services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company within the past two years.
Professional qualification and experience	I. The independent director, their spouse, or Lecturer of a university or college for a subject required for Lecturer of a university or college for a subject required for Lecturer of a university or college for a subject required for Company operations Eving as: National Taiwan University - Department of Electrical Independent Enving as: National Taiwan University - Department of Electrical Engineering, College of Electrical Engineering and Computer Director Science; Graduate Institute of Communications Engineering; Orten Hong-Ming Professor Orten Hong-Wing Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 After Company with which the Company has a specific relationship. Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 Of the Company Act.
Criteria Name	Independent Director Chen Hong-Ming

Number of independent directors concurrently serving in other public offering companies	Т
Independence state	 The independent director, their spouse, or relatives within the second degree of kinship are not serving as a director, supervisor or employee of the Company or its affiliates. The independent director, their spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship (or in the name of others) are holding 16,760 shares of the Company. The independent director is not serving as a director, supervisor or an employee of a company with which the Company has a specific relationship. The independent director did not receive compensation for providing commercial, legal, financial, accounting, or related services to the Company or any affiliate of the Company within the past two years.
Professional qualification and experience	 The independent director, their spouse, or relatives within the second degree of kinship are holds serving as a director, supervisor or employee of the Company or its affiliates. With work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting, and business management skills required for company operations. ACCUVISION TECHNOLOGY NNC Director and President, SITRONIX TECHNOLOGY CORP Independent Director, STL 2. The independent director, their spouses or relatives within the second degree of kinship (or in the name of others) are holding 16,760 shares of the Company. Chengyu Investment Co., Ltd Director Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company or independent director did not receive company Act. Not exhibiting any of the circumstances specified under Article 30 of the Company or an employee of a company Act.
Criteria Name	Independent Director Tai Cheng-Chieh

5. Diversity and Independence of the Board:

Article 23 of the Company's Corporate Governance Rules clearly stipulates that: To achieve the desired objectives of corporate governance, the Board of Directors as a whole shall have the following competences:

- I. The ability to make judgments about operations.
- II. Accounting and financial analysis ability.
- III. Business management ability.
- IV. Crisis management ability.
- V. Knowledge of the industry.
- VI. An international market perspective.
- VII. Leadership ability.

VIII. Decision-making ability.

Upon selecting directors, not only does the Company consider the professional backgrounds of directors, their diversity is also an important factor. The professional background of board members should cover: Industry operators, professional managers, business and legal fields. (II) Background information on the President, vice presidents, associate vice presidents, and officers of various departments and branches

March 31, 2023

~	s	Remarks	None	None	None	None	None
March 31, 2023	rs with es with cinship	Relationship	None	None	None	None	None
March	Managerial officers with spouses or relatives with second degree of kinship	Name	None	None	None	None	None
	Manage spouses second o	Title	None	None	None		None
		Concurrent positions in other companies now	Green Base Technology Corp Director Nexcom Europe Ltd Director Nex Computers, Inc Director Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd Director	NexAIOT Co., Ltd. - Director and President All IoT Cloud Corp Director EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd Director TMR Technologies Co., Ltd Director NexCOBOT Taiwan CO., Ltd Director Guang Zhou NexCOBOT China Co., Ltd Director Co., Ltd Director CO., Ltd Director CHONGQING NEXRAY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD Chairperson (Legal Representative) NexCOBOT Inc Director	None	None	None
		Main career (academic) achievements	Master of Chemical Engineering, National Taiwan University Advantech Co., Ltd Sales Manager	Master of Computer Science, New York Institute of Technology Honeywell Taiwan - Sales Manager	National Tai wan University of Science and Technology - Department of Electrical Engineering Assistant Vice President of NEXCOM MCS Technology Development Department	EMBA Program of Industrial and Technology Management, National Taipei University of Technology Master's Assistant Vice President of IBASE TECHNOLOGY INC.	Master of Electrical Engineering, Syracuse University, USA Senior Manager of CYBERTAN TECHNOLOGY INC.
	ing in f others	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0	0	0
	Shareholding in the name of others	Number of shares	0	0	0	0	0
		Shareholding percentage	0.29	0.36	0.00		0
	Shareholding of spouse and minor children	To rədmu ^N shares	409,258	503,990	13,989		0
		Shareholding percentage	0.30	60.0	0.21	0	0
	Shareholding	Number of shares	416,710	120,098	297,144	0	0
		Date electo Datioqqs)	July 6, 2002	January 1, 2006	August 1, 2011	August 5, 2013	October 28, 2014
		Gender	Male	Male	Male	Male	Male
		əme ^N	Yang Chien-Hsing	Lin Hung-Chou	Liu Chun-Chun Huang Tsung-Hsi		Li Chun-I
	Ŕ	tilenoiteN	R.O.C.	R.O.C.	R.O.C.	R.O.C.	R.O.C.
		əltiT	President	Vice President	Vice President	Vice President	Vice President

	,				Shareholding		Shareholding of spouse and minor children		Shareholding in the name of others	in lers			Mans spous secon	Mana gerial officers with spouses or relatives with second degree of kinship	icers with ives with fkinship	
əltiT	Vationality	əme ^N	Gender	Date elected Data of appointed	Number of shares	Shareholding percentage	Number of Shares	Shareholding percentage	Number of shares Shareholding	Main career (academic) achievements	c) achievements	Concurrent positions in other companies now		Name	Relationship	gemarks Ветагка
Vice President	R.O.C.	Chiu Chun-Ming	Male	February 1, 2015	69,000	0.05	3,000	0.00	0	National Taiwan University - Department of Electrical Engineering 0 NEXCOM NCS-ODM Business Department No. 1 - Assistant Vice President	sity - I Engineering Business stant Vice	None	None	None	None	None
Vice President	R.O.C.	Shen Chien-I	Female	February 1, 2014	23,738	0.02	0	0	0	Universite Paul Valery /(Master's Program) Department of /Language Education Division Head of NEXCOM ICS Manager Business Division	partment of OM ICS ion	NexAIOT Co., Ltd Director NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd Director and President	None	None	None	None
Vice President	R.O.C.	Yeh Shu-Chen	Female	August 1, 2015	0	0.00	0	0	0	National Taipei Institute of Technology (3-year college) - Department of Electrical Engineering 0 Deputy Manager of GVC, INC. Engineering Department MPM Deputy Manager of Clevo Co. Engineering Manager of CHAINTECH TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION	: of Technology tment of C, INC. of Clevo Co. CHAINTECH ORATION	None	None	None	None	None
Vice President	R.O.C.	Chen Po-Hsu (Note 4)	Male	September. 01, 2021	0	0.00	0	0	0	National Sun Yat-sen University - Department of Applied Mathematics 0 NexAIOT Co., Ltd Associate Vice President Wistron Corporation - Senior Manager	niversity - Mathematics sociate Vice enior Manager	All IoT Cloud Corp Director	None	None	None	None
Associate vice president	R.O.C.	Tu Shu-Ling	Female	April 10, 2000	5,118,75 5 (Note 1)	3.62 (Note 1)	5,457,657 (Note 1)	3.86 (Note 1)	0	Master of Finance, National Taiwan University 0 CFO of DARFON ELECTRONICS CORP.	onal Taiwan CTRONICS	Guang Zhou NexCOBOT China Co.,Ltd Supervisor	Chairper son	r Lin Mao-Cha ng	ia Spouse	None
Associate vice president (CFO)	R.O.C.	Chen Yuan-Pin	Male	October 30, 2017	0	0	0	0	0	Department of Accounting, National Cheng Kung University 0 Manager of Gamania Digital Entertainment Manager of GIGABYTE Technology	ng, National gital ? Technology	Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd Supervisor NEXCOM United System Service Corp. - Supervisor NEXCOM Surveillance Technology Corp Supervisor Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd Supervisor	None	None	None	None
Associate vice president	R.O.C.	Chen Chia-Li	Female	May 1, 2018	23,890	0.02	0	0	0	University of Southampton B Experienced MBA ViewSonic Corporation	ton	None	None	None	None	None

spouses or relatives with second degree of kinship	syıeшəy Relationship Name		None None None	None None None None	None None None None None None None None	None None None None None None None None
spons	Title	None		None		
	Concurrent positions in other companies now	None		None	None EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd Director and President	None EMBUX Technology Co, Ltd Director and President None
	Main career (academic) achievements	Institute of Electronic Engineering, Fu Jen Catholic University 0 ASUSTEK COMPUTER INC R&D Hardware Engineer Altbatron Technology Co. Ltd Senior R&D Engineer		LAWRENCE TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY/Master of Business Administration Manager of Kontron Asia Technology Inc. Senior Manager of Quanta Computer Inc.	LAWRENCE TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY /Master of Business Administration Manager of Kontron Asia Technology Inc. Senior Manager of Quanta Computer Inc. Chien Hsin University of Science and Technology NexAIOT Co., Ltd./ NexAIOT Co., Ltd./ Dersident President of NEXCOM (China) Co., Ltd. Associate Vice President of Advantech Co., Ltd.	LAWRENCE TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY /Master of Business Administration Manager of Kontron Asia Technology Inc. Senior Manager of Quanta Computer Inc. Chien Hsin University of Science and Technology Nex AIOT Co., Ltd./ President President of NEXCOM (China) Co., Ltd. Associate Vice President of Advantech Co., Ltd. National Tai wan University of Science and Technology - Department of Engineering Management Advantech Co., Ltd Deputy Manager of Engineering Department
Shareholding in the name of others	Shareholding percentage	0 0 0 AS AI AI AI See See	•	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0	0 0 0
	percentage Number of shares	0.00		0		
Shareholding of spouse and minor children	Number of shareholding Shareholding	5,000 0.	_	0	• •	o o o
	Shareholding регсепtage	0	_	0	• •	o o o
Shareholding	Number of shares	0	-	0	• •	· · · · · · · · ·
	Date electo Date olicota	February 1, 2019		February 1, 2019	February 1, 2019 May 7, 2019	February 1, 2019 May 7, 2019 February 1, 2021
	Gender	Male		Male		
	9ms ^N	R.O.C. Tsai Chun-Yang		Chang Feng-Jung	R.O.C. Chang Feng-Jung R.O.C. Ting Wen-Ching	Chang Feng-Jung Ting Wen-Ching Lin Chih-Ta
А	tilanoitaN	R.O.C.		R.O.C.	R.O.C. R.O.C.	R.O.C. R.O.C. R.O.C.
	əliT	Associate vice president		Associate vice president	Associate vice president Associate vice president	Associate vice president Associate vice president Associate vice

	Кетаткз	None	None	None		
rs with es with kinship	Relationship	None	None	None		
Managerial officers with spouses or relatives with second degree of kinship	Name	None	None	None		
Manage spouses second	Title	None	None	None		
	Concurrent positions in other companies now	None	None	None		
	Main career (academic) achievements	National Taiwan University of Science and Technology - Department of Information Engineering NEXCOM International Co., Ltd Division Head Theeus Technology Corp Deputy Manger	Da-Yeh University - Department of Electrical Engineering NEXCOM International Co., Ltd Division Head Advantech Co., Ltd Senior Engineer	National Cheng Kung University - Institute of Manufacturing Information and Systems NEXCOM International Co., Ltd Division Head Advantech Co., Ltd Senior Engineer		
ding in of others	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0		
Shareholding in the name of others	Number of shares	0	0	0		
	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0		
Shareholding of spouse and minor children	Number of shares	0	118	0		
	Shareholding percentage	0	0	0		
Shareholding	Number of shares	0	0	0		
	Date electo Dato protecto	June 1, 2022	March 1, 2023	March 1, 2023		
	Gender	Female	Male	Male		
	9ms ^N	Lai Hui-Ying	Tsai Chung-Yi	Lai Ming-Hsiang		
Â	tilenoiteN	R.O.C.	R.O.C.	R.O.C.		
	əltiT	Associate vice president (Note 2)	Associate vice president (Note 3)	Associate vice president (Note 3)		

Note 1: Excluding the 2,000,000 entrusted shares of which the holder retains the right to decide the allocation.

Note 2: Newly appointed on June 1, 2022. Note 3: Newly appointed on March 1, 2023.

(III) Remuneration paid to directors, supervisors, president, and vice president in the most recent year

1. Remuneration to regular and independent directors

Unit: NT\$ thousand		Remuneratio n from	investee enterprises other than subsidiaries or parent company		0					0			
Unit: NT §	Sum of A, B, C, D,	 E, F, and G as a percentage of the net profits after tax (%) 	All companies in the financial statements		0.89					0.31			
	Sum of A	E, F, an percenta net profit (°	Тһе Сотралу		0.89					0.31			
	oyee	on (G)	Amount of share dividend		0					0			
	an empl	Employee compensation (G)	bnəbivib dasa fo tnuomA		0					0			
	ving as	yee con	bnəbivib ətsta fo tnuomA		0					0			
	intly ser	Emplo	bnəbivib dzsə 10 tunomA		0					0			
	oncurre	and (F)	ənt ni səinaqmoə IIA ətnəmətats laiənanft		0					0			
	rs for c	Severance and pension (F)											
	directo	D Sc	Τρε Company		0					0			
	ation to	nus, and owance	All companies in the financial statements		0			o					
	Remuneration to directors for concurrently serving as an employee	Salary, bonus, and special allowance (E)	Тће Сотралу		0		0						
	, B, C,	as a e of the after tax	All companies in the statements laionant		0.89		0.31						
	Sum of A, B, C,	and D as a percentage of the net profits after tax (%)	Τhe Company		0.89					0.31			
		ecution s (D)	All companies in the statements		160					310			
		Business execution expenses (D)	Тһе Сотралу		160					310			
		or ation	əh ni səinəqmoə IIA ətnəmətats laiənanft		1,846					2,461			
	Remuneration to directors	Director compensation (C)	Тће Сотралу		1,846					2,461			
	uneration	e and (B)	All companies in the financial statements		95					0			
	Rem	Severance and pension (B)	Τhe Company		95					0			
		tion (A)	All companies in the financial statements	5,884			0						
		Compensation (A)	Тһе Сотралу		5,884		0						
			Name	Lin Mao-Chang	Lin Jeng-Tay	Chen Wen-Chuan	Chen	Ching-Yin	Wang Yun-Yuao	Chen	Hone Mine	To:	Cheng-Chieh
			Title	Chairperson	Director	Director	Independent	Director	Independent Director	Indenendent	Director	Indonandant	

<u>(</u> 1	(1) Please describe the policy, system, structure, and criteria respecting independent directors' remuneration, and the relation between the
	remuneration amount and an independent director's roles and responsibilities, risk assumed, and time invested:
	Pursuant to Article 16 of the Articles of Incorporation, the remuneration to independent directors of the Company is determined by the Remuneration
	Committee with primary reference to the result of the performance evaluation conducted in accordance with the Board of Directors Performance
	Evaluation Guidelines and by taking into account the degree of their participation in the Company's operation and contribution. Whether the Company
	records a surplus or not, it may make such a remuneration based on industry standards.
S	()) To addition to the choice disclosure the manimum trained by the discrete of the Community to all containe in the

(2) In addition to the above disclosure, the remuneration received by the directors of the Company for services rendered to all companies in the financial statements (e.g. as non-employee consultants, etc.) in the most recent year: None.

		Name of director	irector	
Payment scale of remuneration to each Director of the	Sum of first 4 remunerations (A+B+C+D)	ations (A+B+C+D)	Sum of first 7 remuneration	Sum of first 7 remunerations (A+B+C+D+E+F+G)
Company	The Company	All companies in the	The Company	All companies in the
		financial statements H		financial statements I
	Lin Jeng-Tay, Chen	Lin Jeng-Tay, Chen	Lin Jeng-Tay, Chen	Lin Jeng-Tay, Chen
	Wen-Chuan,	Wen-Chuan,	Wen-Chuan,	Wen-Chuan,
Below NT¢1 000 000	Wang Yun-Yuao, Chen	Wang Yun-Yuao, Chen	Wang Yun-Yuao, Chen	Wang Yun-Yuao, Chen
DCIOW IN 101,000,000	Ching-Yin,	Ching-Yin,	Ching-Yin,	Ching-Yin,
	Chen Hong-Ming, Tai	Chen Hong-Ming, Tai	Chen Hong-Ming, Tai	Chen Hong-Ming, Tai
	Cheng-Chieh	Cheng-Chieh	Cheng-Chieh	Cheng-Chieh
NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$2,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	1	I	I
NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$3,500,000 (non-inclusive)	-	-	I	T
NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive) - NT\$5,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	I	I	T
NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$10,000,000 (non-inclusive)	Lin Mao-Chang	Lin Mao-Chang	Lin Mao-Chang	Lin Mao-Chang
NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$15,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	1	I	1
NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$30,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	1	I	-
NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$50,000,000 (non-inclusive)	г	I	I	I
NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$100,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	1	I	T
More than NT\$100,000,000	I	I	I	I
Total	L	L	L	L

ranges	
neration	
of remunera	
Table (

2. Remuneration to supervisors: Not applicable, because the Company already established the Audit Committee on June 26, 2015.

Title Salury (A) Sevence and pension (B) Bonus, and special allowance Amount of employee Sum of A, B, C, and D (C) Remuneration (C) Title Name H Man Pension (B) (C) (D) (Unit: NT9	Unit: NT\$ thousand
All in the in the in the interestion in the interestion i		Conc. M	Salary	ý (A)	Severa	nce and on (B)	Bonus, ai allow (C	nd special vance C)	Ar	nount of remune (D	employ tration		Sum of A, as a percer net profit (%	B, C, and D itage of the s after tax 6)	
NoteFinancial financialFinancial financialFinancial financialShare financialShare financialShare financialShare statementsShare 		Name	The Co	All companies in the	The Co	All companie s in the	The Co	All companies in the	The Co	mpany	All com in the fi staten	panies nancial nents	The Co	All companies in the	than subsidiari es or
12,060 16,320 590 8,509 9,949 0 0 0 2.35 3.00			mpany	financial statements	mpany	financial statements	mpany	financial statements	Cash amount	Share amount	Cash amount	Share amount	mpany	financial statements	parent company
12,060 16,320 590 806 8,509 9,949 0 0 0 2.35 3.00		Yang Chien-Hsing													
12,060 16,320 590 806 8,509 9,949 0 0 0 2.35 3.00	1	Lin Hung-Chou													
12,060 16,320 590 806 8,509 9,949 0 0 0 2.35 3.00	1	Liu Chun-Chun													
12,060 16,320 590 806 8,509 9,949 0 0 0 2.35 3.00		Chiu Chun-Ming													
Huang Tsung-Hsi Yeh Shu-Chen Shen Chien-I Chen Po-Hsu		Li Chun-I	12,060	16,320	590	806	8,509	9,949	0	0	0	0	2.35	3.00	0
Yeh Shu-Chen Shen Chien-I Chen Po-Hsu		Huang Tsung-Hsi													
Shen Chien-I Chen Po-Hsu	1	Yeh Shu-Chen													
Chen Po-Hsu	1	Shen Chien-I													
		Chen Po-Hsu													

3. Remuneration to the president and vice presidents

ranges
remuneration
f remur
Table o

Payment scale of remuneration to each President and Vice	Name of president and vice presidents	and vice presidents
President of the Company	The Company	All companies in the financial statements E
Below NT\$1,000,000	-	1
NT\$1,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$2,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	I
NT\$2,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$3,500,000 (non-inclusive)	Liu Chun-Chun, Chiu Chun-Ming, Li Chun-I, Huang Tsung-Hsi, Yeh Shu-Chen, Chen Po-Hsu	Chun-Chun, Chiu Chun-Ming, Li Chun-I, Liu Chun-Chun, Chiu Chun-Ming, Li Chun-I, Huang Tsung-Hsi, Yeh Shu-Chen, Chen Po-Hsu Po-Hsu Yeh Shu-Chen, Shen Chien-I, Chen Po-Hsu
NT\$3,500,000 (inclusive) - NT\$5,000,000 (non-inclusive)	Yang Chien-Hsing	Lin Hung-Chou, Yang Chien-Hsing
NT\$5,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$10,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	1
NT\$10,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$15,000,000 (non-inclusive)	I	ı
NT\$15,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$30,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	I
NT\$30,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$50,000,000 (non-inclusive)	-	I
NT\$50,000,000 (inclusive) - NT\$100,000,000 (non-inclusive)	1	1
More than NT\$100,000,000	I	I
Total	8	11

	U		1 0		cember 31, 2022/	Unit: NT\$ thousand
	Title	Name	Share amount	Cash amount	Total	Total amount as a percentage of net profits after tax (%)
Manager	President Vice President Vice President Vice President Vice President Vice President Vice President Vice President Vice President Vice President CFO Associate vice president Associate vice president	Yang Chien-Hsing Lin Hung-Chou Liu Chun-Chun Chiu Chun-Ming Li Chun-I Huang Tsung-Hsi Shen Chien-I Yeh Shu-Chen Chen Po-Hsu Chen Yuan-Pin Tu Shu-Ling Lin Chih-Ta Chen Chia-Li Tsai Chun-Yang Chang Feng-Jung Ling Wen-Ching Lai Hui-Ying	0 (Note)	0 (Note)	0	0

4. Names of managers entitled to employee remuneration and amount entitled

Note: The amount proposed to be distributed for this year was calculated, as required, by applying the percentage of actual distributed amount for last year.

- (IV) Amount of remuneration paid in the last 2 years by the Company and all companies included in the consolidated financial statements to the Company's directors, supervisors, President, and Vice Presidents, and their respective percentages to net profit after tax, as well as the policies, standards, and packages by which they were paid, the procedures through which remuneration were determined, and the link between remuneration and business performance.
 - 1. Analysis of the total amount of remuneration paid to the Company's directors, supervisors, president, and vice presidents, as a percentage of after-tax profit or loss for the last 2 years, by the Company and all companies in the consolidated statements.

		2	021	2	022
	Analysis item	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements
Amount as a	Total director remuneration	3.86	3.86	1.20	1.20
percentage of net	Total supervisor remuneration	0	0	0	0
profits after tax (%)	Total remuneration to president and vice presidents	11.88	21.78	2.35	3.00

Note: The amount proposed to be distributed as employee bonus for 2022 had yet to be decided, and was calculated, as required, by applying the percentage of actual distributed amount for last year.

2. Remuneration policies, standards, packages, and procedures, and association with business performance

The Company's remuneration for directors comprises transportation fee and compensation. The transportation fee is determined by referencing the industry standard among peers; the compensation is determined by the provisions set out in the Company's Article of Incorporation, and based on their extent of participation in the Company's operations. The Company's remuneration for the President and vice presidents comprises salary, bonus, employee compensation, and employee stock options, which are reasonably granted based on the Company's operational performance, their individual performance, and their contribution to the Company.

III. Operations of corporate governance

(I) The operation of the Board of Directors

A total of six meetings [A] were held in 2022, and the attendance record of directors is as

follows:

Title	Name	Number of attendance in person [B]	Number of attendance by proxy	Ratio (%) of attendance in person [B/A]	Remarks
Chairperson	Lin Mao-Chang	6	0	100%	
Director	Lin Jeng-Tay	6	0	100%	
Director	Chen Wen-Chuan	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Wang Yun-Yuao	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen Ching-Yin	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen Hong-Ming	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Tai Cheng-Chieh	6	0	100%	

I. If any of the following is applicable to the operations of the Board, specify the date, the series of the session, the content of the motions, the opinions of the Independent Directors and the response of the Company to the opinions of the Independent Directors:

1. Particulars inscribed in Article 14-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act.: please see page 76 to 78.

- 2. In addition to the previous matters, other board meeting decisions that have been opposed or faced reservations by independent directors and have records or written statements: none.
- II. Recusal of the directors from motions involving their private interest, specify the names of the directors, the content of the motions, the reason for recusal and the participation in voting: There have been no motions that required directors to recuse themselves from.

III. The cycle, duration, scope, method and details of board performance self (or peer) evaluations:

<Internal Evaluation>

- (I) Cycle of evaluation: once every year
- (II) Duration of evaluation: January 1 to December 21, 2022
- (III) Scope of evaluation: 1. Board performance evaluation; 2. Board member performance evaluation; and 3. Functional Committee performance evaluation
- (IV) Evaluation method: 1. Internal self-evaluation of the Board of Directors; 2. Self-evaluation of Board members; and 3. Self-evaluation of Functional Committees
- (V) Evaluation details:
 - 1. Indicators for performance evaluation of Board of Directors:
 - (1) Participation in the operations of the company;
 - (2) Improvement of the quality of the board of directors' decision making;
 - (3) Composition and structure of the board of directors;
 - (4) Election and continuing education of the directors;
 - (5) Internal control.
 - 2. Indicators for the performance evaluation of Board members:
 - (1) Alignment of the goals and missions of the company;

(2) Awareness of the duties of a director;

- (3) Participation in the operation of the company;
- (4) Management of internal relationship and communication;
- (5) The director's professionalism and continuing education;

(6) Internal control.

3. Indicators for the performance evaluation of Functional Committee members:

(1) Participation in the operations of the company;

(2) Awareness of the duties of the functional committee;

(3)Improvement of quality of decisions made by the functional committee;

(4) Makeup and structure of the functional committee;

(5) Internal control.

(VI) Overall Evaluation Result:

According to the provisions under the "Board of Directors Performance Evaluation Guidelines" adopted by the Company's Board of Directors, at least one performance evaluation of the Board of Directors and each functional committee shall be carried out every year. The Company completed the 2022 performance self-evaluation of the Board of Directors, reviewed the result, which was subsequently reported in the Board of Directors' meeting on February 22, 2023, and has taken it as a reference for future improvement.

The overall average scores for the "Performance Self-evaluation of the Board of Directors" and performance self-evaluation of individual directors were 96.52 and 97.14 (out of 100), respectively, indicating the good overall operation of the Board.

The overall average score of the performance self-evaluation for the "Audit Committee" was 99.25.

The overall average score of the performance self-evaluation for the "Remuneration Committee" was 97.65.

The overall average score of the performance self-evaluation for the "Sustainable Development Committee", which was established on August 3, 2022 and for which the evaluation period was from August 3, 2022 to December 31, 2022, was 97.65.

The overall state of operation was good. Each criterion in the internal self-evaluations of the 2022 Board of Directors, individual Board members, and each functional committee was rated excellent or better as expected.

<External Evaluation>

According to the Company's Board of Directors Performance Evaluation Guidelines, the Company's Board performance evaluation shall be conducted by an external independent professional institution or a panel of external experts and scholars, who shall be professional and independent, at least once every three years. During the 2022 external performance evaluation of the Board of Directors, three executive members (Wang En-Kuo, Chien Shih-Hsiung, Huang Kuo-Ming) were assigned by the appointed institution to conduct the evaluation. The appointed institution and assigned executive members do not have any business relationship with the Company and are independent.

Taiwan Investor Relations Institute issued the Board performance evaluation report on December 31, 2022 and reported such to the Board of Directors on February 22, 2023.

- (I) Evaluation Period: From January 1 to December 31, 2022
- (II) Evaluation Methods: The Company's documents, self-evaluation questionnaire, online interview.
- (III) Evaluation Criteria:
 - 1. Composition and professional development of the Board
 - 2. Quality of the Board of Directors' decision making
 - 3. Operation efficiency of the Board of Directors
 - 4. Internal control and risk management
 - 5. Degree of participation in corporate social responsibility of the Board of Directors
- (IV) Conclusion:
 - 1. The Board of Directors operates efficiently with thorough communication and interaction among directors.
 - 2. Corporate governance has been implemented.
 - 3. The Board of Directors has taken the initiative to promote the concept of intellectual property and cyber security.
 - 4. The Board of Directors has actively integrated and facilitated ESG-related initiatives.

- (V) The suggestions made are described below:
 - 1. Inclusion of at least one female member in the Board of Directors is suggested.

In order to conform to the global trend of gender equality, the Company is advised to include at least one female director in its Board of Directors of the next term so to increase the participation of females in the operation and compose a diverse and sound Board of Directors.

State of Improvement

It is under assessment.

2. A succession plan for directors and senior management is suggested.

The Company is advised to devise a succession plan for directors (including at least the Chairperson) and senior management (including at least the executive officers, such as the General Manager, President, CEO, etc.) and disclose the implementation status of such a plan on the Company's website or Annual Report, e.g., related training and education and estimated schedule of succession.

State of Improvement

It is under assessment.

3. Adoption of the Board-approved risk management policy and procedures is advised.

The Company is advised to have its Audit Committee or functional committee at the Board of Directors' level supervise its risk management, to have a risk management policy and procedures adopted by the Board of Directors, and to disclose on its website the scope of risk management, organizational structure, and implementation status, which shall also be reported to the Board of Directors at least annually. In addition to building a risk-aware corporate culture, this measure will enhance the Company's ability to manage crises by preparing ahead of the risk, thereby strengthening its corporate governance and risk management effectiveness.

State of Improvement

The Company has adopted the "Risk Management Policy and Procedures" approved by a resolution of the Board of Directors' meeting on February 22, 2023.

4. Appointment of a Chief Corporate Governance Officer.

The Company is advised to appoint a Chief Corporate Governance Officer, who is responsible for affairs in connection to corporate governance, to boost its corporate governance.

State of Improvement

In light of the Company's internal segregation of duties, currently, the Head of the Finance Department concurrently serves as the Chief Corporate Governance Officer, and further adjustment will be made in the future depending on internal segregation of duties.

5. Publication of an English version of the Sustainable Report.

The Company is advised to publish an English version of its Sustainability Report and submit it to the Market Observation Post System and the Company's website to improve the information accessibility for foreign investors and global market visibility under a globalized investment environment.

State of Improvement

The publication of an English version of the Sustainability Report in 2023 is planned.

6. Evaluation of the independence and competency of external auditors with reference to the Audit Quality Indicators (AQI).

The Company is advised to obtain AQI information from the accounting firm and take it as a reference for the annual competency evaluation of external auditors in 2023, so that the Audit Committee can effectively and objectively evaluate the audit quality of the accounting firm and the audit team in the selection or evaluation of the external auditors, and thus ensure the reliability of the Company's financial statements. State of Improvement

Starting from 2023, the Company will conduct the evaluation of the independence and competency of external auditors with reference to the Audit Quality Indicators (AQI) at

least once a year.

IV. The assessment of the objectives to fortify the function of the Board (such as the establishment of the Audit Committee and enhancement of the transparency of information) and the attainment:

(I) The Company has 4 independent directors and has set up the "Rules Governing the Duties of Independent Directors." Not only do independent directors directly oversee the Company's operating plans with an objective and impartial perspective, they also propose recommendations based on their experience and knowledge when the Company determines strategies.

(II) Each year, the Company arranges for instructors to come to the Company to give lessons to the directors. The continuing education courses cover corporate governance, in line with the Directions for the Implementation of Continuing Education for Directors and Supervisors of TWSE Listed and TPEx Listed Companies. By doing so, the directors are able to maintain their core values,

professional advantages and competencies. The continuing education of the directors is disclosed on the annual report and MOPS.

(III) In an effort to protect directors and managers from the risks they bear when conducting business, they are covered with "liability insurance for directors and managers" taken out by the Company. The contents of the policy are regularly reviewed to ensure the compensation limits and coverage of the insurance are on a par with the requirements. The relevant matters are reported to the Board of Directors.

(IV) The Company has achieved the objective of enhancing information transparency by regularly disclosing its financial information on the MOPS.

(II) Information on the operation of the Audit Committee:

A total of six Audit Committee's meetings [A] were held in 2022, and the attendance record of directors is as follows:

Title	Name	Number of attendance in person [B]	Number of attendance by proxy	Ratio (%) of attendance in person [B/A]	Remarks
Independent Director	Wang Yun-Yuao	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen Ching-Yin	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Chen Hong-Ming	6	0	100%	
Independent Director	Tai Cheng-Chieh	6	0	100%	

Other matters to be recorded:

I. For Audit Committee meetings that meet any of the following descriptions, state the date and session of <u>the Audit Committee meeting held</u>, the discussed topics, <u>the content of the objections</u>, <u>reservations or material recommendations of independent directors</u>, the Audit Committee's resolution and how the company has responded to Audit Committee's opinions.
 (I) Matters listed in Article 14-5:

	is listed in Article 14-5.			
Date of Audit Committee meeting	Details of resolution	Content of objections, reservations, or material recommendati ons of Independent Directors	Audit Committee's resolution	How the Company responded to the Audit Committee's opinions
February 23, 2022	 Motion for the 2021 "Statement of the Internal Control System." Motion for amendments to the Company's internal control system - some clauses of the "Preparation Process Management for Financial Statements" operations. Motion to revise the Company's internal control system - some clauses of the "Process for Accounting Professional Judgments, Process for Accounting Policy and Changes in Estimates." Motion for the 2021 Business Report. Motion for the 2021 financial statements. Matters involving changing of the Company's CPAs for the financial report. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary NEXCOM China Co., Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary NEXCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Motion for capital reduction of subsidiary Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (Samoa) (hereinafter referred to as "Samoa") Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 	None	After the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting, the motion was passed without objections.	Not applicable

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May 4, 2022	 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. 12. Revision of the company's "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets". 13. Evaluation of the independence and suitability of the Company's CPAs. 1. Motion for the financial statements for Q1 2022. 2. Earnings Distribution for 2021. 3. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary NexAIOT Co., Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. 4. Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. 5. Proposal of change of the valuation method for 	None	After the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting, the motion was passed without objections.	Not applicable
June 2, 2022	 net realizable value of inventory. Motion for the disposal of all held shares of investee Exor International S.P.A. 	None	After the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting, the motion was passed without objections.	Not applicable
July 27, 2022	 Motion for the proposal of disposal of the subsidiary NEXCOM China Co., Ltd. 	None	After the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting, the motion was passed without objections.	Not applicable
August 3, 2022	 Motion for the financial statements for Q2 2022. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for the subsidiary - credit lines with financial institutions. Follow-up measures for the endorsements/guarantees made for NEXCOM China Co., Ltd. Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. 	None	After the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting, the motion was passed without objections.	Not applicable
November 2, 2022	 Motion for proposal of establishing the Company's 2023 internal audit plan. Motion for the financial statements for Q3 2022. Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. Motion for the distribution of employee stock warrants issued by the subsidiary Green Base Technology Corp. to employees of the Company or its subordinate companies. 	None	After the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting, the motion was passed without objections.	Not applicable

(II) Except for the preceding matters, motions not passed by the Audit Committee but with the consent of more than two-thirds or more of all directors: The motions in connection with Article 14-5 of the Securities and Exchange Act of the

Audit Committee's meetings in 2022 are described above, and the Audit Committee members have thoroughly communicated with related personnel with regard to these motions. All motions were approved by all members present at the meeting without objections or reservations, and there were no motions not passed by the Audit Committee but with the consent of more than two-thirds or more of all directors.

- II. Recusal of the independent directors from motions involving their private interest, specify the names of the independent directors, the content of the motions, the reason for recusal and the participation in voting: there have been no motions that required directors to recuse themselves from.
- III. Communication between independent directors and chief internal auditor and accountants (*e.g.*, matters methods and results of communication on the Company's financial and business status).
 - 1. There are channels available for the direct contact of the Company's independent directors and chief internal auditor and accountants. Audits on the Company's finance and business are carried out on a regular basis in accordance with the requirements of the competent authority and direct communication with the management unit is performed.
 - 2. The chief internal auditor sends the monthly audit report to the independent directors and reports on the internal audit at the quarterly Audit Committee meeting and Board meeting. There has been sufficient communication and explanation on the implementation of audit operations and their effectiveness.
 - 3. After a regular audit on financial statements is completed, the Company's CPAs conduct communication and discussion with independent directors through electronic or written means. When necessary, a meeting is held to communicate with the independent directors.

Date	Attendees	Matters Discussed	Independent Directors' Opinions and Actions Taken
August 3, 2022 Meeting for the report on the internal audit project	Independent Director Wang Yun-Yuao Independent Director Chen Chin-Yin Independent Director Chen Hong-Ming Independent Director Tai Cheng-Chieh Chief Internal Auditor Yang Tung-Lin	 Results of internal audit and key suggestions. Due to the pandemic, the audits on overseas subsidiaries were conducted via document review. Discussion on the report items regarding the follow-up to the deficiencies found. 	No other opinion was raised by the independent directors present at the meeting.

4. The date of Audit Committee's meetings in which the Independent Directors and the chief internal auditor communicated in 2022 and the matters discussed are listed as follows:

Date	Matters Discussed	Communication Result
February 23, 2022 Audit Committee	Chief Internal Auditor's Report: Implementation of the 2021Q4 internal audit plan.	All independent directors agreed with the content of the report.
May 4, 2021 Audit Committee	Chief Internal Auditor's Report: Implementation of the 2022Q1 internal audit plan.	All independent directors agreed with the content of the report.
August 3, 2022 Audit Committee	Chief Internal Auditor's Report: Implementation of the 2022Q2 internal audit plan.	All independent directors agreed with the content of the report.
November 2, 2022 Audit Committee	Chief Internal Auditor's Report: Implementation of the 2022Q3 internal audit plan.	All independent directors agreed with the content of the report.

5. The date of meetings in which the Independent Directors and the external auditors communicated in 2022 and the matters discussed are as follows:

Date	Attendees		Matters Discussed	Independent Directors' Opinions and Actions Taken
•	Independent Director Wang Yun-Yuao Independent Director Chen Chin-Yin Independent Director Chen Hong-Ming Independent Director Tai Cheng-Chieh CPA Wu Han-Chi	I. II. III.	Impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Audit scope (group financial statements audit). Financial and business performance analysis and financial ratio analysis. Audit matters.	No opinion was expressed with respect to the matters discussed in this meeting.

			·	The State of Operation	The differences from the
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Summary description	Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies and the reasons therefor.
L Ö bi ii: H	Has the Company formulated and disclosed its corporate governance best practice principles in accordance with the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies"?	>		The Company already formulated its "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles" in accordance with the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and disclosed the same on the Market Observation Post System (MOPS) and the Company's website.	No significant difference.
II II II II II II II II II II	The Company's equity structure and shareholder equity Has the Company established internal operating procedures to handle shareholder recommendations, doubts, disputes, and litigations, and implemented them in accordance with the procedures? Does the Company have a list of the major shareholders who actually control the Company and those who have ultimate control over the major shareholders? Has the Company established and implemented risk control and firewall mechanisms between affiliated companies? Has the Company established internal policies that prevent insiders from	>		 The Company has a spokesperson and an acting spokesperson who are responsible for dealing with shareholders' suggestions, questions, and disputes. The Company has commissioned a professional stock agency and so can always have a good grasp of the list of the major shareholders who actually control the Company as well as the ultimate controllers of the major shareholders, thereby ensuring the security of the management rights. (III) The Company has formulated its "Regulations foverning the Supervision of Subsidiaries", according to which and its internal control system it has implemented its risk management and firewall mechanisms. (IV) To maintain the fairness on the securities exchange for Handling Material Inside Information and Preventing Insider Trading". Newly recruited insiders will be informed of the regulations governing the 	No significant difference.

(III) Corporate Governance - Implementation Status and Deviations from the Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx

Evaluation Items Yes No Summary description Evaluation Items Yes No Summary description Information? Information? Summary description Information? Information? Summary description Information? Information? Summary description Information? Information? Information? Informatinter				The State of Operation	The differences from the
Evaluation ItemsYesNotrading securities against non-public information?YesNoComposition and responsibilities of the information?(1)Doard of Directors Have diversity policy and specific management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented?(1)Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee?(1)Has the Company vestablished rules and methodology for evaluating the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?					Corporate Governance
Evaluation ItemsYesNotrading securities against non-public information?YesNotrading securities against non-public information?(1)Composition and responsibilities of the Board of Directors Have diversity policy and specific management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented?(1)Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee?(11)Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees implemented?VHas the Company voluntarily established other functional committee? implemented?VHas the Company stablished rules and methodology for evaluating the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of Directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?					Best Practice Principles
Yes No trading securities against non-public information? Yes No trading securities against non-public information? (1) (1) Domposition and responsibilities of the address of the address of the board of Directors (1) (1) Doard of Directors Have diversity policy and specific management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented? (1) Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee? V (11) Has the Company voluntarily established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance evaluations to the board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms? V					for TWSE/TPEx Listed
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Composition and responsibilities of the Board of Directors(I)Have diversity policy and specific management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented?(II)Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees? in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?(III)	mation?		r v	trictly abide by the regulations to prevent any	
Composition and responsibilities of the(I)Board of DirectorsBoard of Directors(I)Bave diversity policy and specific management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented?(II)Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee?(II)Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?(II)			0	ccurrence of insider trading.	
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Have diversity policy and specific management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented? Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?	Directors		4	background and possess the knowledge, skills, and	
management objectives been adopted for the board and have they been fully implemented? Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?	e diversity policy and specific		S	competencies requisite for their professional and	
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Has the Company voluntarily established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?	emented?		~	Already having the Remuneration Committee in place,	
established other functional committees in addition to the remuneration committee and the audit committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?	the Company voluntarily		t	the Company further set up the Audit Committee on	
$ \begin{array}{c c} \mbox{in addition to the remuneration} \\ \mbox{in addition to the audit committee?} \\ \mbox{Has the Company established rules and} \\ \mbox{methodology for evaluating the} \\ \mbox{methodology for evaluating the} \\ \mbox{methodology for evaluating the} \\ \mbox{performance of its Board of Directors,} \\ \mbox{implemented the performance} \\ \mbox{evaluations on an annual basis, and} \\ \mbox{submitted the results of performance} \\ \mbox{evaluations on an annual basis, and} \\ \mbox{submitted the results of performance} \\ \mbox{evaluations to the board of directors} \\ \mbox{and used them as reference in} \\ \mbox{determining salary/compensation for} \\ \mbox{individual directors and their} \\ \mbox{nomination and additional office terms?} \end{array} $	lished other functional committees		Ţ	une 26, 2015.	
committee and the audit committee? Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?	dition to the remuneration			The Company already formulated its Board of	
Has the Company established rules and methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, implemented the performance evaluations on an annual basis, and submitted the results of performance evaluations to the board of directors and used them as reference in determining salary/compensation for individual directors and their nomination and additional office terms?	nittee and the audit committee?		П	Directors Performance Evaluation Guidelines as well	
>	the Company established rules and		а	as evaluation methods on October 29, 2019. Board	
>			đ	performance evaluation will be performed at the end of	No significant
			O	each year, The evaluation methods include the	difference.
	emented the performance		O	evaluation of the Board of Directors' operating	
	lations on an annual basis, and		đ	performance and the self-evaluation of individual	
	nitted the results of performance		q	directors and the functional committees. The evaluation	
	lations to the board of directors		Ţ	results are summarized and, together with an	
	used them as reference in		O	evaluation report and improvement suggestions,	
	mining salary/compensation for		S	ubmitted to the Board of Directors.	
	idual directors and their		L	The board performance evaluation results for 2022 was	
satisfaction rate of each board member a	ination and additional office terms?		Ţ	reported to the Board of Directors in March 2022. The	
-			S	satisfaction rate of each board member all reached 90%	
or above, rendering an "Excellent" rating			0	or above, rendering an "Excellent" rating level. In the	
Future, the Board of Directors will contin			щ	Future, the Board of Directors will continue to improve	

				The State of Operation	The differences from the
					Corporate Governance
	Dunlination Itomo				Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed
	EVALUATION LICIUS	Yes	No	Summary description	Companies for TWSF/GTSM Listed
					Companies and the reasons therefor.
	(IV) Does the Company regularly evaluate its external auditors' independence?			its operating benefits to facilitate their participation in and communication on the Company's operations. In conformity with Article 29 of the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and with reference to the Audit Quality Indicators (AQIs), the Company evaluated the independence and competency of the attesting CPAs Wu Han-Chi and Tsai Yi-Tai, and demanded that the attesting therein that they have no other financial interest or business relationship with the Company other than the fees for their attestation and tax services, and that none of their spouse or dependent relatives or children violates the independence requirements. The evaluation results were then submitted to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for review and resolution. (Note 1)	
IV.	Does the TWSE/TPEx listed company have			The Company has assigned its head of accounting, who is	
	In place an adequate number of quantied corporate governance officers and has it			experienced in accounting allars, illumicial allars, stock affairs, and meeting affairs, to be the Chief Corporate	
	appointed a chief corporate governance			Governance Officer.	
	officer responsible for corporate governance	Λ		The Chief Corporate Governance Officer is responsible for \tilde{x}	No significant
	practices (including but not innited to maviding information necessary for directors			corporate governance anairs, including conducting board of Directors meeting and charabolder meeting related matters in	annerence.
	and supervisors to perform their duties,			precords meeting and shareholder meeting related matters in accordance with law, preparing minutes of Board of Directors	
	aiding directors and supervisors in			meetings and shareholder meetings, assisting directors and	
				supervisors in continuing cuucation, proviamig information	

				The State of Operation	The differences from the
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Summary description	Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies for TWSE/GTSM Listed
					Companies and the reasons therefor.
	organizing board meetings and annual general meetings of shareholders as required by law, and compiling minutes of board meetings and annual general meetings)?			necessary for directors and supervisors to perfrom their duties, and assisting directors and supervisors to comply with laws and regulations, Chief Corporate Governance Officer (Note 2)	
Ň.	Has the Company established channels for communicating with its stakeholders (including but not limited to shareholders,			Aside from providing smooth communication channels for stakeholders such as shareholders, employees, creditors, and	
	employees, customers, suppliers, etc.) and created a stakeholders section on its company website? Does the Company appropriately	\mathbf{v}		financial institutions doing business with it, the Company has also set up a stakeholder zone on its corporate website. Stakeholders may also inquire about the Company's	No significant difference.
	respond to stakeholders' questions and concerns on important corporate social responsibility issues?			information on the "Market Observation Post System (MOPS)".	
VI.	Has the Company appointed a professional shareholder services agent to handle matters related to its shareholder meetings?	>		The Company has commissioned the Stock Affairs Department of Taishin International Bank, a professional stock transfer agent, to handle the Company's shareholders' meeting and all other stock affairs.	No significant difference.
VII. (I	Information Disclosure) Has the Company established a corporate website to disclose information regarding its financial,				
(I)	 business, and corporate governance status? I) Does the Company use other information disclosure channels (e.g., maintaining an English-language website, designating staff to handle 	>		(II) The Company also has an official website in the English language, a dedicated employee responsible for collecting and disclosing information, a spokesperson system, and a dedicated employee responsible for shareholder affairs. Whenever needed, investors may communicate with the Company via the Company's hot	No significant difference.

Fvaluation Items Yes No Summary description Companies for tronsmise for tronsmi					The State of Operation	The differences from the
Evaluation ltems Yes No Summary description information collection and disclosure, appointing spokespersons, webcasting investors conference etc.)? Ves No Summary description information collection and disclosure, appointing spokespersons, webcasting investors conference etc.)? Ine of the dedicated email address: inf@mexcom.com.tw. Ine of the dedicated email address: inf@mexcom.com.tw. Does the company publish and report is annual financial report within two months after the end of and publish and report is financial reports for the first, second, and third quarters as well as is operating statements for each month. (III) As required by the Securities and Exchange Act, the company bas had is annual financial reports for the first, second, and third quarter within 45 days after the end of each quarter, and the monthly usiness performance results within 10 days after the end of each month. als the Company disclosed other appointenties of information to facilitate a better indices (including but not interces (including but not inte						Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles
res No Summary description information collection and disclosure, appointing spokespersons, webeasting investors conference etc.)? Inine of the dedicated email address: int@mexom.rw. Information collection and disclosure, appointing spokespersons, webeasting investors conference etc.)? Inine of the dedicated email address: int@mexom.rw. Insectors conference etc.)? Company has had ir point investors conference etc.)? (III) As required by the Scentries and Exchange Act, the Company has had ir point and publish and report its financial reports for the first, second, and third quarters and primeral statements for each month before the postrified during the each quarter within quarters and report its financial statements for each month before the postrified during quarter and the monthly statements for each month. As the Company disclosed other information of facilitate a better motives erginary disclosed other internalies corporate governance relations, supplier relations, rights of fractors' and supervisors' at an exployee reginar, end manual health examination for each month. (I) As the Company provides employees information of facilitate a better motives and supervisors' at a irregular intervals, opportunities of internal/external duceational trainings that would emich their work skills and knowledge. As the mangement policies and isk evalues information of elations, supplier relations, rights of elations supplier relations, rights of elations policies, and supervisors)? V (I) As the mangement policies and supervisors' isk management policies, and supervisors' atactiones on for therent to of	Evaluation Items					for TWSE/TPEx Listed
information collection and disclosure, appointing spokespersons, webcasting investors conference etc.)? line of the dedicated email address: in@mexcom.com.tw. Does the company publish and report is annual financial report within two months after the end of the fiscal year, and publish and report is financial reports for the first, second, and third quarters as well as its operating statements for each month before the specified deadlines? (III) As required by the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company has had its annual financial statements for each month before the specified deadlines? Tas the Company disclosed other specified deadlines? V (III) As required by the Securities and Exchange Act, the Company has had its annual financial statements for the first, second, and third quarter within a quarters as well as its operating statements for each month. Tas the Company disclosed other specified deadlines? V (I) (I) Tas the Company disclosed other specified deadlines? V (I) Tas the Company disclosed other specified deadlines? V (I) Tas the Company disclosed other specified deadlines? V (I) Tas the Company disclosed other specified deadlines? (I) Employee regists: The Company provides employees with the legal rights guaraneed and work skills and knowledge. Tas the company discloses and risk evaluation of the inplementation of risk management policies and supervisors' naturations policies, and purchasing liability neutrance for directors and supervisors' naturate for directors and supervisors' suggestions, so to ensure investors basis rights. Tis the implem		Yes	No		Summary description	Companies for TWSE/GTSM Listed
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45 days after the end of each quarter, and the monthly business performance results within 10 days after the end of each month. V (1) Employee rights: The Company provides employees with the legal rights guaranteed by the Labor Standards Act, and, at irregular intervals, opportunities of internal/external educational trainings that would enrich their work skills and knowledge. (II) Employee regular intervals, opportunities of internal/external educational trainings that would enrich their work skills and knowledge. (II) Employee vellness: The Company provides employees with an employee restaurant where group meal services are available, a gym and an aerobics classroom for them to exercise, and an annual health examination free of charge. (III) Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated employee responsible for handling shareholders' suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights. (IV) Supplier relations: The Company has been in good relation with suppliers. (IV) Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate	reports for the first, second, and third			01	tatements for the first, second, and third quarter within	
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 Act, and, at irregular intervals, opportunities of internal/external educational trainings that would enrich their work skills and knowledge. (II) Employee wellness: The Company provides employees with an employee restaurant where group meal services are available, a gym and an aerobics classroom for them to exercise, and an annual health examination free of charge. (II) Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated employee responsible for handling shareholders' suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights. (IV) Supplier relations: The Company has been in good relation with suppliers. (V) Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate 	information to facilitate a better				with the legal rights guaranteed by the Labor Standards	
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 enrich their work skills and knowledge. (II) Employee wellness: The Company provides employees with an employee restaurant where group meal services are available, a gym and an aerobics classroom for them to exercise, and an annual health examination free of charge. (III) Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated employee responsible for handling shareholders' suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights. (IV) Supplier relations: The Company has been in good relation with suppliers. (V) Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate 	practices (including but not limited to				internal/external educational trainings that would	
 (II) Employee wellness: The Company provides employees with an employee restaurant where group meal services are available, a gym and an aerobics classroom for them to exercise, and an annual health examination free of charge. (III) Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated employee responsible for handling shareholders' suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights. (IV) Supplier relations: The Company has been in good relation with suppliers. (V) Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate 	employee rights, employee wellness, investor				enrich their work skills and knowledge.	
 with an employee restaurant where group meal services are available, a gym and an aerobics classroom for them to exercise, and an annual health examination free of charge. (III) Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated employee responsible for handling shareholders' suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights. (IV) Supplier relations: The Company has been in good relation with suppliers. (V) Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate 	relations, supplier relations, rights of			(II)	Employee wellness: The Company provides employees	
 are available, a gym and an aerobics classroom for them to exercise, and an annual health examination free of charge. (III) Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated employee responsible for handling shareholders' suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights. (IV) Supplier relations: The Company has been in good relation with suppliers. (V) Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate 	stakeholders, directors' and supervisors'				with an employee restaurant where group meal services	
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	risk management policies and risk evaluation				them to exercise, and an annual health examination free	difference.
	standards, the implementation of customer				of charge.	
(V) (V)	relations policies, and purchasing liability				Investor relations: The Company has a dedicated	
	insurance for directors and supervisors)?				employee responsible for handling shareholders'	
					suggestions, so as to ensure investors' basic rights.	
				(IV)	Supplier relations: The Company has been in good	
					relation with suppliers.	
				S	Rights of stakeholders: Stakeholders may communicate	

				The State of Oneration	The differences from the
					Corporate Governance
					Best Practice Principles
	Evaluation Items	Vac	No	Cummony docomination	tor I WSE/IPEX Listed
			01	Summary description	TWSE/GTSM Listed
					Companies and the reasons therefor
				with, or submit suggestions to, the Company through	
				the stakeholder zone on the website or the	
				spokesperson in order to uphold their legal rights.	
				(VI) Directors' and supervisors' continuing education: The	
				Company's directors and supervisor all have industrial	
				background, professional knowledge, or practical	
				management experience and, as required, have	
				participated in their continuing education. For details,	
				go consult the annual report on the "Market	
				Observation Post System (MOPS)".	
				(VII) Implementation of risk management policies and risk	
				evaluation standards: The Company has established	
				internal policies in accordance with laws to manage	
				and evaluate risks.	
				(VIII) Implementation of customer relations policies: The	
				(IX) Purchasing liability insurance for directors and	
				supervisors: The Company has purchased liability	
				insurance for directors and supervisors from Fubon	
				Insurance Co., Ltd., with the insurance duration from	
				March 1, 2023 to March 1, 2024.	
IX.	Please describe improvements that have already	ly been	made	Please describe improvements that have already been made based on the Corporate Governance Evaluation results released for the most recent	d for the most recent
	fiscal year by the Corporate Governance Center, Taiwan	er, Taiw		Stock Exchange, and specify the priority enhancement objectives and measures planned	and measures planned
	for any matters still awaiting improvement.		,		, , , ,
	Prioritized items to be improved: All items required by the	uired b	oy the	he Corporate Governance Evaluation to be disclosed are items prioritized to be improved,	oritized to be improved,
	and will be done asap.				

Note 1: On February 22, 2023, the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors determined that both CPA Wu Han-Chi and CPA Hsu Sheng-Chung of PwC Taiwan met the criteria for assessing independence and suitability.

2023 Evaluation of the independence and competency of the attesting CPAs.

Basis of Evaluation: The evaluation was carried out with reference to Article 29 of the "Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx

Listed Companies" and the Audit Quality Indicators (AQIs).

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Item	Item Audit Quality Indicator	Evaluation Items	Evaluation Result
Profession	ion		
1-1	Audit Experience	Whether auditors possess enough audit experience.	Yes No
1-2	Training Hours	Whether auditors and senior audit personnel receive enough training every year for continuous learning of professional knowledge and skills.	Yes No
1-3	Attrition Rate	Whether the firm maintains sufficient human resources.	Yes No
1-4	Professional Support	Whether the firm is equipped with sufficient experts, e.g., financial appraisers, to support audit teams.	Yes No
Quality	Quality Control		
2-1	Partners' Workload	Whether partners are loaded with excessive engagements.	□Yes No
2-2	Involvement	Whether the involvement of the audit team in each audit phase is appropriate.	Yes No
2-3	Engagement Quality Control Review (EQCR)	Whether EQC reviewers spend sufficient time on engagement.	Yes No
2-4	Quality Supporting Capacity	Whether the firm is equipped with sufficient quality control human resources to support audit teams.	Yes No
Independence	ndence		
3-1	Non-audit Service Fees	Does the Company understand whether the proportion of non-audit service fees affects the firm's independence.	Yes No
3-2	Familiarity	Does the Company understand whether the audit firm's tenure in attestation of engagement's financial statements affects the firm's independence.	Yes No
Monitoring	ring		
4-1	External Inspection Results and Enforcement	Does the Company understand whether the firm's quality control system and engagement are compliance with related laws and regulations.	Yes No
4-2	Number of Official	Does the Company understand whether the firm's quality control system and engagement are compliance	Yes No
	Improvement Letters Issued by the Authority	with related laws and regulations.	
Innovation	tion		
5-1	Innovative Planning or Initiatives	Does the Company understand the firm's commitment to audit quality improvement, including the firm's ability to innovate and relevant plans.	Yes No

ItemEvaluation Items1The appointed CPA does not have any direct or material indirect financial interest in the Company.2The appointed CPA averts any improper relationships with the Company.2The appointed CPA averts any improper relationships with the Company.3The appointed CPA averts any improper relationships with the Company.4The appointed CPA averts any improper relationships with integrity, fairness, and independence.4The appointed CPA did not serve as a director, supervisor, or any role in the Company that had significant influence over the audit case. It he audit period any of the appointed CPA or his/her spouse or dependent relatives did not serve as a director, supervisor, manager, or any role in the Company that had significant influence over the audit case. It for a uppervisor, manager, or any role in the Company that had significant influence over the audit case, the extent violation of the independence requirement shall be minimized to an acceptable level.6CPA shall not be used by others.7The CPA's name shall not be unimized to an acceptable level.8Company's directors, supervisor, or managers, or any relation, or lend fund to, the Company, the value shall not exceed the standard for general social conquetted.9The appointed CPA shall not berrow fund from, or lend fund to, the Company, there.9The appointed CPA shall not berrow fund from, or lend fund to, the Company, than as ignificant influence.9The appointed CPA shall not berrow fund from, or lend fund to, the Company, transaction conducted in the normal course of business and at arm's length shall not be counted herein.9The appointed CPA shall not receive any consisted with his/h	mindomit v t			
The appointed CPA does not have any direct ofThe appointed CPA averts any improper relatiThe appointed CPA shall require his/her assistThe appointed CPA did not serve as a directorInfluence over the audit case in the current yesinfluence over the audit period in the future.During the audit period in the future.During the audit period any of the appointed CPA orsupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the used by others.The appointed CPA does not receive any giftsCompany's directors, supervisors, or manageretiquette).The appointed CPA shall not be used by others.The appointed CPA may not run other business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businesThe appointed CPA may not run other busines	Item	Evaluation Items	Evaluation Result	n Result
The appointed CPA averts any improper relationThe appointed CPA shall require his/her assistThe appointed CPA did not serve as a directorThe appointed CPA did not serve as a directorInfluence over the audit period in the future.During the audit period in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA orsupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the independence requirement shaThe appointed CPA does not receive any giftsCompany's directors, supervisors, or manageretiquette).The appointed CPA shall not borrow fundconducted in the normal course of business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businesThe appointed CPA shall not receive any com	1	The appointed CPA does not have any direct or material indirect financial interest in the Company.	Yes	No
The appointed CPA shall require his/her assistThe appointed CPA did not serve as a director.The appointed CPA did not serve as a director.influence over the audit period in the future.During the audit period the appointed CPA orsupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the undependence requirement shaThe appointed CPA does not receive any giftsCompany's directors, supervisors, or managerthe appointed CPA shall not be used by others.The appointed CPA shall not be used by others.The appointed CPA may not run other business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businessThe appointed CPA shall not receive any committed conducted in the normal course of business anThe appointed CPA shall not receive any committed conducted in the normal course of business anThe appointed CPA shall not receive any committed conducted in the normal course of business and conducted in the normal co	2	The appointed CPA averts any improper relationships with the Company.	Yes	No
The appointed CPA did not serve as a director influence over the audit case in the current yes role during the audit period in the future.During the audit period the appointed CPA or supervisor, manager, or any role in the Compa audit period any of the appointed CPA relative supervisor, manager, or any role in the Compa aviolation of the independence requirement sha violation of the independence requirement sha The appointed CPA shall not be used by others. The appointed CPA may not run other busines an conducted in the normal course of business an the appointed CPA shall not receive any com The appointed CPA shall not receive any comThe appointed CPA shall not receive any com	ß	The appointed CPA shall require his/her assistant to comply with integrity, fairness, and independence.	Yes	No
During the audit period the appointed CPA orsupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaaudit period any of the appointed CPA relativesupervisor, manager, or any role in the Compaviolation of the independence requirement shaviolation of the independence requirement shaThe appointed CPA does not receive any giftsCompany's directors, supervisors, or manageretiquette).The CPA's name shall not be used by others.The appointed CPA shall not be used by others.The appointed CPA may not run other business anconducted in the normal course of business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businesThe appointed CPA shall not receive any common	4	ector, nt yea	Yes	No
The appointed CPA does not receive any giftsCompany's directors, supervisors, or managerEtiquette).The CPA's name shall not be used by others.The appointed CPA shall not borrow fundconducted in the normal course of business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businesThe appointed CPA shall not course of business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businesThe appointed CPA shall not course of business anThe appointed CPA may not run other businesThe appointed CPA shall not receive any com	S	During the audit period the appointed CPA or his/her spouse or dependent relatives did not serve as a director, supervisor, manager, or any role in the Company that had significant influence over the audit case. If during the audit period any of the appointed CPA relatives within the fourth degree of kinship serves as a director, supervisor, manager, or any role in the Company that has significant influence over the audit case, the extent of violation of the independence requirement shall be minimized to an acceptable level.	Yes	No
The CPA's name shall not be used by others. The appointed CPA shall not borrow fund conducted in the normal course of business an The appointed CPA may not run other busines The appointed CPA shall not receive any com	9	The appointed CPA does not receive any gifts or presents of material value from the Company, or any of the Company's directors, supervisors, or managers (the value shall not exceed the standard for general social etiquette).	Yes	oN
The appointed CPA shall not borrow fund conducted in the normal course of business an The appointed CPA may not run other busines The appointed CPA shall not receive any com	L	The CPA's name shall not be used by others.	Yes	No
	8	The appointed CPA shall not borrow fund from, or lend fund to, the Company; however, any transaction conducted in the normal course of business and at arm's length shall not be counted herein.	Yes	oNO
	6	The appointed CPA may not run other business that might cause the loss of his/her independence.	Yes	No
	10	The appointed CPA shall not receive any commission associated with his/her duties.	Yes	No

CPA Independence Evaluation Form:

Officer in 2022
e Governance
f the Chief Corporate
ntinuing education of the
Note 2: The Contin

Course date	Course organizer	Course name	Training hours
August 5, 2021	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Changes in the 5G Era: Industrial Upgrades, Future Business Applications and the New Normal in the Post-epidemic Era	3 hours
November 3, 2021	Taiwan Corporate Governance Association	Securities Laws Violation Cases and Directors and Supervisors Liability (Including Insider Trading)	3 hours
May 4, 2022	Taiwan Investor Relations Institute	ESG Trends and Values	3 hours
May 13, 2022	Accounting Research and Development Foundation	Analysis of the Latest International Financial Statement Standards Q&A (IFRS Q&A)	3 hours
May 13, 2022	Accounting Research and Development Foundation	"Breach of Trust" Cases and Analysis of Legal Liability Thereof	3 hours
May 31, 2022	Accounting Research and Development Foundation	Financial Technology and New Money Laundering Techniques - Analysis of Legal Liability	3 hours
May 31, 2022	Accounting Research and Development Foundation	How to Achieve Effective Function of a Chief Corporate Governance Officer - Discussion on Legal Liability of a Managerial Officer	3 hours

December 31, 2022	Number of other public companies in which the individual is concurrently serving as a remuneration committee member	None	None
	Independence state	The independent director meet the Independence criteria, which include but are not limited to the following: none of the independent director, or the spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of the Company or its affiliates; holds any shares of the Company or its affiliates; serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of any company having specific relationship with the Company; or has received consideration for rendering the Company or its affiliates the services respecting business, law, finance, or accounting in the most recent 2 years.	The independent director meet the Independence criteria, which include but are not limited to the following: none of the independent director, or the spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of the Company or its affiliates; holds any shares of the Company or its affiliates; serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of any company having specific relationship with the Company; or has received consideration for rendering the Company or its affiliates the services respecting business, law, finance, or accounting in the most recent 2 years.
	Professional qualification and experience	Work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting or related areas required for the Company's businessThe independent director meet the Independence criteria, which include but are not limited to the following: none of the independent director, or the spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a relative within the second degree of th spouse or a director, supervisor, or employee of th Serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of th President TENX TECHNOLOGY, INC Chairperson and PresidentThe independent director, supervisor, or employee of th company or its affiliates; serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of any company having s relationship with the Company; or has received consideration for rendering the Company or its af the services respecting business, law, finance, or accounting in the most recent 2 years.	Work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting or related areas required for the Company's business Vice President of Kanghe Leasing Co., Ltd President Suzhou Yifu Financial Leasing Co., Ltd President
	Criteria	ang Yun-Yuao	Chen Ching-Yin
	Position	Independent Director	Independent Director

1. Information on Remuneration Committee members

(IV) Information on the operation of the Remuneration Committee:

	None
ss, legal, financial, The independent director meet the Independence required for the Company's criteria, which include but are not limited to the following: none of the independent director, or the	spouse or a relative within the second degree of kinship serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of the Company or its affiliates; holds any shares of the Company or its affiliates; serves as a director, supervisor, or employee of any company having specific relationship with the Company; or has received consideration for rendering the Company or its affiliates the services respecting business, law, finance, or accounting in the most recent 2 years.
Work experiences in business, legal, financial, accounting or related areas required for the Company's business	Manager under the President Office of Wego Management Consulting Firm
	Mai Tsu-Hui
	External professional

- 2. Information on the operations of the Remuneration Committee
 - I. There are three members of the Remuneration Committee of the Company.
 - II. The term of the incumbent Remuneration Committee: August 27, 2021 to August 26, 2024. The Remuneration Committee held 4 meetings in 2022, with members' qualification and attendance rate shown as follows:

Title	Name	Number of attendance	Number of attendance	Percentage of attendance in person (%)	Remarks
		in person (B)	by proxy	(B/A) (Note)	
Convener	Wang Yun-Yuao	4	0	100%	Reelected on August 27, 2021
Member	Chen Ching-Yin	4	0	100%	Reelected on August 27, 2021
Member	Mai Tsu-Hui	4	0	100%	Reelected on August 27, 2021

Other matters to be recorded:

- I. If the Board of Directors does not adopt or amend the recommendations of the Remuneration Committee, it should state the date, session, proposal content, resolution of the board, and its handling of the committee's opinions (if the remuneration approved by the board is better than the recommendation proposed by the committee, the difference and reasons should be stated).
- II. For the proposals by the Remuneration Committee, if any members have objections or reservations that are put down in records or written statements, the date, session, proposal content, the opinions of all members, its handling of the members' opinions should be stated.

Date of meeting	Resolution	Resolution results and state of implementation
February 23, 2022	 Motion for operating bonus for managers proposed for discussion. Motion for the salary adjustment of managers proposed for discussion. Motion for the review of remuneration of directors and managers proposed for discussion. Motion for the 2021 remuneration distribution to employees and directors proposed for discussion. 	This motion was passed without objection after the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting. The motion was implemented as resolved.
May 4, 2022	 Motion for promotion and salary adjustment for managers proposed for discussion. 	This motion was passed without objection after the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting. The motion was implemented as resolved.

August 3, 2022	 Motion for the 2021 remuneration distribution to directors proposed for discussion. Motion for the salary adjustment of managers proposed for discussion. 	This motion was passed without objection after the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting. The motion was implemented as resolved.
November 2, 2022	 Motion for the distribution of employee stock warrants issued by the subsidiary Green Base Technology Corp. to managers of the Company or its subordinate companies proposed for discussion. Amendments to the "Remuneration Committee Charter" proposed for discussion. 	This motion was passed without objection after the chair consulted with all members present at the meeting. The motion was implemented as resolved.

(V) Promotion of Sustainable Development - Implementation Status and Differences from the Sustainable Development Best Practice

	I HIROPICS INF. I WORAT I EX LISUCU COMPANIES AND UIC INCASOUS	unpar		
	Item promoted		<u>Implementation</u> status Di	Differences from the
		Yes No	lo Summary description	Sustainable
				<u>Development</u> Best
			μ.	Practice Principles
				for TWSE/TPEx
				Listed Companies
				and the Reasons
I.	Has the Company established a	>	In 2022, the Company established the "Sustainable Development Committee",	No significant
	governance framework for		the highest level decision-making body respecting sustainable development	difference.
	promoting sustainable development,		matters in the Company. The committee is composted of numerous executives,	
	and established an exclusively (or		who jointly review the Company's core operational competencies, and set ESG	
	concurrently) dedicated unit to be in		policies, visions, and medium to long term sustainable development plans.	
	charge of promoting sustainable		The "Sustainable Development Committee" is an interdepartmental	
	development? Has the board of		communication platform that coordinates the efforts vertically and horizontally.	
	directors authorized senior		Through the quarterly meetings, the committee identifies the sustainability issues	
	management to handle related		that concern stakeholders or in relation to the Company's operations; formulates	
	matters under the supervision of the		action plans and operation policy; develops the budget respecting sustainable	
	board?		development for each organization; plans and implements annual plans and tracks	
			the implementation performance thereof, so as to ensure the sustainable	
			development strategy is implemented in daily operations.	
			The chair of the "Sustainable Development Committee" reports to the Board of	
			Directors twice in a year on the results of implementation of sustainable	
			development, as well as future action plans.	
			In 2022, the Sustainable Development Committee has reported twice to the Board	

Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the Reasons

			of Directors with respect to the ESG annual plan, results thereof, and the publication of the ESG report. It has also explained the 2023 ESG annual plan and timeline, the incorporation of the new GRI standards, the addition of contents required by the SASB (Sustainability Accounting Standards Board) and the TCFD (Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures), and the publication date of the report.
н	Does the company conduct risk assessments of environmental, social and corporate governance (ESG) issues related to the company's operations in accordance with the materiality principle, and formulate relevant risk management policies or strategies?	>	1. The data disclosed covers the performance of sustainable development of the No significant Company's major operational bases during January 2022 and December 2022. The risk assessment boundary covers mainly the operational bases in Taiwan, including the Zhonghe Headquarters, Banqiao Sanmin Plant, and Linkou Huaya Plant. No significant difference. 2.022. The risk assessment boundary covers mainly the operational bases in Taiwan, including the Zhonghe Headquarters, Banqiao Sanmin Plant, and Linkou Huaya Plant. No significant and Mifference. 2. The Sustainable Development Committee analyzes the risks based on the materiality principles requisite for a sustainability report; communicates with internal and external stakeholders; and, by referencing domestic and foreign research reports, literary, and the assessment data provided by each department, assesses the material ESG issues, formulates risk management policy therefor to identify, measure, assess, monitor, and control such risks, and adopts action plans, so as to mitigate the effects of related risks. 3. The Committee also formulates related risk management policies and strategies based on the risks assessed. (Note 1)
(I) (I)	Environmental Issues Has the Company set up an appropriate environmental management system based on the characteristics of its industry?	>	1. The Company's Zhonghe Headquarters, Banqiao Sanmin Plant, and LinkouNo significant1. Huaya Plant have all established the environmental management systemNo significantHuaya Plant have all established the environmental management systemAifferenceaccording to the ISO 14001 requirements and will continue to pass moreAifferenceaccording to the ISO 14001 requirements and will continue to pass moreAifferencethird-party certifications (valid until 2023/10/14). The environmentalAifferencemanagement system includes the following criteria:Aifference(1) Collecting, assessing, and identifying risks to the natural environmentAifferencecaused by the Company's activities, products, and services.Aifference(2) Establishing measurable goals for environmental sustainability andAifference

			regularly reviewing the continuity and relevance of these goals. (3) Setting a practical action plan and regularly reviewing the operational results.	
			2. The Company has passed the verification and received the ISO 14064-1 verification opinion statement in 2022. The greenhouse gas inventory is	
			conducted on an annual basis in accordance with the ISO 14064-1 standard and, together with the result of emission reduction, disclosed it in the	
			Sustainability Report and on the Company's website. (<u>https://www.nexcom.com.tw/About/Page/esg-and-sustainability</u>)	
(II)	Does the Company endeavor to use	>	and	No significant
	energy more efficiently and to use		uses energy-efficient and energy-saving equipment to reduce the energy	difference.
	environmental impact?		effectiveness.	
			2. All raw materials used by the Company comply with the EU's RoHS,	
			REACH, and Halogen Free. As early as 2019, the Company established its	
			"Green Resources Management System", which stipulated use of non-toxic	
			raw materials, pollution reduction in the production process and in the	
			process of replacing product modules, and improvement in the product/waste	
			reuse rate, in order to reduce the environmental impact.	
(III)	Has the Company evaluated the	>	Being the highest governance body respecting climate change management, the	No significant
	potential risks and opportunities		Sustainable Development Committee annually reviews the Company's strategy	difference.
	posed by climate change to its		and goals for coping with climate change; manages the risks and opportunities	
	business now and in the future and		that come with climate change; and reviews the implementation status and	
	adopted relevant measures to		discusses future plans, and reports to the Board of Directors.	
	address them?		To reduce the risk factor, the Company also simultaneously identifies other	
			alternatives and action plans. Measures for mitigation of the climate change risks	
			can be classified into three categories, namely green innovative design, energy	

(IV) Does the Company make statistics on greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption, and total weight of waste for the past two years, and formulate policies for greenhouse gas reduction, water consumption reduction, or other waste management?	management, and carbon information disclosure. Please refer to Climate Risk Management and Response on Pages 42-43 of the Company's 2021 Sustainability Report on its website for details of the Company's 2021 Sustainability Report on its website for details of the Company's analysis of climate risks and opportunities. V I. The Company's Zhonghe Headquarters, Banqiao Sammin Plant, and Linkou Huaya Plant have all passed the ISO 14064-1 verification in 2022. Each year, the Company quantifies its GHG emissions, including measuring the CO2 equivalents of CO2, N2O, CH4, HFCs, PFCs, SF6, and NF3, complies a GHG emissions inventory list, and properly preserves and manages the same to track the effectiveness of emission-reduction. Starting from 2023, the inventory and verification will be conducted under the name of the NEXCOM Group (including all subsidiaries and sub-subsidiaries) to meet the requirements of the competent authority. 2. The Company consumes water for air-conditioners, drinking water, cleaning, and meal preparation, of which, the users are its employees, visitors, and contractors. There is no significant consumption of water in the manufacturing process, so the impact of water searcity and promotes information about water conservation to prevent the crisis of water searcity in the dry season. Mater Manageement Strategies: (1) Continuing to facilitate water conservation measures to achieve water	No significant difference.
	conservation goals.	
	$ \langle z \rangle$ Exploring leasible water-saving measures unrough regular management and	

inspection. (3) Continuing	inspection. (3) Continuing to replace faucets to automatic faucets for water conservation.	o automatic faucets for	water conservation.	
 The C waste manuf manuf maste, by che enviro 	The Company is committed to environmental protection and, with respect to waste management, primarily focuses on waste reduction in its manufacturing processes while secondarily considering reuse before disposal. In order to ensure the disposal destination of waste and proper handling of waste, we are discreet in the selection of vendors for waste disposal and reuse by checking its certificates and on-site practices to prevent secondary environmental pollution. The Company has formulated the following	to environmental protection and, with respect y focuses on waste reduction in its ile secondarily considering reuse before disp al destination of waste and proper handling selection of vendors for waste disposal and nd on-site practices to prevent secondary The Company has formulated the following	tion and, with respect to ction in its ing reuse before disposal nd proper handling of waste disposal and reuse revent secondary	. 1)
Waste (I) Reduc 1. C 2. In us 3. R	 (I) Reduction of Waste Output (I) Reduction of Waste Output 2. Increasing the degree of document digitalization and reducing paper usage. 3. Reusing back sides of non-confidential documents. 	educe the impact of wa purce classification. ocument digitalization -confidential documen	iste on the environment: and reducing paper ts.	
(II) Imple I. Pı m 2. W 2. V ce 3. Pl	 (II) Implementation of Waste Classification and Recycling Product packaging materials are recycled and reused by the waste management vendors. Waste liquid from the manufacturing process is collected and recycled by certified waste management vendors. Plastic pallets are recycled and reused. The statistics on greenhouse gas emissions, water consumption, and total 	sification and Recyclir Is are recycled and reu ufacturing process is c nt vendors. I and reused. as emissions, water	ig ised by the waste ollected and recycled by consumption, and tota	
weight of	waste of the Company for the past two years are as follows:	for the past two year	s are as follows:	
Year	Carbon Emissions (Metric tons CO ₂ e)	Water Consumption (m ³)	Total Waste (ton)	
2021	4205.3253	11,122	55.169	
2022	4485.8662	10,540	47.269	

IV.	Social Issues	>	The Company respects employee's dignity and so has formulated the "NEXCOM	No significant
(<u>I</u>)	Has the company formulated		Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles", "NEXCOM Corporate	difference.
	relevant management policies and		Social and Environmental Responsibility Code of Conduct ", and "NEXCOM	
	procedures in accordance with		Work Rules" in accordance with related laws and the International Bill of Human	
	relevant laws and regulations as		Rights to serve as guidelines for labor rights issues (e.g., free choice of	
	well as the International Bill of		occupation; prohibition from using child labor; legally compliant working hours;	
	Human Rights?		legally compliant salary and benefits for employees; humanity;	
			non-discrimination; fair access to employment; and free association).	
(\mathbf{II})) Has the Company established and	>	By referencing Article 70 of the Labor Standards Act and Article 38 of the	No significant
	implemented reasonable employee		Enforcement Rules of the Labor Standards Act, the Company has prepared its	difference.
	welfare measures (include		Work Rules which stipulate working hours, break, leave, salary, allowance and	
	salary/compensation, leave, and		bonus, discipline, attendance, leave of absence, rewards, discipline, and	
	other benefits), and are business		promotion, employment, dismissal, resignations and retirement, compensation for	
	performance or results		occupational injury or accidents, and welfares, filed it with the competent	
	appropriately reflected in		authority, and disclosed it in the workplace.	
	employee salary/compensation?			
(III)	() Does the Company provide	>	"Employees are the most valuable assets of the Company." The Company	No significant
	employees with a safe and healthy		provides employees with a safe working environment to avert injuries and	difference.
	working environment, and		casualties. It also establishes concrete guidelines, such as the "NEXCOM	
	implement regular safety and		Regulations Governing Occupational Safety and Health" and the "NEXCOM	
	health education for employees?		Occupational Safety and Health Work Rules".	
			1. Operation safety and health: To prevent certain operations from harming	
			employee's safety and health, equipment and machinery are installed with	
			legally compliant safeguards and the operating procedures are regularly	
			reviewed and improved by the operation supervisors, so as to avert	
			employees' encountering any potential danger at the workplace. If the	
			dangers cannot be averted through improvement in procedures, the Company	
			shall provide employees with effective protection gears on which sufficient	

				and efficient trainings are given, or with job rotations or longer break time, so as to avoid irreversible physical and mental harm to employees.	
			5.	Environmental safety and health: The Company provides employees with a	
				clean and safe workplace, at which the drinking water, facilities, and objects used during operation that might harm employees' health are regularly	
				checked, as required by law, to ensure employees' physical safety and health.	
			ω.	Emergency response: The Company evaluates the various hazards before	
				hand and, based on the evaluation results, formulates measures to prevent	
				and address emergencies at an organizational level, in the hope to minimize	
				the live loss and equipment damage resulting from an emergency. To ensure	
				the functioning of the emergency response plan at the occurrence of an	
				incident, related drills are conducted every year.	
			4.	Occupational accident: In the case where an employee becomes sick,	
				injured, or dead due to reasons attributable to his/her work, the Company	
				shall handle the case in accordance of the local laws and regulations. The	
				Company should encourage employees to report any occurrence of incidents	
				(including any near miss); related management unit should also investigate	
				into, and review, the incident occurred, so as to avert recurrence of similar	
				incidents.	
			5.	The Company regularly arranges for new employees to receive basic	
				trainings and trainings on labor safety and health, so as to ensure that they	
				abide by relevant regulations.	
(IV)	Has the Company established an	>	Th	The Company has formulated an annual training program, which covers the	
	effective career development		fol	following dimensions: (Internal training: new employees training, corporate N	No significant
	training program for employees?		cul	culture training, professional lectures for PM, sales summit, technology summit,	difference.
			anc	and supervisor training) and (external training: Professional training courses.)	
$\widehat{\mathcal{S}}$	Does the company comply with the	>	Th	The Company provides customers with products and services in a fair and N	No significant
	relevant laws and international		rea	reasonable manner. Examples of "fair and reasonable manner" as stated above are	difference.

		standards with regards to customer		as	as follows:
privacy, and marketing and homesty. albeling of products and services. 2. Whenever being entrusted by customers, the Company always exercises due care and fulfills its fiduciary duty. and implement consumer 3. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exaggerated. and implement consumer 3. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exaggerated. and implement consumer 5. When offering products or services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 5. When offering products or services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 6. The remuneration system for sales personnel shall be based on the equitable consideration of customer rights, in addition to the achievement of sales targets. 7. The channels for customers and clients to file their grievances through the channels. 7. The channels for customers and clients to file their grievances through the channels. 8. Where a job requires professional linense. 8. Where a job requires professional linense. 9. Has the company formulated visual the Company specifies the selection criteria for environmental protection, and through selection, and the company specifies and supplier management policies 9. Has the company formulated visual specton, and the company specifies the selection criteria for environmental protection, and through selection, and the company fully implements is requirements in daily implements or site satus and environmental safety and health, or supplier management activities. 9. Internation? 9. The Company will further revise such internal	. 7	health and safety, customer		1.	Contracts are executed based on principles of reciprocity, fairness, and
labeling of products and services, and implement <u>consumer</u> 2. Whenever being entrusted by customers, the Company always exercises due eare and fulfills its fiduciary duty. and implement <u>consumer</u> 3. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exagerated. and implement <u>consumer</u> 3. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exagerated. are suitable for them. 5. When the products on services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 5. When the products or services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 6. The remuneration system for sales personnel shall be based on the equitable consideration of customer rights, in addition to the achievement of sales targets. 7. The channels 7. The channels for customers and clients to file their grievances through the channels. 8. Where a job requires professional shall be based on tequiring suppliers to comply with terant protection. 9. Where a job requires professional likense.		privacy, and marketing and			honesty.
and implement consumer and implement consumer protection and grievance policies? 3. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exaggerated. are suitable for them. 5. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exaggerated. are suitable for them. 5. When offering products or services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 6. The remneration system for sales personnel shall be based on the equitable consideration of customer rights, in addition to the achievement of sales targets. 7. The channels for customer rights, in addition to the achievement of sales targets. 8. Where a job requires professional simile their grievances through the channels. 9. Where a job requires professional litersto. 9. Has the company formulated with the company specifics the selection or a professional liters. 9. The Company shell fiftation or a professional liters. 9. The company specifies the selection criteria for environmental protection, human rights, safety, health, and sustainable development for suppliers. Based on company in the requiring supplier management policies. 9. Internation? Nich the Company specifies the selection criteria for environmental protection, human rights, safety, health, or subplier management activities. 9. Internation? Nich the Company specifies the selection criteria for environmental protection, human rights, safety, health, and sustainable development for suppliers. Based on comparing supplier management activiti		labeling of products and services,		5.	Whenever being entrusted by customers, the Company always exercises due
protection and grievance policies? 3. Advertisements for solicitation of business should not be exaggerated. 4. The Company ensures that the products and services rendered to customers are suitable for them. 5. When offering products or services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 5. When offering products or services, the Company describes the important content and discloses any associated risks. 6. The remuneration system for sales personnel shall be based on the equitable consideration of customers and clients to file their grievances through the content and discloses any associated risks. 6. The channels for customers and clients to file their grievances through the company formulated V 7. The channels for customers and clients to file their grievances through the channels. 8. Where a job requires professionalism, the job undertaker should obtain professional gualification or a professional license. Has the company formulated V The Company has formulated its "Supplier Management Procedures" and which the Company has formulated its "Supplier management policies requiring supplier management policies are a pole requires professional license. Has the company formulated V The Company has formulated its "Supplier Management for suppliers. Based on comparison are such and through selection, audit, consultation provision, and voluti, the thermal protection, human rights, safety, health, and sustainable development for suppliers. Has equivements a contrained in the company with the important activities. Instreduring supplier management activities. The Company		and implement consumer			care and fulfills its fiduciary duty.
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		occupational safety and health, or		ď	rformance evaluation, the Company fully implements its requirements in daily difference.
		labor rights, and what is the status		SU	pplier management activities.
international standard or guidance to align suppliers' practices with requirements and expectations in all respects concerning FSH risks prohibition of child labor	-	of their implementation?		Π	ne Company will further revise such internal regulations in accordance with
and exnectations in all respects concerning ESH risks mohibition of child labor				п.	ternational standard or guidance to align suppliers' practices with requirements
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I				аг	and expectations in all respects concerning ESH risks, prohibition of child labor,

		labor management, do-no-harm concerning labors' basic rights, ethical standard, and ethical corporate management.	
>	Does the company refer to V international reporting standards or guidelines when preparing its sustainability report and other reports disclosing non-financial information? Does the company obtain third party assurance or certification for the reports above?	The Company prepares its "2022 ESG Sustainability Report" in accordance with the GRI Standards, a set of internationally accepted reporting standards. The report was verified by the third party GREAT International Certification Co., Ltd. based on the AA1000AP AccountAbility Principles:2018 and disclosed on the Company's website. (https://www.nexcom.com.tw/About/Page/esg-and-sustainability) diff	No significant difference.
VI.		If the Company has related sustainable development best practice principles compiled in accordance with the "Sustainable Development Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", it should disclose the difference between its principles and its implementation: To further the implementation of its corporate social responsibility, the Company passed the "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles" at a Board meeting in April 2017. The Company regularly reviews the implementation status against the best practice principles and so far has not found its implementation to significantly differ from the best practice principles.	evelopment Best m: ractice nciples and so far
	 Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the con 1. Upholding the ideas of giving back to society and becoming involved Irreplaceable Blood" to encourage employees to donate blood, and a 2. The Company participated in the ART TAIPEI 2022 art education dather idea of recycling and reuse into the event to enhance the awarene 3. The Company makes use of its own influence and fulfills corporate s and the results are as follows: Four projects were completed and published in smart machinery Engineering, Yuan Ze University: The development of the integration of mechanical arms and r The development of a tracking and positioning system for sm 	 VII. Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the company's promotion of sustainable development: None. 1. Upholding the ideas of giving back to society and becoming involved in public welfare, the Company hosted the blood donation event "A Bag of Irreplaceable Blood" to encourage employees to donate blood, and a total of 108 bags of blood were donated. 2. The Company participated in the ART TAIPEI 2022 art education day and incorporated the spirit of "environmental protection education" and the idea of recycling and reuse into the event to enhance the awareness of ecological topics, e.g., environmental protection. 3. The Company makes use of its own influence and fulfills corporate social responsibility by setting an example in industry-university cooperation, and the results are as follows: (1) Four projects were completed and published in smart machinery industry-university cooperation with the Department of Mechanical Engineering. Yuan Ze University: 3. The development of the integration of mechanical arms and real-time artificial intelligence image recognition systems. 3. The development of the integration of mechanical arm. 3. The development of the integration of mechanical arm. 3. The development of the integration of mechanical arm. 4. Application of collaboration of machine tool loT and robots on production lines. 	vent "A Bag of acation" and ity cooperation, hanical

skills with the industry.	~	
4. The Company hosted a serie	ies of events to celebrate its 30	The Company hosted a series of events to celebrate its 30th anniversary and build a cohesive team for the next 30 years. The logo designed for our
30th anniversary is based of	in the concept of 10 swords sha	30th anniversary is based on the concept of 10 swords sharpened within the past 30 years driving the AIOT digital transition. It expresses the
Company's ambition for en	ndless innovation and reconstru	Company's ambition for endless innovation and reconstruction on the basis of smart manufacturing and with the spirit of sustainability and
regeneration, and exhibits th	he Company's core values "in	regeneration, and exhibits the Company's core values "integrity, innovation, reverence, selflessness" and its expectation to achieve sustainability
with employees and partner	with employees and partners. Major activities are as follows:	VS:
(1) Distribution of one	(1) Distribution of one set of anniversary clothing, a	pen, and a tote bag made by the Taiwan Foundation for the Blind to employees in order
to help disadvantaged groups.	ged groups.	
(2) Meatless Day on th	he first Monday of each month	(2) Meatless Day on the first Monday of each month to promote environmental sustainability.
(3) Team collage, a gi	igantic wall picture made toget	(3) Team collage, a gigantic wall picture made together by representatives assigned by each department, symbolizing all business groups of
NEXCOM, to imp	NEXCOM, to improve team cohesiveness and cooperation.	operation.
(4) Corporate Family I	Day for public welfare, in whi	(4) Corporate Family Day for public welfare, in which employees and their families were invited to the enchanting and family-friendly
Pushin Ranch to re	Pushin Ranch to relax and appreciate shows and	competitions, walk in the forest, and enjoy the holiday.
Note 1. NEVCOM?, with monocontrol	the second se	بلم محمده المنتقار المترابية المتلمط متعامل مستعدين عامل المنطقة المنابعة المنابعة المنابعة المنابعة المنافعة الم
NOIG 1: NEACOM S TISK managemen	ni iramework is centered on ea	NOIG 1: NEACOM STISK management framework is centered on each responsible unit, on which risk assessments on probability of risk and degree of
impact on NEXCOM are carr	ried out, and the responsive m	impact on NEXCOM are carried out, and the responsive measures are consequently devised to ensure the Company's achievement of
sustainability.		
NEXCOM's Risk Management Framework	t Framework	
Risk item	Responsible unit	Risk-related activity
Strategy Risk	Chairperson	 Setting the Company's future operational policy.
Operational and Market Risk	President All business units	 Based on the Company's strategy, implementing R&D, production, and sale of products, and endeavoring to improve production technology, enhance quality, and reduce cost, thereby increasing profitability.
Financial and Liquidity Risk	Financial Department	 Hedging interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk, managing credit facilities and relations with banks.
Consumer Credit Risk	Financial Department	• Establishing and reviewing consumer lines of credit, managing and collecting
	All business units	accounts receivable.

Environmental, Safety, and Health RiskOccups HealthEnvironmental SustainabilityR&D CEnvironmental SustainabilityR&D CRiskOccupsNEXCOM's Risk Management StrategiesOccupsNEXCOM's RiskDescription of RiskCategorySustainableEnvironmentIncreasing Emission of Greenhouse GasesIncreasing Waste Volume/Decreasing Recycling Rate			
Environmental Sustainabil Risk NEXCOM's Risk Managen Risk Descri Sustainable Environment Increasing Greenhous Greenhous Volume/De Recycling	d Occupational Safety & Health Office	ıl Safety & .e	 Focusing on safety and health damages caused by the work environment and specific risk factors, implementing safety and health management, and improving management performance oriented on the safety and health policy.
NEXCOM's Risk Managen Risk Descri Category Sustainable Environment Increasing Greenhous Greenhous Volume/De Recycling	lity R&D Center Occupational Safety & Health Office	r ıl Safety & e	 Proposing corresponding measures in response to topics concerning sustainability and the environment to ensure that the Company meets requirements of laws and regulations or demands and expectations of stakeholders.
Risk CategoryDescriCategorySustainableSustainableIncreasingEnvironmentIncreasingGreenhousVolume/DeNolume/DeRecycling	nent Strategies		
	Description of Risk		Risk Management Strategies
		1. Introducing	Introducing the ISO 14064-1 Greenhouse Gas Emissions Inventory Management System to
Increasing Volume/De Recycling	Emission of se Gases	discover sig 2. Establishing	discover significant emission sources. Establishing a management program to set the goal for carbon emissions and reduce emission
Increasing Volume/De Recycling		of greenhouse gases.	se gases.
Volume/De Recycling	Waste		Simplifying package design to reduce generation of waste.
Recycling	ecreasing	2. Raw materi	Raw materials must meet the standards of green materials (RoHS, REACH, etc.) to increase
	Rate	recycling r	recycling rate of materials.
Ineffective Energy Conservation	e Energy ion		Inspecting energy usage of significant energy use equipment for any malfunction. Replacement with energy-saving light fixtures and tube lights; installing inverters for water chillers of the air-conditioners to lower power usage; renewing air compressors to lower power consumption.
		3. Adopting en	Adopting energy-saving measures and management programs.
Violation c	Violation of Environmental		Identifying environmental protections laws to ensure legal compliance.
Protection Laws	Laws	2. Regularly c	Regularly convening occupational safety and health committee meeting for review.
Employee Occupation	Occupational Accidents	1. Adopting th	Adopting the Regulations of Occupational Safety Management and the plan for occupational
Care (Including i COVID-19)	(Including impacts of COVID-19)	safety and l Health Man	safety and health management in accordance with the Regulations of Occupational Safety and Health Management. When accidents occur at the workplace, immediately take necessary
		first-aid of resond make a record	first-aid of rescue measures, conduct investigation analysis with labor representatives, and make a record
		2. ISO 45001 Headquarte effectivenes	ISO 45001 Occupational Health and Safety System has been introduced to the Zhonghe Headquarters, Banqiao Sanmin Plant, and Linkou Huaya Plant in Taiwan. This ensures effectiveness of the management system of the Company through third-party audits.

	Long Working Hours	To prevent overwork, the Company adopted the "Plan Preventing Abnormal Workload-triggered Disorders" for labor of high risk groups, who work rotating shifts, at night, or over an extended period of time, in accordance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act. Plans and safety measures are undertaken for legal compliance and to ensure occupational safety and physical and mental health of workers.
	Impacts of COVID-19 Pandemic	In response to COVID-19 controls, the Company adopted the preventive plan for COVID-19 and established the Pandemic Response Team to take actions, handle relevant affairs, and carry out related control measures as required by the competent authority. Employee health is the first priority, so unnecessary business trips were suspended; migrant workers' working space and living space and the employee restaurant were divided; launching the mechanisms of working from home and flexible working hours; helping migrant workers buy masks and groceries and make vaccination reservations; allowing employees stay home to take care of sick family members or children due to class suspension. The leave policy is flexible and meets government's requirements, and doctor's diagnosis certificates are not mandatory for sick employees for confirmation or before resuming work; quarantine leaves were granted for employees in quarantine as required by the health competent authority, and these leaves. The Company neither mandated make-up workdays, nor deducted full-attendance bonuses. It did not dismiss employees or take any disciplinary action that is adverse to employees while helping employees or take any disciplinary action that is adverse to employees while helping dismiss employees or take any disciplinary action that is adverse to employees while helping employees apply for quarantine compensation during their quarantine period with the
Business Performance	Violation of Socioeconomic Rights and Compliance	 The Company ensures the legal compliance of all of its staff and operations through establishing a governance organization and implementing the internal control system. The Company applies for patents on products invented and methods innovated to protect its rights and interest.
	Information Security Incidents	 Expecting to introduce the ISO27001 Information Security Management System and obtain verification. Conducting an information security risk evaluation on an annual basis and carrying out an improvement plan for high information security risk items. Implementing information security incident notification and drills on an annual basis. Setting up a mechanism preventing spam and phishing emails to filter and block malicious and scam emails.

Delayed Stakeholder	The Company discloses its financial statements and its annual report on the Market Observation
Communication	Post System (MOPS); convenes the shareholders' meeting and the investor conference to disclose
	its business performance to investors; and has set up a dedicated email address for stakeholders,
	through which it actively communicates on and responds to issues of concern.

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Item	State of implementation
1. Describe the Board of Directors' and management's	1. The Sustainable Development Committee is the primary responsible unit for the
oversight and governance of climate-related risks and	governance of climate-related risks and opportunities. The Company established the
opportunities.	Sustainable Development Committee, of which, the Chairperson is the convener and
2. Describe how the identified climate risks and	members shall meet annually. Topics of discussion in a meeting may include possible
opportunities affect the business, strategy, and finances of	f climate risks caused by the Company's operation, energy and resource efficiency, and
the business (short, medium, and long term).	environmental issues involving product life cycle, and these climate change topics together
3. Describe the financial impact of extreme weather events	with the implementation thereof are reported to the Board of Directors on an annual basis.
and transformative actions.	2. Actual and potential impacts of climate-related risks and opportunities on the business,
4. Describe how climate risk identification, assessment, and	strategy, and finances of the organization. The climate-related risks and opportunities are as
management processes are integrated into the overall risk	follows:
management system.	I. Transition Risks:
5. If scenario analysis is used to assess resilience to climate	(1) Change of local laws of the Company's operations resulting in the increase of
change risks, the scenarios, parameters, assumptions,	operating costs.
analysis factors, and major financial impacts used should	(2) Change of customer demands resulting in a decline in orders.
be described.	(3) Increase in R&D expenses.
6. If there is a transition plan for managing climate-related	II. Physical Risks:
risks, describe the content of the plan, and the indicators	(1) High temperatures.
and targets used to identify and manage physical risks	(2) Water shortage.
and transition risks.	(3) Power restriction.
7. If internal carbon pricing is used as a planning tool, the	(4) Typhoons and floods.
basis for setting the price should be stated.	III. Opportunities:
8. If climate-related targets have been set, the activities	(1) Energy consumption reduction,
covered, the scope of greenhouse gas emissions, the	(2) Energy efficiency improvement,
planning horizon, and the progress achieved each year	(3) Development of new products/technologies of lower energy consumption catering to
should be specified. If carbon credits or renewable energy	

and assurance status t 1-1 below). 4.	certificates (RECs) are used to achieve relevant targets, the source and quantity of carbon credits or RECs to be offset should be specified.	3. Based on industry characteristics, the Company identified the following risks internally and proposed the corresponding action plan: I. Responses to Transition Risks:
4. g	9. Greenhouse gas inventory and assurance status (separately fill out in point 1-1 below).	(1) Realtime focus on the latest laws, inspection of the Company's current degree of compliance, and formulation of corresponding measures for legal compliance;
 productine cycle and pointing tree supply ontain the energy-saving products. II. Responses to Physical Risks: The Company has introduced the ISO 14001 En and ISO 14064-1 and taken the approaches of gg review, and constant improvement, together with to a manageable level. III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities: Actively improving high-energy-consuming equinverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and solars for the evaluation and managemorphytrumities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse (as the greenhouse gas i light fixtures, and a total of 6,984 kWh were zone. (2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will contrinue to monitor the measures for g gas i 		
 II. Responses to Physical Risks: The Company has introduced the ISO 14001 En and ISO 14064-1 and taken the approaches of gereview, and constant improvement, together with to a manageable level. III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities: Actively improving high-energy-consuming equiverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy opportunities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were lin 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gas i gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gas i gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gas i gas i		product inte eyede and journing the supply chain to continuously develop energy-saving products.
 The Company has introduced the ISO 14001 En and ISO 14064-1 and taken the approaches of gc review, and constant improvement, together with to a manageable level. III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities: Actively improving high-energy-consuming equ inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy opportunities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were located in 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for gr in 2022. 		II. Responses to Physical Risks:
 review, and constant improvement, together with to a manageable level. III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities: Actively improving high-energy-consuming equinverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy opportunities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: (1) 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i (2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g 		The Company has introduced the ISO 14001 Environmental Management System and ISO 14064-1 and taken the annroaches of goal planning implementation result
to a manageable level. III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities: Actively improving high-energy-consuming equ inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energ inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energ 4. Indicators and goals for the evaluation and managem opportunities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		review, and constant improvement, together with regular drills, to reduce the risks
 III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities: Actively improving high-energy-consuming equinverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy inverters and goals for the evaluation and managemo opportunities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: (1) 2022, T8 light fixtures, and a total of 6,984 kWh were zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue gas i 2021 and will continue gas i 2021 and will continue gas i		to a manageable level.
 Actively improving high-energy-consuming equinverter) and continuing to pay attention to energinverter) and continuing to pay attention to energinate inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy opportunities: 4. Indicators and goals for the evaluation and management opportunities: (I) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpting fight fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were fin 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given and will continue to monitor the measures for given and a source of the greenhouse for given and a source of the greenhouse for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i given and a source of the greenhouse for given gas i given and a source of the greenhouse for given gas i given gas i		III. Responses to Climate-related Opportunities:
 inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energinverter) and continuing to pay attention to energination and goals for the evaluation and manageme opportunities: 4. Indicators and goals for the evaluation and manageme opportunities: (1) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: (1) 2022, T8 light fixtures, and a total of 6,984 kWh were zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were in 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021, and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for given gas 		Actively improving high-energy-consuming equipment (e.g., air-conditioner motor
 4. Indicators and goals for the evaluation and manageme opportunities: (I) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g 		inverter) and continuing to pay attention to energy-saving equipment replacement.
 opportunities: (I) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g 		4. Indicators and goals for the evaluation and management of climate-related risks and
 (I) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions: In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g 		opportunities:
In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumpti light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		(I) Reduction of Greenhouse Gas Emissions:
light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved. In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		In 2022, T8 light fixtures of higher energy consumption were replaced with LED and T5
In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light se zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		light fixtures, and a total of 40,409 kWh were saved.
zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		In 2022, an automatic controller of automatic light sensors was installed at a less-visited
In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas i 2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		zone in the warehouse, and a total of 6,984 kWh were saved.
2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for g		In 2022, the Company has taken the greenhouse gas inventory for the years from 2019 to
		2021 and will continue to monitor the measures for greenhouse gas emission reduction
in the future.		in the future.
(II) Improvement of Products' Energy Efficiency: In		(II) Improvement of Products' Energy Efficiency: In line with government policy,
NEXCOM stresses the design and R&D of lower-ene		NEXCOM stresses the design and R&D of lower-energy-consuming products for
constant improvement of the energy efficiency of its		constant improvement of the energy efficiency of its products.
(III) Decrease in Hours of Operation Interruption: No		(III) Decrease in Hours of Operation Interruption: Not affecting the operation.

for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the Reasons	anies and the Reasons				
				The State of Operation	Differences from the Ethical
Evaluation Items		Yes	No	C Summary description	Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the Reasons
 Establishment of ethical corporate management policies and programs (I) Does the company have an ethical corporate management policy approved by its Board of Directors, and specify on internal charters and external documents such policy, measures, and the commitment regarding implementation of such policy from the Board of Directors and the top management team? (II) Whether the company has established a mechanism for evaluating the risk of unethical conduct, by which it regularly analyzes and evaluates, within a business context, the business activities having a higher risk of unethical conduct with a scope no less than the activities prescribed in Article 7, paragraph 2 of the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPE Listed Companies"? (III) Does the company clearly set out the operating procedures, behavior guidelines, and punishment and appeal system for violations in the unethical conduct prevention program, implement it, and regularly review and revise it? 	te management thical corporate d by its Board of ernal charters and icy, measures, and mplementation of of Directors and the tablished a e risk of unethical ly analyzes and context, the business k of unethical aluation results, /ent unethical than the activities graph 2 of the nent Best Practice isted Companies''? t out the operating nes, and punishment ions in the unethical , implement it, and t?	>		By referencing the "Corporate Social Responsibility Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies" and the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies", the Company, with an approval from the Board of Directors, has established its "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles" and "NEXCOM Corporate Social and Environmental Responsibility Code of Conduct" to showcase its determination to fully implement ethical corporate management and fulfill its corporate social responsibility. Since incorporation, the Company has been focusing on own business and has never been involved in any political issues; it also internally recommends that colleagues not discuss political or religious issues at the workplace. The Company has established a set of internal control operating procedures to prevent the occurrence of any unethical conduct.	No significant difference.
II. The implementation of ethical corporate management(I) Does the Company evaluate the ethical records of its counterparties and specify the ethical conduct	orporate management the ethical records of the ethical conduct	>		The Company has been implementing its ethical corporate management in accordance with the "NEXCOM Corporate Social and Environmental	No significant difference.

(VI) Ethical Corporate Management - Implementation Status and Differences from the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles

			The State of Oneration	Differences from the Ethical
		_		
Evaluation Items				Corporate Management Best Dractice Drinciples for
L'Valuation Items	Yes	No	Summary description	TWSE/TPEx Listed
				Companies and the Reasons
clauses in the contracts signed with the			Responsibility Code of Conduct".	
counterparties?			"NEXCOM Corporate Social and Environmental	
(II) Does the Company have a dedicated unit under	er		Responsibility Code of Conduct" is included in the	e
the Board of Directors to promote ethical			teaching materials for the basic training for new	
corporate management and report regularly (at	it		employees, and for the corporate culture training	
least once a year) to the Board of Directors on its	n its		held quarterly. Issues regarding material corporate	
ethical management policy, plan to prevent			governance topics, fulfillment of social	
unethical conduct, and the state of monitoring and	and		responsibility, and implementations of ethical	
implementation of such policy and plan?			corporate management are also discussed and	
(III) Has the company established policies to prevent	ent		resolved at the Management Commission meeting,	
conflict of interests, provided appropriate			and may be presented to the Board of Directors	
communication and complaint channels, and			whenever necessary.	
properly implemented such policies?			When conducting a transaction, the Company will	
(IV) Does the company have effective accounting and	and		determine the counterparty's business ethical status	SI
	hical		through a set of appropriate credit investigation	
corporate management? Does the internal audit	lit		processes.	
unit follow the results of unethical conduct risk	sk		The Company has established an effective	
assessments and devise audit plans to audit			accounting system and internal control system; its	
compliance with the systems to prevent unethical	ical		internal auditors conducts the annual audit plan to	
conduct or hire outside accountants to perform the	n the		verify the compliance with its internal control	
audits?			system, thereby ensuring the implementation of	
(V) Does the Company regularly organize internal			ethical corporate management.	
and external education and training on ethical				
corporate management?				
III. The operation of the Company's whistleblowing			The Company has established a smooth	
system			whistleblowing channel; if a case is confirmed, a	
(I) Has the Company set up a specific			reprimand will be given or disciplinary measures be	
whistleblowing system, a reward system, and a	aV		inflicted based on the extent of violation and the	No significant difference.
convenient whistleblowing channel, and			materiality of impact.	
designated an appropriate and dedicated employee to deal with the accused?	oyee			
	_			

				The State of Operation	Differences from the Ethical
	Evaluation Items	Yes	No	Summary description	Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies and the Reasons
	 (II) Has the Company formulated standard operating procedures for the investigation of the reported matters, follow-up measures to be taken after the completion of the investigation, and the relevant confidentiality mechanisms? (III) Does Company take measures to protect whistleblowers from being improperly treated due to reporting? 				
IV.	Enhance Information Disclosure Does the Company disclose the contents and implementation results of its Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles on its website and the Market Observation Post System?	>		The Company has disclosed on its website the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles".	No significant difference.
<u>`</u>	If the Company has established its own ethical corporate management best practice principles in accordance with the "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/TPEx Listed Companies", please state the differences between its own principles and the state of implementation: No difference.	e man Listed	agem Com	management best practice principles in accordance with the "Ethical Corporate sted Companies", please state the differences between its own principles and th	hical Corporate rinciples and the state of
VI.	Oth revi	ig the practic ies an impan t Best Princ	imple e prin d Exc y has Pract iples"	er important information conductive to understanding the implementation of ethical corporate management (e.g., the Company's review or sion of its own ethical corporate management best practice principles) By complying with the Company Act, the Securities and Exchange Act, regulations governing TWSE/TPEx listed companies, and other laws and regulations governing business conduct, the Company has established a basis for implementing ethical corporate management. By referencing the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies, the Company established its own "Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies, the Company established its	Company's review or l companies, and other laws management. the Company established its March 24, 2015.
	(VII) If the Company has formulated its own Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles and related rules, it shall disclose the query methods: The Company has established own Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles, and disclosed the same on the Company's we for shareholders' query.	ite Go orate (Joven Gover	If the Company has formulated its own Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles and related rules, it shall disclose the query methods: The Company has established own Corporate Governance Best Practice Principles, and disclosed the same on the Company's website for shareholders' query.	all disclose the query e on the Company's website

Title	Name	Training hours	Date/hours of continuing education	Course organizer	Course name
Chairperson	Lin Mao-Chang				
Director	Lin Jeng-Tay		May 4, 2022 "3-Hour continuing education course"	Taiwan Investor Relations Institute	ESG Trends and Values
Director	Chen Wen-Chuan	7			
Independent Director	Wang Yun-Yuao	0			
Independent Director	Chen Ching-Yin		November 2, 2022 "3-Hour continuing education course"	Taiwan Investor Relations Institute	Renewable energy trend
Independent Director	Chen Hong-Ming				
			May 4, 2022 "3-Hour continuing education course"	Taiwan Investor Relations Institute	ESG Trends and Values
Independent Director	Tai Cheng-Chieh	7	May 12, 2022 "2-Hour continuing education course"	Taiwan Stock Exchange	"International Twin Summit Online Forum"
			July 20, 2022 "2-Hour continuing education course"	Taiwan Stock Exchange and Taipei Exchange	"Sustainable Development Roadmap Industry Theme Promotion Conference"

(VIII) Other important information conductive to understanding the operations of corporate governance: Continuing education of directors: (including those managers attending courses on corporate governance)

Title	Name	Training hours	Course date	Course organizer	Course name
Vice President	Lin Hung-Chou				
Vice President	Liu Chun-Chun				
Vice President	Chiu Chun-Ming		May 4, 2022	Taiwan Investor Relations	
Vice President	Li Chun-I		o-rrour continuing education course"	Institute	EDU HEIIUS AIU VAIUES
Vice President	Yeh Shu-Chen				
Vice President	Shen Chien-I				
Vice President	Huang Tsung-Hsi	6 hours			
Associate vice president	Chen Yuan-Pin				
Associate vice president	Chen Chia-Li		November 2, 2022	Taiwan Investor Relations	
Associate vice president	Chang Feng-Jung		-3-Hour continuing education course"	Institute	Kenewable energy trend
Associate vice president	Ting Wen-Ching				
Associate vice president	Lin Chih-Ta				
Vice President	Chen Po-Hsu				
Associate vice president	Tu Shu-Ling			Taiwan Investor Relations	
Associate vice president	Tsai Chun-Yang	5 nours	November 2, 2022	Institute	Kenewable energy trend
Associate vice president	Lai Hui-Ying				

(IX) Regarding the implementation of the internal control system, the following matters should be disclosed:

1. Statement of internal control:

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Statement of the Internal Control System

Date: February 22, 2023

- The Company states the following for its 2022 internal control system based on the results of self-evaluation:
- I. The Company knows that establishing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system is the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors and managerial officers, and the Company has established this system. Its purpose is to provide reasonable assurance of the achievement of objectives such as the effectiveness and efficiency of operations (including profitability, performance, and asset security, etc.), the reliability, timeliness, and transparency of reporting, as well as compliance with relevant rulings, laws and regulations, etc.
- II. Internal control system has its inherent limitations. No matter how perfect the design is, an effective internal control system can only provide a reasonable assurance of the achievement of the above three objectives; moreover, due to changes in the environment and circumstances, the effectiveness of the internal control system may change accordingly. However, the Company's internal control system has a self-monitoring mechanism. Once a defect is identified, the Company will take corrective actions.
- III. The Company determines the effectiveness of the design and implementation of its internal control system in accordance with the criteria of the effectiveness of the internal control system stipulated in the "Regulations Governing Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies" (hereinafter referred to as the "Regulations").

The criteria of internal control system adopted in the "Regulations" are based on the process of managerial control and divide internal control system into five components: 1. control environment, 2. risk evaluation, 3. control operations, 4. information and communication, and 5. monitoring operations. Each component consists of a number of items. Please refer to the "Regulations" for these items.

- IV. The Company has adopted the aforementioned criteria of internal control system to evaluate the effectiveness of the design and implementation of its internal control system.
- V. Based on the evaluation results stated in the preceding paragraph, the Company believed that its internal control system (including supervision and management of subsidiaries) as of December 31, 2022 can attain a reasonable assurance that the following objectives were met: (1) Understanding the extent to which the goals respecting business performance and efficiency were achieved; (2) achieving a reporting that was reliable, timely, transparent, and complaint with laws and regulations; and (3) assuring that the legal compliance part of the internal control system was effectively designed and implemented.
- VI. This statement will become the main content of the Company's annual report and prospectus,

and will be made public. If the above-mentioned disclosures have falsehood or concealment, legal liability under Articles 20, 32, 171 and 174 of the Securities and Exchange Act will be incurred.

VII. This statement was approved by the Company's Board of Directors on February 22, 2023. Of the 7 directors present, 0 had objections, and the rest all agreed with the content of this statement and hereby declared the same.

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

Chairperson: Lin Mao-Chang Signature and Seal

President: Yang Chien-Hsing Signature and Seal

- 2. Where a CPA was entrusted to review the internal control system, the review report should be disclosed: Not applicable.
- (X) If there has been any legal penalty against the company or its internal personnel, or any disciplinary penalty by the company against its internal personnel for violation of the internal control system, during the most recent fiscal year or during the current fiscal year up to the publication date of the annual report, where the result of such penalty could have a material effect on shareholder equity or securities prices, the annual report shall disclose the penalty, the main shortcomings, and condition of improvement: None.
- (XI) Important resolutions of the shareholder meeting and board meeting during the most recent year and during the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report

Date of meeting	Important Resolution				
	1. Business Report and Financial Statements for 2021				
	Resolution results: The motion was passed with a 98.06% voting rate.				
	State of implementation: Implemented as resolved and has been published on the				
	MOPS in accordance with the regulations.				
	2. Earnings Distribution for 2021.				
June 29, 2022	Resolution results: The motion was passed with a 98.11% voting rate.				
Annual General Meeting of	Implementation Status: Implemented as resolved. The cash dividend was				
Shareholders	NT\$141,226,472 (NT\$1 per share). August 31, 2022 was set as the ex-dividend date,				
	and September 21, 2022 was set as the payment date.				
	3. Revision of the company's "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets".				
	Resolution results: The motion was passed with a 98.11% voting rate.				
	State of implementation: Implemented as resolved and has been published on the				
	MOPS in accordance with the regulations.				

1. Important Resolutions of Shareholders' Meetings:

2. Material Resolutions of the Board of Directors Meetings: (matters provided in Article

Date of Board Meeting	Details of resolution	Independent Director's Opinion	The Company's Action With Respect to Independent Director's Opinion	Resolution results
February 23, 2022	 Motion for the 2021 "Statement of the Internal Control System." Motion for amendments to the Company's internal control system - some clauses of the "Preparation Process Management for Financial Statements" operations. Motion to revise the Company's internal control system - some clauses of the "Process for Accounting Professional Judgments, Process for Accounting Professional Judgments, Process for Accounting Policy and Changes in Estimates." Motion for the 2021 operating budget. Motion for the 2021 remuneration distribution to employees and directors. Motion for the 2021 financial statements. Matters involving changing of the Company's CPAs for the financial report. Motion for application for credit lines from financial institutions. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary NEXCOM China Co., Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Motion for capital reduction of subsidiary NexcOBOT subsidiary NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Motion for capital reduction of subsidiary Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (Samoa) (hereinafter referred to as "Samoa"). Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. Revision of the company's "Procedures for Acquisition and Disposal of Assets". Evaluation of the independence and suitability of the Company's CPAs. Motion for matters in relation to the Company's 2022 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. 	None	Not applicable	Passed without objection after the Chair consulted with all directors present at the meeting, and implemented as resolved.

May 4, 2022	 Motion for the financial statements for Q1 2022. Earnings Distribution for 2021. Motion for application for credit lines from financial institutions. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for subsidiary NexAIOT Co., Ltd credit lines with financial institutions. Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. Proposal of change of the valuation method for net realizable value of inventory. Amendments to part of the Company's "Board of Directors Performance Evaluation Guidelines". Motion for promotion and salary adjustment for managers. Motion for the appointment of the managers. 	None	Not applicable	Passed without objection after the Chair consulted with all directors present at the meeting, and implemented as resolved.
June 2, 2022	 Motion for the disposal of all held shares of investee Exor International S.P.A. 	None	Not applicable	Passed without objection after the Chair consulted with all directors present at the meeting, and implemented as resolved.
July 27, 2022	 Motion for the proposal of disposal of the subsidiary NEXCOM China Co., Ltd. 	None	Not applicable	Passed without objection after the Chair consulted with all directors present at the meeting, and implemented as resolved.
August 3, 2022	 Establishment of the Sustainable Development Committee Motion for setting the Company's "Greenhouse Gas Inventory and Verification Schedule and Plan" Motion for the financial statements for Q2 2022. Motion for application for credit lines from financial institutions. Motion for making endorsement/guarantee for the subsidiary - credit lines with financial institutions. Follow-up measures for the endorsements/guarantees made for NEXCOM China Co., Ltd. Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. Motion for the 2021 remuneration distribution to directors Motion for the salary adjustment of managers. 	None	Not applicable	Passed without objection after the Chair consulted with all directors present at the meeting, and implemented as resolved.

November 2, 2022	 Motion for proposal of establishing the Company's 2023 internal audit plan. Motion for the financial statements for Q3 2022. Motion for application for credit lines from financial institutions. Uncollected significant funds overdue for 3 months or more were evaluated whether or not they were loaned to others. Amendments to the Company's "Rules of Procedure for Board of Directors Meetings". Amendments to the "Procedures for Preventing Insider Trading and Handling Material Inside Information". Motion for the distribution of employee stock warrants issued by the subsidiary Green Base Technology Corp. to employees and managers of the Company or its subordinate companies. Amendments to the Company's "Remuneration Committee Charter". 	None	Not applicable	Passed without objection after the Chair consulted with all directors present at the meeting, and implemented as resolved.
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- (XII) Where, during the most recent fiscal year or during the current fiscal year up to the date of publication of the annual report, a director or supervisor has expressed a dissenting opinion with respect to a material resolution passed by the board of directors, and said dissenting opinion has been recorded or prepared as a written declaration, disclose the principal content thereof: None.
- (XIII) For the most recent year or the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report, summary of the resignation and dismissal of the Company's chairperson, presidents, accounting officer, finance officer, internal audit officer, corporate governance officer, and R&D officer: None.

IV. Information on CPA professional fees

CPA firm	CPA name	<u>CPA</u> audit period	Audit fee	Non-audit fee	Total	Remarks
	Wu Han-Chi					Non-audit fees were mainly charged for the tax service (e.g., income
PwC Taiwan	Tsai Yi-Tai	January 1, 2022-December 31, 2022	2,406	2,307	4,713	tax attestation, project audit consultation service, and transfer pricing service, etc.) and mutual agreement procedures service.

(I) Where the audit fee paid in the year of the replacement of CPA firm is less than the audit fee in the year before the replacement, the amount of audit fees before and after replacement, along with the reasons therefor, should be disclosed: None.

(II) Where the audit fee has decreased by 10% or more from the previous year, the amount, percentage, and reason for the decrease in the audit fee should be disclosed: None.

V. Information on change of CPA: None.

VI. Where the chairperson, president, or officers in charge of financial or accounting matters of the Company has worked in the firm of the CPA or its affiliated companies within the last year, the name, job title, and work duration of such a person shall be disclosed: None.

VII. Any equity transfer or change in equity pledge by a director, supervisor, manager, or shareholder with 10% stake or more during the most recent year or during the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report:

(T)	C1	•	• .
(1)	Changes	1n	equity
(-)	enanges		- quity

(i) changet	s in equity	_			Unit: shares
		20	22	Up to Apr	il 29, 2023
Title	Name	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares held	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares pledged	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares held	Increase (decrease) in the number of shares pledged
Chairperson	Lin Mao-Chang	0	0	0	0
Director	Lin Jeng-Tay	20,000	0	0	0
Director	Chen Wen-Chuan	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Chen Ching-Yin	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Wang Yun-Yuao	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Chen Hong-Ming	0	0	0	0
Independent Director	Tai Cheng-Chieh	0	0	0	0
President	Yang Chien-Hsing	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Lin Hung-Chou	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Huang Tsung-Hsi	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Liu Chun-Chun	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Li Chun-I	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Chiu Chun-Ming	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Shen Chien-I	0	0	0	0
Vice President	Yeh Shu-Chen	(6,000)	0	0	0
Vice President	Chen Po-Hsu	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Tu Shu-Ling	(100,000)	0	0	0
Associate vice president (Finance / Accounting Supervisor)	Chen Yuan-Pin	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Chen Chia-Li	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Tsai Chun-Yang	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Chang Feng-Jung	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Ting Wen-Ching	0	0	0	0

Associate vice president	Lin Chih-Ta	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Liu Ying-Tsun (Note 1)	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Lai Hui-Ying (Note 1)	0	0	0	0
Associate vice president	Tsai Chung-Yi (Note 2)	Not applicable	Not applicable	0	0
Associate vice president	Lai Ming-Hsiang (Note 2)	Not applicable	Not applicable	0	0

Note 1: Newly elected on June 1, 2022.

Note 2: Newly elected on March 1, 2023.

(II) Equity transfer: None.

(III) Equity pledge: None.

VIII. Information on the top ten shareholders who are a related party, spouse, or relative within the second degree of kinship of one another:

April 29, 2023

								Unit:	shares; %	
	Name (Note)	Shareholding		Shareholding of spouse and minor children		Total shareholding in the name of others		Names and relationships between the top ten shareholders including spouses, second degree of kinship of another under the Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 6.		Remarks
		Number of shares	Shareholding percentage	Number of shares	Shareholding percentage	Number of shares	Shareholding percentage	Name	Relationshi p	
1	Tai-Ying Investment Co., Ltd.	9,687,129	6.86%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
	Representative: He Chun-Ying	5,918	0.00%	808,656	0.57%	0	0.00%	Lin Jeng-Tay	Spouse	
2	Lin Meng-Ying	9,386,045	6.65%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%		None	
3	Lin Mao-Chang	5,457,657	3.86%	5,118,755	3.62%	0	0.00%	0	Spouse	Note
4	Tu Shu-Ling	5,118,755	3.62%	5,457,657	3.86%	0	0.00%	Lin Mao-Chang Tu Kun-Hua	Spouse Sister and brother	Note
5	Hao-Jue Investment Co., Ltd.	4,887,921	3.46%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
5	Representative: Tu Kun-Hua	469,294	0.33%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	Tu Shu-Ling	Sister and brother	
6	Joe Perng International Co., Ltd.	4,790,164	3.39%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
0	Representative: Peng Shun-Mei	1,504,421	1.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
7	Han-Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	4,120,012	2.92%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
/	Representative: Peng Shun-Mei	1,504,421	1.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
8	Tai Wang Investment Co., Ltd.	4,008,964	2.84%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
0	Representative: Lin Jeng-Tay	808,656	0.57%	5,918	0.00%	0	0.00%	He Chun-Ying	Spouse	
9	Han-Fu Investment Co., Ltd.	3,944,787	2.79%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
7	Representative: Peng Shun-Mei	1,504,421	1.07%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
	TaoHsin Education Foundation	2,758,473	1.95%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	None	None	
10	Representative: Tu Shu-Ling	5,118,755	3.62%	5,457,657	3.86%	0	0.00%	Lin Mao-Chang Tu Kun-Hua	Spouse Sister and brother	Note

Note: The shares stated do not include 2,000,000 shares held by a trust with reserved exercise rights.

IX. The total number of shares and the consolidated equity stake percentage held in any single investee enterprise by the Company, its directors, supervisors, manages, or any companies controlled either directly or indirectly by the Company:

December 31, 2022 Unit: thousand shares: %

					Unit: thousar	nd shares; %
Investee enterprise (Note)		ients by the mpany	directors, manages, directly c control	stment by supervisors, and entities or indirectly led by the npany	Total investments	
	Number of shares	Shareholding Percentage	Number of shares	Shareholding Percentage	Number of shares	Shareholding Percentage
Nexcom Europe Ltd.	580	100.00%	0	0.00%	580	100.00%
Nex Computers, Inc.	5,000	100.00%	0	0.00%	5,000	100.00%
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	1	100.00%	0	0.00%	1	100.00%
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	6,386	100.00%	0	0.00%	6,386	100.00%
NEXCOBOT INC.	200	100.00%	0	0.00%	200	100.00%
Green Base Technology Corp.	13,777	79.62%	295	1.70%	14,072	81.32%
NexAIOT Co., Ltd.	17,268	82.73%	369	1.76%	17,637	84.49%
NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd.	0	0.00%	6,000	100.00%	6,000	100.00%
All IoT Cloud Corp.	1,000	100.00%	0	0.00%	1,000	100.00%
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd	7,290	100.00%	0	0.00%	7,290	100.00%
TMR Technologies Co.,Ltd.	2,322	89.05%	60	2.30%	2,382	91.35%
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	-	0.00%	-	100.00%	-	100.00%
NEXCOM United System Service Corp.	-	0.00%	-	100.00%	-	100.00%
NEXCOM Surveillance Technology Corp.	-	0.00%	-	100.00%	-	100.00%
NEXGOL Co.,Ltd	-	0.00%	-	80.00%	-	80.00%
Beijing Nexgemo Technology Co.,ltd.	-	0.00%	-	45.00%	-	45.00%
Guang Zhou NexCOBOT China Co.,Ltd.	-	0.00%	-	100.00%	-	100.00%
CHONGQING NEXRAY TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.	-	0.00%	-	75.00%	-	75.00%
DIVIOTEC INC.	0	0.00%	884	100.00%	884	100.00%

Note: Long-term investments of the Company accounted for using the equity method.

Four. Fund Raising Status

I. Capital and shares

(I) Source of share capital

1. Capital history

April 29, 2023 Unit: shares; NT\$

		Authori	zed capital	Doid	n capital	D	emarks	: shares; NT\$
Approval date	Issuance price	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Source of share capital	Use of assets other than cash for the share amount	Code of official letter that approved such capital change
November 14, 1992	10	1,000,000	10,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000	Capital amount upon incorporation:NT\$10,000,000	None	Taipei City Jiang Shan Zi No. 00328151
February 2, 1994	10	2,000,000	20,000,000	2,000,000	20,000,000	Follow-on offering: NT\$10,000,000	None	Taipei City Jiang Shan Zi No. 00328151
September 25, 1998	10 10	8,000,000	80,000,000	8,000,000	80,000,000	Follow-on offering: NT\$18,000,000 Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$42,000,000	None	(87) Jian San Bien No. 233503
August 23, 1999	100 10	13,600,000	136,000,000	13,600,000	136,000,000	Follow-on offering: NT\$4,000,000 Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$52,000,000	None	Jing (88) Shan No. 130699
April 28, 2000	10 10	52,000,000	520,000,000	23,200,000	232,000,000	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$79,680,000 Recapitalization of capital surplus: NT\$16,320,000	None	Jing (89) Shan No. 113235
August 10, 2000	20	52,000,000	520,000,000	30,000,000	300,000,000	Follow-on offering: NT\$68,000,000	None	Jing (89) Shan No. 128601
July 24, 2001	10	52,000,000	520,000,000	37,250,000	372,500,000	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$72,500,000	None	Jing (90) Shan No. 09001284570
August 12, 2005	10	52,000,000	520,000,000	39,875,000	398,750,000	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$26,250,000	None	Jin Guan Zheng Yi Zi No. 0940133185
July 26, 2006	10	52,000,000	520,000,000	44,245,000	442,450,000	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$38,505,000 Recapitalization of employee bonus: NT\$5,195,000	None	Jin Guan Zheng Yi Zi No. 0950132743
March 29, 2007	16.4	52,000,000	520,000,000	44,979,000	449,790,000	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$7,340,000	None	Jing Shu Zhong Zi No. 09631852680
July 4, 2007	32	70,000,000	700,000,000	50,977,000	509,770,000	Follow-on offering: NT\$59,980,000	None	Jin Guan Zheng Yi Zi No. 0960020441
July 23, 2007	10	70,000,000	700,000,000	59,523,550	595,235,500	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$76,465,500 Recapitalization of employee bonus: NT\$9,000,000	None	Jin Guan Zheng Yi Zi No. 0960038614
July 29, 2008	10	100,000,000	1,000,000,000	73,509,924	735,099,240	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$119,047,100; recapitalization of employee bonus: NT\$20,816,640	None	Jin Guan Zheng Yi Zi No. 0970038195
July 21, 2009	10	100,000,000	1,000,000,000	80,860,916	808,609,160	NT\$73,509,920	None	Jin Guan Zheng Yi Zi No. 0980036606
May 25, 2010	10	100,000,000	1,000,000,000	82,947,263	829,472,630	Conversion of convertible corporate bonds into common shares: NT\$20,863,470	None	Jing Shu Zhong Zi No. 09901107030
September 9, 2010	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	87,094,626	870,946,260	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$41,473,630	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 09901204470

		Authoriz	zed capital	Paid-in capital		Remarks			
Approval date	Issuance price	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Source of share capital	Use of assets other than cash for the share amount	Code of official letter that approved such capital change	
August 17, 2011	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	87,404,626	874,046,260	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$3,100,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10001097850	
August 17, 2011	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	87,422,626	874,226,260	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$180,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10001187310	
September 14, 2011	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	96,163,089	961,630,890	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$87,404,630	None	Jin Guan Zheng Fa Zi No. 1000033280	
November 8, 2011	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	96,191,089	961,910,890	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$280,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10001256350	
February 4, 2012	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	96,203,089	962,030,890	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$120,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10101016940	
May 14, 2012	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	96,481,089	964,810,890	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$2,780,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10101086190	
August 13, 2012	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	96,583,089	965,830,890	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$1,020,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10101163590	
September 10, 2012	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	111,055,253	1,110,552,530	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$144,721,640	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10101187820	
November 8, 2012	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	111,073,253	1,110,732,530	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$180,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10101231040	
February 18, 2013	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	111,113,253	1,111,132,530	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$400,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10201029710	
May 15, 2013	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	111,219,253	1,112,192,530	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$1,060,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10201089710	
August 20, 2013	10	120,000,000	1,200,000,000	111,331,253	1,113,312,530	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$1,120,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10201169940	
September 25, 2013	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	128,007,841	1,280,078,410	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$166,765,880	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10201195080	
November 21, 2013	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	128,032,841	1,280,328,410	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$250,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10201235670	
February 10, 2014	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	128,325,841	1,283,258,410	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$2,930,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10301020490	
May 16, 2014	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	128,716,841	1,287,168,410	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$3,910,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10301090590	
August 18, 2014	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	129,170,841	1,291,708,410	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$4,540,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10301090590	
September 29, 2014	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	136,892,472	1,368,924,720	Recapitalization of earnings: NT\$77,216,310	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10301200550	
November 17, 2014	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	138,045,472	1,380,454,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$11,530,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10301237770	
February 17, 2015	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	139,046,472	1,390,464,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$10,010,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10401028240	
June 15, 2015	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	139,821,472	1,398,214,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$7,750,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10401112710	
August 19, 2015	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	139,852,472	1,398,524,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$310,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10401172070	
November 25, 2015	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,125,472	1,401,254,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$2,730,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10401241270	

		Authoriz	zed capital	Paid-ii	n capital	Remarks			
Approval date	Issuance price	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount	Source of share capital	Use of assets other than cash for the share amount	Code of official letter that approved such capital change	
March 4, 2016	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,262,472	1,402,624,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$1,370,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10501040790	
May 17, 2016	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,328,472	1,403,284,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$660,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10501100140	
August 16, 2016	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,450,472	1,404,504,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$1,220,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10501197650	
November 10, 2016	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,771,472	1,407,714,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$3,210,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10501263620	
March 1, 2017	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,846,472		Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$750,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10601026960	
May 16, 2017	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	140,919,472	1,409,194,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$730,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10601061640	
August 10, 2017	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	141,008,472	1,410,084,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$890,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10601114490	
November 21, 2017.	10	180,000,000	1,800,000,000	141,226,472	1,412,264,720	Exercise of employee stock options: NT\$2,180 ,000	None	Jing Shu Shang Zi No. 10601157510	

2. Type of shares

April 29, 2023; Unit: shares

Type of		Authorized capital		Remarks
equity	Shares issued and outstanding	Unissued shares	Total	Kemarks
Registered common shares	141,226,472	38,773,528	180,000,000	Registered shares traded OTC

(II) Shareholder Structure

April 29, 2023; Unit: shares; %

Shareholder structure Quantity	Government agencies	Financial institutions	Other legal entities	Individuals	Foreign institutions and foreigners	Total
Number of persons	0	9	32	7,536	67	7,644
Shares held	0	5,464,247	41,180,079	86,192,113	8,390,033	141,226,472
Shareholding Percentage	0.00%	3.87%	29.16%	61.03%	5.94%	100.00%

(III) Dispersion of equity ownership

(1) Common shares / face value of NT10 per share

Shareholdings classification	Number of shareholders	Shares held	29, 2023; Unit: shares Shareholding Percentage
1~999	1,922	402,602	0.29%
1,000~5,000	4,328	9,063,841	6.42%
5,001~10,000	643	5,070,642	3.59%
10,001~15,000	210	2,677,801	1.90%
15,001~20,000	120	2,199,393	1.56%
20,001~30,000	118	3,015,989	2.14%
30,001~40,000	45	1,626,427	1.15%
40,001~50,000	49	2,245,033	1.59%
50,001~100,000	92	6,404,285	4.53%
100,001~200,000	40	5,676,468	4.02%
200,001~400,000	22	6,056,148	4.29%
400,001~600,000	16	7,556,145	5.35%
600,001~800,000	4	2,775,823	1.97%
800,001~1,000,000	8	7,012,364	4.97%
1,000,001 or more	27	79,443,511	56.25%
Total	7,644	141,226,472	100.00%

(2) Preferred shares: The Company does not issue any preferred shares.

(IV) List of major shareholders

Capital Stock	1	5111 2), 2025, Ont. shares
Name of major shareholders	Shares held	Shareholding Percentage
Tai-Ying Investment Co., Ltd.	9,687,129	6.86%
Lin Meng-Ying	9,386,045	6.65%
Lin Mao-Chang	5,457,657	3.86%
Tu Shu-Ling	5,118,755	3.62%
Hao-Jue Investment Co., Ltd.	4,887,921	3.46%
Joe Perng International Co., Ltd.	4,790,164	3.39%
Han-Chang Investment Co., Ltd.	4,120,012	2.92%
Tai Wang Investment Co., Ltd.	4,008,964	2.84%
Han-Fu Investment Co., Ltd.	3,944,787	2.79%
TaoHsin Education Foundation	2,758,473	1.95%

April 29, 2023; Unit: shares

(V) Stock prices for the most recent 2 fiscal years, together with the company's net worth per share,

earnings per share, dividends per share and related information

Item	Item		2021	2022	For the year up to March 31, 2023 (Note 8)
Stock price	Highest		27.60	36.90	46.35
per share	Lowest		21.30	22.20	31.20
(Note 1)	Average		23.83	31.29	40.51
Net worth	Before d	listribution	18.63	24.37	25.19
per share (Note2)	After dis	stribution	17.73	(Note 9)	25.19
Earnings	Weighte shares	d average number of	141,226	141,226	141,226
per Share	Earnings per Share (Note3)		1.00	6.39	0.92
	Cash div		1.00	(Note 9)	-
Dividends	Bonus share	Stock dividends from retained earnings	0	(Note 9)	-
per share	snare	Stock dividend from capital surplus	0	(Note 9)	-
	Accumulated unpaid dividends (Note4)		0	0	-
	P/E ratio) (Note 5)	23.83	4.90	-
ROI	P/D ratio	D (Note6)	23.83	(Note 9)	-
analysis	Cash div	vidends yield (Note7)	4.20%	(Note 9)	-

- Note 1: List the highest and lowest market prices for common shares each year, and calculate the average market prices for each year based on the transaction value and volume of each year.
- Note 2: Please fill in the information based on the number of shares issued at the end of the year and according to the board of directors or shareholders meeting resolution status for the following year.
- Note 3: If retrospective adjustment is required for situations such as gratuitous allotment, the earnings per share before and after adjustment must be listed.
- Note 4: If equity securities are issued with terms that allow dividends to be accrued and accumulated until the year the Company makes a profit, the amount of cumulative undistributed dividends up until the current year is disclosed separately.
- Note 5: Price to earning ratio = average closing price per share for the year/earnings per share.
- Note 6: Price to dividends ratio = average closing price per share for the year/cash dividends per share.
- Note 7: Cash dividend yield = cash dividends per share/average closing price per share for the year
- Note 8: Net worth per share and earnings per share should be presented with the most recent quarterly information audited (reviewed) by CPAs as of the publication of the annual report; the rest of the columns should be presented with the current year information as of the publication of the annual report.
- Note 9: Note resolved by a board of directors or a shareholders meeting resolution.
- (VI) Dividend policy and implementation status
 - 1. The dividend policy specified on Article 20-1 of the Articles of Incorporation

If the Company has earnings (net of the employee remuneration and director remuneration specified in Article 20) on the final account, it should use such amount to: (1) pay taxes and duties; (2) compensate for prior deficits; (3) provide 10% of the remainder as legal reserves, except in the case where the legal reserve has reached the paid-in capital; (4) provide or reverse special reserves as required by law; (5) add the remainder, if any, to the accumulated undistributed earnings to from the distributable earnings, which shall be taken by the Board of Directors to draft an earnings distribution proposal and may be distributed after the shareholders' meeting has approved such a proposal.

Considering the business environment, the growth phase it is in, future capital needs, and long-term financial planning, the Company distributes no greater than 90% of the annual distributable earnings as shareholder dividends, and no less than 5% of such shareholder dividends as cash dividends. However, these restrictions on distribution percentages shall not apply if such distributable earnings represent less than NT\$0.5 per share.

2. Proposed dividend distribution for the current year

The Company's motion for the 2022 earnings distribution was approved by the Board meeting held on May 10, 2023 for cash dividends of NT\$3 per share, totalingNT\$423,679. The earnings distribution is subject to resolution by the 2023 Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

(VII) Effect upon business performance and earnings per share of any stock dividend distribution proposed or adopted at the most recent shareholders' meeting:
 The 2022 earnings distribution was carried out in the form of cash dividends, posing no impact on the Company's operating performance and earnings per share.

- (VIII) Remuneration of employees, directors, and supervisors
 - 1. Percentage or scope of remuneration of employees, directors, and supervisors stipulated in the Articles of Incorporation:

If the Company has earnings (i.e., the net profits before tax before providing employee remuneration and director remuneration) on the annual final account, it shall provide no less than 1% of such amount as employee remuneration and no greater than 1% of such amount as director remuneration. However, if the Company still has accumulated losses, an amount equal to such losses be reserved in advance.

The employee remuneration mentioned in the preceding paragraph may be distributed in cash or in share to employees of the Company, and to employees of affiliates who meet certain criteria. Director remuneration shall be distributed in cash; the distribution to a single director in a given year shall not exceed NT\$30 million.

The remuneration mentioned in the preceding two paragraphs may be made only after an approval has been obtained by a majority vote at a Board meeting attended by two thirds of total Board members, and shall be reported to the shareholders' meeting.

- 2. The basis for estimating the amount of employee, director, and supervisor remuneration, for calculating the number of shares to be distributed as employee remuneration, and the accounting treatment of the discrepancy, if any, between the actual distributed amount and the estimated figure, for the current period: Any discrepancy is accounted for as a change in accounting estimates and is recognized in profit or loss for the current period.
- 3. Distribution of remuneration approved at the board meeting

		Unit: NT\$					
	Amount of remuneration passed by the Board of						
Item	Directors						
	Cash	Share					
Employee remuneration	11,924,010	0					
Director/supervisor remuneration	4,306,189	0					

The table above enumerates the employee remuneration and director/supervisor remuneration - all paid in cash - passed by the Company's Board of Directors; the amount distributed agrees with the estimated amount stated on the consolidated financial statements for 2022.

4. Earning distributions report and results at the shareholders' meeting:

The said earnings distribution proposal will be reported at the shareholders' meeting this year.

5. The actual distribution of employee and director remuneration for the previous fiscal year (with an indication of the number of shares, monetary amount, and share price, of the shares

distributed); the discrepancy between the actual distribution and the recognized employee or director remuneration, if any, the discrepancy, cause, and how it is treated: The actual distribution of employee and director remuneration in 2021 amounting to NT\$2,650,459 and NT\$1,255,562, respectively, agrees with the amounts recognized in the financial statements of the same year.

(IX) Buyback of shares by the Company: The Company did not buy back any of its shares in the most recent year and in the current year up to the publication date of this annual report.

II. Corporate bonds: None.

III. Preferred shares: None.

IV. Global depository receipts: None.

V. Employee stock options; new restricted employee shares:

(I.) Employee stock options

	March 31, 2023					
Type of employee stock option certificate	Second trench Employee stock options in 2016					
Effective registration date	July 13, 2016					
Issuance date	April 25, 2017					
Number of units issued	400 units (One unit represents 1,000 shares)					
Ratio of the number of issued subscribable shares to the total number of issued shares	0.42%					
Duration	5 years					
Exercise method	Issue of new shares					
Vesting period and percentage (%)	40% vested at the expiration of the 2nd year 80% vested at the expiration of the 3rd year 100% vested at the expiration of the 4th year					
Number of shares subscribed through exercise of the options	0 shares					
Amount of the shares subscribed through exercise of the options (NT\$)	NT\$ 0					
Number of unexercised shares	400,000 shares					
Subscription price per share of the unexercised shares	NT\$29.42					
Ratio of the number of unexercised shares to the total number of issued shares (%)	0.28%					
The effect on shareholders' equity	Since the options can only be exercised in accordance with the prescribed terms and conditions 2 years after the grant date, their impact on shareholders' equity is not significant.					

Note: Total issued shares as of the publication date of this annual report were 141,226,472 shares.

(II) Names and Acquisition and Subscription Status of Managerial Officers Who Have Acquired Employee Share Subscription Options and the Top Ten Employees (Ranked by the Number of Subscribable Shares) Who Have Acquired Share Subscription Options:

												March	31, 2023						
					ole ed	Exercised			Unexercised										
	Title Name	Name	Issue Year	Number of shares subscribable (In thousands of shares)	Ratio of the number of subscribable shares to the total number of issued shares (%)	Number of exercised shares (In thousands of shares)	Exercised price (NT\$)	Amount of the shares subscribed through exercise of the options (NTS) (NTS)	Ratio of the number of shares subscribed through exercise of the options to the total number of issued shares (%)	Number of unexercised shares (In thousands of shares)	Unexercised price (NT\$)	Amount of the shares represented by unexercised options (NT\$)	Ratio of the number of shares represented by unexercised options to the total number of issued shares (%)						
	President	Yang Chien-Hsing																	
	Vice President Vice	Lin Hung-Chou Liu		10	0%	0	0 29.42	12 0	0%	0	29.42	0	0						
	President Vice President	Chun-Chun Li Chun-I	-																
	Vice President	Chiu Chun-Ming																	
	Vice President	Huang Tsung-Hsi																	
	Vice President	Shen Chien-I																	
	Vice President	Yeh Shu-Chen																	
	Vice President	Chen Po-Hsu																	
	Associate vice president	Tu Shu-Ling																	
	Associate vice	Chen Chia-Li																	
Manager	president Associate vice	Tsai Chun-Yang																	
Z .	president Associate vice	Lin Chih-Ta																	
	president Associate vice	Chang Feng Jung																	
	president Associate vice	Feng-Jung Ting																	
	president	Wen-Ching Chen																	
	CFO Associate	Yuan-Pin																	
-	vice	Lai Hui-Ying																	
	Associate vice president	Liu Ying-Tsun																	
	Associate vice president	Lai Ming-Hsiang																	
	Associate vice president	Tsai Chung-Yi																	

Employee	Head of Division Head of Division Head of Division Manager Head of Division Head of Division Head of Division	Wang Cheng-Jen Lin Ming-Hao Yang Yu-Shu Lin Fang-Hsiu Chang Chien-Ping Wang Wei-Han Wu I-Ching Yang Jia-hui Wang Chih-Sheng	2017 (Note 3)	45	0%	0	31.6	0	0%	0	29.42	1,471,000	0
	Manager												
	Head of Division	Fan Jen-He											

Note 1: Regarding this issue of employee stock options, the date at which the competent authority granted its approval was on July 13, 2016, and the date of issue was on August 30, 2016.

Note 2: Regarding this issue of employee stock options, the date at which the competent authority granted its approval was on July 13, 2016, and the date of issue was on April 25, 2017.

Note 3: Total issued shares as of the publication date of this annual report were 141,226,472 shares..

(III) New restricted employee shares: None.

VI. Issuance of new shares in connection with mergers or acquisitions: None.

VII. Capital allocation plans:

The Company does not have any plan that has yet to be completed, nor any plan that has been completed within the previous 3 years but has yet to yield any benefits.

Five. Business Overview

I. Business contents

- (I) Business scope
 - 1. Main contents of the business
 - (1) Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing., Trading, and Installation
 - (2) Communication Equipment and Apparatus Manufacturing, Trading, and Installation
 - (3) Information Software and Data Processing Services
 - (4) Embedded Computer Customized Design and Manufacturing Services
 - 2. Revenue breakdown:

	0 W III		Uni	t: NT\$ thousand		
	20	21	2022			
Product / Year	Amount	Revenue percentage (%)	Amount	Revenue percentage (%)		
Industrial computer	6,262,350	92.36	7,188,194	90.80		
Others	518,320	7.64	728,503	9.20		
Total	6,780,580	100.00	7,916,697	100.00		

3. Main products and services: Network and Communication Solutions (NCS); Internet of Things; touch-screen billboards; Mobile Computing Solutions (MCS); Medical & Healthcare Informatics (MHI); multimedia computers; and smart retail.

- 4. Products and services planned to be developed:
 - (1) A new generation of embedded computers and industrial computers.
 - (2) A complete series of energy-saving and fanless embedded computer systems for specific applications in the mass transportation industry, medical industry, industrial industry, energy industry, and multimedia industry.
 - (3) A full range, from entry-level to high-end, of network communications security monitoring platforms and end user wireless devices.
 - (4) Industrial-grade mobile computing platforms such as rugged handheld computers, tablet computers, and Mobile Computing Solutions (MCS).
 - (5) Related industries of the Industrial Internet of Things, such as cloud edge computing and smart city solutions.
 - (6) New products for customized projects.

(II) Industry overview

- 1. The industry's current state and development
 - (1) Cyber-security system

With the rapid development of the 5G network and IoT applications, cyber-security will be another important topic. The ability to filter and block the intrusion by hackers and the threats from computer viruses among the immense data flows on the network is key to the survival of an enterprise and even a country.

Such a special purpose requires of cyber-security equipment to possess reliability and

performance that is higher than general network equipment; this will be the niche for the Company. Nowadays, network equipment is designed by network equipment manufacturers for integrated multifunctional network protection, that is, the Unified Threat Management (UTM) as defined by IDC. Based on firewalls and VPNs, the UTM equipment integrates multiple functions such as antivirus, spam filters, invasion detection/protection, and content filters. The Company currently manufactures the hardware platform for cybersecurity, which is bundled and launched with Intel, the chip maker. This platform supports ultra-wideband and high-performance computing, and, along with a firewall, invasion detection, and protection and antivirus software to be installed by system integrators, it is an UTM equipment. In addition, the rise of IoT applications has brought about the demands for industrial fire walls, which function to ensure the security of data transmission from a premises to the headquarters cloud end.

(2) 5G network equipment

The advent of the 5th generation of wireless communications, open architecture will revolutionize applications in the industrial industry, automotive industry, medical industry, and even the national defense industry, bringing at least three major trends: First, Enhanced Mobile Broadband, eMBB, which is used to enhance innovative applications such as virtual augmentation and virtual reality. Second, Massive Machine Type Communication (mMTC), which has to do with the connectivity of the ubiquitous IoT sensors. Third, ultra-reliable and low-latency communication that facilitates the development of autonomous vehicles and remote surgery. Therefore, compared with 4G network equipment, 5G network equipment will be closer to the users while achieving optimized network applications such as low latency, high bandwidth, and multi-point connection.

The Company will provide the core hardware required for 5G networks, including Edge Computing, 5G Network Slicing, Software-Defined Networking, 5G mmWave-supported Universal Customer Premise Equipment (uCPE), Multi-Protocol Label Switching, Audio Video Streaming Equipment, etc., and the integration and applications of optimized 5G networks by integrating AI's computing capability.

(3) Industrial computer

Industrial computers are ubiquitous in industrial IoT applications. Aside from being present in the embedded computer market, industrial computers are also integrated into a hardware-software integrated barebone system requisite for the gateway-cloud and edge-cloud connection solutions, a new blue ocean market. In response to the global trend of Industry 4.0 and driven by the opportunities that come with smart manufacturing, smart machinery ,and digital transformation of enterprises, the Company established NexAIOT Co., Ltd. and NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd., two subsidiaries. They will adopt an R&D strategy focusing on hardware-software integration to benchmark against smart manufacturing, smart machinery, and robot

control, thereby growing the opportunities that will come with a new pattern of Industry 4.0.

Currently, industrial computer manufacturers are actively developing new products and providing IoT services to tap into the vertical market for Industry 4.0 applications. Those performed better include Advantech, Delta, and NEXCOM. Although the three manufacturers all successfully raise their market share by providing software-value-added solutions in their respective niche market, NEXCOM's smart-manufacturing-project-based service, due to its uniqueness, derives more revenue and wins NexAIOT a leading position in the market.

(4) Multi-media digital billboards and smart retail system

To embark on the trend of smart retail and unmanned stores, the introduction of multimedia digital billboards along with software for AI face recognition and automatic payment will bring another wave of opportunities. Industrial computer manufactures need to form an alliance with TV screen suppliers and AIoT software suppliers to develop cloud-based smart service solutions, thereby tapping into the immense new retail market.

(5) In-vehicle networking and railway transportation AI computers

In-vehicle networking and in-vehicle AI computers have been widely used in logistics, engineering services, mass transportation, emergency medical care, patrol, mining, construction, agriculture and other fields to improve vehicle efficiency, driving safety, and transportation efficiency.

Currently, AI technologies have been incorporated into railway transportation (i.e., trains and light rail trains) to improve passenger safety. Such technologies include distant railway obstacle detection, real-time alert and brake mechanism, and passenger luggage detection. Such special requirement of AI for railway transportation requires a specially-constructed computer that has higher computing power and more accurate AI-driven recognition capability. As such, this will be the best time for us to expand new applications for railway transportation.

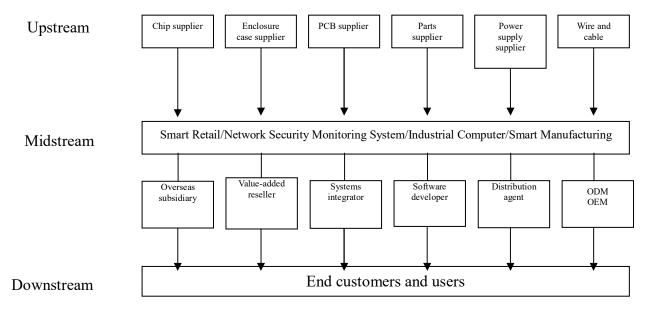
2. The relations among the upstream, midstream, and downstream industries:

Below is a summary of the current state of the industrial computer industry, broken down into the upstream, midstream, and downstream:

Upstream: Including chipsets, memories, passive components, printed circuit boards, power supplies. and other components; except for key parts and components, other parts and components can be obtained locally Because Intel has a wide range of product lines and its products have higher stability, industrial computer manufacturers largely use Intel's chipsets. However, in the past few years, there has been a substantial presence of AMD SoCs and ARM SoCs in the embedded application market. As so, whether the market ecology will be changed is worth observing. Orders placed by industrial computer customers usually feature small quantity, diverse specifications, and high customization. As so, the purchase of raw materials is not likely to achieve the economies of scale, reducing buyers' ability to bargain with suppliers.

- Midstream: Including I/O devices, single-board computers, barebones products, industrial computer products, system products, and peripheral equipment. Where there is a need for automated monitoring, there is the target market for manufacturers. As such, manufacturers do not have a zero-sum relation with each other, but seek and develop their own niche markets. Since their growth mainly comes from developing new applications and new customers, it's common that they compete while supplying goods to each other. The competition pattern in recent years has transitioned to vertical integration of the supply chain and the value chain, strategic alliance with peers, cross-shareholding and investment, and even M&A, all worth observing.
- Downstream: Industrial computes are sold to end users mainly through systems integrators, distributors, and value-added resellers. Because the industrial computer industry is not a standardized industry but features high degree of systems integration, wide range of applications, and diverse portfolio of customers in the various industries, industry computers are sold to end users worldwide mainly through systems integrators and distributors who have profession engineering background. However, in recent years, those end users have directly placed OEM orders with industrial computer manufacturers. This prompts the industry computer manufactures to build own systems integration capability they even transition to be a solutions provider who provide one-stop manufacturing logistics, supply chain management capability, and customer services. Such a change will have a long-lasting effect on the ecology of the industrial computer industry.

The structure of the upstream, midstream, and downstream is shown in the following diagram:



- 3. Product development trends and market competition
 - (1) Product development trends

Under a broad definition, the scope of industrial computers and embedded computers means the applications other than the use of personal computers and servers at home or offices. With the expansion of application fields, in addition to traditional applications such as industrial automation, communication, network, commercial use (POS, KIOSK, PANL, PC, ATM), and equipment (panels, semiconductors), the application of industrial computers and embedded computers further covers medical care, transportation (in-vehicle computers, GPS, airport billboards for navigation purpose, mass transit system control), entertainment (gambling, lottery machine, gaming), government (national defense system, voting system) and other captive industries. As such, customized products will feature an even wider difference than standardized products based on the various application fields. This enables customized products to feature practical application functions that satisfy end users' needs. In the face of such revolution, the product portfolio shall include products covering the vertical supply chain to set different technology entry barriers, product customization complexity need to be more complexed, and products need to be more vertically integrated, so as to avert imitation by competitors. This is the direction toward which industrial computer manufacturers are heading, and they need to establish different expertise and characteristics.

In recent years, driven by the megatrend of 5G+AIoT, the demand for industrial computers has boomed, particularly for the Edge server and Gateway product lines, which are widely used to integrate OT and IT. The iAT2000 Intelligent Video Surveillance System, the NexData data middle platform, and the new NexMov industrial autonomous mobile robot developed by the subsidiary NexAIOT have been

widely adopted by domestic and foreign customers, and so are expected to generate another wave of growth momentum.

(2) Market competition

Description of the competition situation and relation among industrial computer manufacturers:

The Company mainly competes with Advantech and ENNOCONN for the market for industrial computers and embedded computers, and with ENNOCONN and Lanner for the market for network products. As for digital billboards, there are numerous manufacturers but no leader in domestic market. As for project-based products, competitors vary because they compete with each other in their professional fields. In recent years, the subsidiary, NexAIOT has not only deeply engaged in software-hardware integration for industrial IoT solutions but also scaled up to become a solutions provider, thereby widening the gap with competitors.

a. Industrial computer products

- (a) At least three months ahead of peers in terms of technology specifications Being a strategic partner of Intel under its Leader Account R&D program, the Company cooperates with Intel on CPUs and chipsets, which are allowed to go to market at the same time as Intel's products, thereby ensuring the innovative technological advantages of the Company's products.
- (b) Higher requirement for product quality reliability than peers' Since the Company greatly values the quality of parts and components when designing products and ensures their quality with a set of stringent ex-factory inspection procedures, its products can function effectively in a challenging environment between -40 degree Celsius and 85 degree Celsius.
- (c) Focus on R&D of niche products, and segment the niche market with customization differentiation
 The Company adopts an R&D strategy that focuses on differentiation and customization for its products to be sold on the vertical market, which products

include industrial SBCs, fanless computers, medical equipment, computer terminals for the retail industry, and computers for in-vehicle applications and transportation equipment. Doing so averts a red sea competition with industry peers and thereby creates a unique industrial advantage for the Company.

b. Digital billboard

The Company expects its R&D of digital billboards to provide customers with a one-stop shopping service, which covers services ranging from PCB, system products, and retail industry total solutions that integrate software applications. This is a relatively completive niche that NEXCOM has over those industry peers who only produce and sell hardware platforms.

c. In-vehicle networking computers

The Company expects its R&D of computers for in-vehicle information and communication applications to provide more sophisticated and dedicated platforms for different in-vehicle networking computer applications. That means an optimized design for specific applications ranging from PCBs, systems, to integration of peripheral products. This is the relatively professional attribute NEXCOM has over those industry peers who only produce general-purpose hardware platforms.

d. Network Communication Products

In response to customers' need for integration of product functions, the design of cyber-security products gradually transitions to an integration of the switch function and the storage function. Meanwhile, the market's requirement for bandwidth constantly increases, from 40G to 100G, and further to 200G currently. In the face of the requirements for higher bandwidth and integration of more application functions, a product's suitability and stability are determined by a company's ability to integrate hardware with software.

In addition to being a cyber security hardware supplier, it has been participating in the market of telecommunication products in relation to wireless bands following the trend of 5G open resource architecture.

The network communication business group has taken the initiative to develop 5G-telecommunication-related equipment, including universal user end devices, disaggregated cell site gateways, and other edge computing equipment, and by combining with other application packages provided by other partnering software developers, it provides customers professional and comprehensive solutions and service strategy and leads the industry by early launches. By the presence in overseas exhibitions (e.g. Mobile World Congress), it improves NEXCOM's brand awareness in the market, hence the increased product inquiries.

e. Smart Manufacturing and Industrial Robot Controller

The Company has devised its blueprint for Industry 4.0 and successfully developed industrial IoT solutions. For instance, the iAT2000, the cloud-based smart automatic monitoring system, can bridge the OT, CT, and IT of various factories, monitor important systems such as production lines, machinery, and equipment, and integrate machine tool IoT with big data and transmit the results to a data middle platform, thereby realizing data visualization anytime, anywhere with its application performance monitoring. Thanks to demands from smart manufacturing projects, both the customer base and revenue have been expanding and extending to Greater China and Southeast Asia. NexCOBOT has even led the industry to launch Intel-powered functional-safety-capable solutions that assist robot builders in accelerating their certification process for international standards of robot safety.

- (III) Technology and R&D Overview
 - 1. The R&D expenses stated on the financial statements for 2022 and 2021 accounted for 6.97% and 8.75%, respectively, of the operating revenue. Estimated R&D expenses for 2023 stands at NT\$570,000 thousand.
 - 2. Technology and products successfully developed in 2022:
 - (1) 400G high-end network switch
 - (2) 5G disaggregated cell site gateway (DCSG) router
 - (3) 5G mmWave smart enterprise wireless network gateway
 - (4) Efficient and multi-functional 5G/cyber-security application platform
 - (5) Industrial cyber-security gateway and switch.
 - (6) Developed the VIC series, which successfully introduced the RPA computer applications to the semiconductor industry and the packaging industry.
 - (7) Developed the Autonomous Mobile Robots (AMR) under the brand of NexMOV for conveyance within an electronics factory and a tourist hotel.
 - (8) Developed an enterprise ground-end data middle platform under the brand of NexDATA supporting microservices to form a data service platform for big data analysis and ESG carbon tracking for enterprises.
 - (9) Developed the robot safety control platform SCB100 (Functional Safety SIL2-3), which is the first solution in the world to feature an Intel processor as a control unit.
 - (10) Developed the algorithm for an end effector that can track objects in a curved path, and successfully developed a robotic arm that can operate an automated optical inspection (AOI) equipment for curved objects.
 - (11) Developed the advanced I/O controllers nPAC and nDAS series for Level 1 of the iAT2000 system and a controller that integrates the host, the I/O module, the wireless communication, and the VIC-Flow editing software.
 - (12) Servo-driven network speed dome, which significantly enhances the detection accuracy and stability.
 - (13)Developed eSAF Frontier X series products for the prevention of malware and cyberattacks, providing comprehensive IT/OT network protection.
 - (14) Developed eSAF Frontier V series products that provide comprehensive OT web mining and deep packet inspection and protection.
 - (15) The subsidiary TMR Technologies Co., Ltd. received the 2022 "Digital Transformation

Leader Award" hosted by the Taiwan Electrical and Electronic Manufacturers' Association and National Development Council, for its effort in providing comprehensive industrial cyber security protection solutions for the digital transformation of smart manufacturing. It was the only cyber security company to receive this award.

(IV) Long-term and short-term business development plans

1. Short-term business development plans

- Establish the subsidiary NexAIOT Co., Ltd., which will focus on the industrial IoT market to develop new Industry 4.0 solutions.
- (2) Continue to strengthen the business alliance with overseas subsidiaries and important partners; deeply cultivate the local market and support major customers in the technical, maintenance, and repair services.
- (3) Actively develop major customers in the world, especially in the field of customized products and the OEM of standardized products.
- (4) Establish a global distribution network; strive to establish joint ventures with distributors iconic in the regional market or captive market to serve local value-added resellers, system integrators, and end customers.
- (5) Form strategic alliances with software manufacturers to provide customers with total solutions and one-stop shopping services.
- (6) Establish a complete set of a vertical supply chain to enhance the ability to buy key parts and components, and to ensure the functioning of the global logistics system.
- (7) Develop key customers in the vertical markets for different applications; swiftly tap into specific professional fields, such as automotive applications, medical applications, industrial automation, production line automation, industrial firewalls, and cloud-based smart services.
- (8) Establish NexCOBOT Taiwan CO., Ltd., which will focus on the business of robots and the hardware-software integrated controller for motion control, with the aim benchmarked against the opportunities that come with the replacement of human capital with robots in the labor-intensive industries.

2. Long-term business development plans

- (1) Develop the six key industries based on the Company's niche capabilities, which key industries include: Industry 4.0, robots, in-vehicle IoT, unmanned stores, medical information integration, and industrial network security/development solutions, so as to seize the immense opportunities that come with the advent of IoT.
- (2) Establish a dedicated business group for each category of products by gradually integrating resources respecting marketing, R&D, manufacturing, and support into the business team which is exclusively responsible for specific product categories, so as to improve the capability to develop and manage business.
- (3) Gradually improve the capabilities of overseas subsidiaries respecting marketing, technical support, and product assembly and sales, so that they can become a regional business support center that serves and develops customers locally.
- (4) Achieve a reasonable sales structure, of which 50% comes from own brands and another 50% comes from ODM/DMS business.
- (5) Achieve a reasonable sales structure, of which 45% comes from industrial computers, 40% comes from cyber-security products, and 15% comes from IoT applications.
- (6) Actively develop the regional markets worldwide to offset the impact of regional economic volatility.
- (7) Consolidate the market with a strategy that focuses on vertical integration with the supply chain and horizontal alliances with industry peers; partner with important partners in important fields to complement each other with own advantages, and to broaden the business possibility.
- (8) Deeply cultivate the vertical market for specific applications and achieve Top 3 places among industry peers.

II. Market production and sales overview

- (I) Market analysis
 - 1. Sales region of main products

			U	nit: NT\$ thousand
Year	20	21	20	22
Sales region	Amount	Percentage (%)	Amount	Percentage (%)
Asia		43.33	2,752,818	34.77
Europe	2,047,689	30.20	2,549,736	32.21
America	1,084,257	15.99	1,654,258	20.90
Others	57,224	0.84	49,524	0.62
Subtotal of exports	6,127,256	90.36	7,006,336	88.50
Domestic sales	653,324	9.64	910,361	11.50
Total	6,780,580	100.00	7,916,697	100.00

2. Market share; future market supply and demand and growth

Since its incorporation in November 1992, NEXCOM has become an industry leader in the fields of industrial computer applications, embedded computer applications, and cyber-security platforms. Marketing its products globally under the NEXCOM brand name, the Company has taken a substantial market share in the local markets worldwide, given that it has leveraged the globalization advantages, operated in a localized manner, and provided customers with comprehensive services ranging from design and manufacturing of hardware to provision of solutions.

In the recent years, the industrial application of IPC is not limited to industrial automation, but is widely adopted for multiple purposes that involve life functions, e.g., life automation, retail, computer integrated communication, medical services, mass transit, security surveillance, Mobile Computing Solutions (MCS), digital billboards, and cloud-based smart products - all are within the scope of products and services provided by the Company.

3. Competitive niche

The Company possesses order-winning criteria in the market, given that it has been pioneered in technology, product confidence, and product computability, and that its technological support and after-sales services have been rapid and effective. The Company's competitive niche is as follows:

(1) A strong R&D team; excellent R&D innovation capability

With more than 30 years of dedicated experience in R&D of industrial computers and

embedded computers, NEXCOM's R&D team is fully capable of providing solutions to different industries with its cutting edge technologies. Our R&D personnel consist of three main teams: product design, product testing/support, and project management; they have been committed to developing and innovating products to meet the needs of different customers. NEXCOM's R&D team upholds the ideal to develop products that are highly valuable, cost-competitive, and capable of instantly satisfying the needs of local markets, in the hope to offer One-Stop Design Service.

- (2) The capability to propose solutions by integrating hardware, software, and firmware
 - Aside from having an outstanding hardware R&D capability in the industry, the Company also possesses a firmware development capability -which is rarely seen among industry peers e.g., automatic maintenance and modification of BIOS; software development capability; capability in developing other applied software, drivers, and utility programs; remote/online system monitoring; and Nexcare, a solution that provides debug and self healing services. In addition, a dedicated software team has been established for the SoC platforms, providing services such as platform transplantation, system testing and verification, application software development, and system debugging. The Company is ahead of the industry in terms of applications with respect to IoT, robots, and Industry 4.0, and has gradually expanded the distance from its peers.
- (3) Comprehensive international marketing network

To attend to the market change, respond to customer needs immediately, shorten the delivery time, and provide comprehensive after-sales services and technical services, the Company has successively established subsidiaries in the United States, Japan, and mainland China, planned a global logistics support system, built a comprehensive marketing network, and in doing so improved customers' satisfaction. The Company has also set up assembly lines and testing lines in the United States and mainland China, to satisfy the needs arising from the BTO orders placed by customers; it has also established a global delivery system to satisfy customers' needs. Subsidiaries in the United States and mainland China have all passed the ISO 9001 certification; they have on-site maintenance capabilities that can meet the needs of local customers and improve operational efficiency.

(4) Products with high quality and reliability

In terms of industrial solutions, NEXCOM derives its core competitive advantages mainly through its taking a position to provides high-quality and reliable products. Its products are widely adopted by worldly renowned and certified brands, such as GE, FUJITSU, Panasonic,

Siemens, NTT DoCoMo, NEC, Data Respons, and UPS.

- 4. Favorable and unfavorable factors of development prospect and countermeasures:
 - (1) Favorable factors:
 - A. Because Taiwan has established an information industry supply chain that is the most powerful and comprehensive in the world, any products that are based on PC technologies can be found in Taiwan at the highest speed and lowest cost.
 - B. Nowadays, most buyers in the industrial automation industry are willing to accept industrial control solutions and automation solutions that are based on PC technologies. As such, IPC has become the best choice for "Applied & Embedded Computing", and so its growth is expectable.
 - C. Since this is the area of Mission Critical Computing & Non-Stop Operations, any products or services that are defect in terms of quality or design will all be rejected. As such, with excellent products and services, manufacturers can easily win customers' recognition. This is the only way to cultivate customers.
 - D. The Company possesses order-winning criteria in the market, given that it has been pioneered in product technology, product confidence, product reliability, and product computability, that its technological support and after-sales services have been rapid and effective, and that it has been enhancing its core competitive advantages.
 - E. The various leading manufacturers in the market respecting each independent field gradually release OEM orders for their hardware platforms so that they can concentrate on providing solutions. This is conductive to the Company's growth in the future.
 - F. The demands for IoT robots and Industry 4.0 applications have boosted and become immense. NEXCOM has deeply engaged in these fields and so expects a long-term growth.
 - (2) Unfavorable factors and countermeasures:
 - A. The PC industry is extremely volatile, the life cycle of which is usually less than 1 to 2 years. Despite the commitment of large brands such as Intel to supply goods in the long-term, it's still common that some parts and components usually run out-of-stock, causing difficulties to manufacturers and customers.

Countermeasures:

At the phase of designing a product, an assessment of the Life Cycle of all parts and components shall be conducted; only parts and components that are readily available in the long term will be used. A primary system and a secondary system of suppliers who provide substitute parts and components shall also be established. In the case where a parts or component might run out-of-stock, stocking up of such parts and components shall be conducted, and a notice shall be delivered to customers in advance requesting Approval for engineering change and providing the option of Last Buy.

B. The visibility of the NEXCOM brand is not sufficient because it is still new to the market. An additional period of time for brand management and promotion is required before the NEXCOM brand can be accepted and trusted by large customers and users who are relatively conservative.

Countermeasures:

- a. Cooperate with strategic partners; hold the NEXCOM Day, Joint Marketing, and other events to strengthen brand visibility.
- b. Continue to strengthen the product display on the website; enhance brand exposure to related industries.
- c. Strengthen strategic alliances with leaders of each industry in the field of machine tool IoT to gain international renown and customer recognition.
- d. Increase media coverage; provide reporting materials; provide in-depth description in writing of the issues that concern the market; improve media exposure density.
- C. Form alliances with competitors vertically and horizontally to expand the advantages that come with economies of scale.

Countermeasures:

For the Domain Market and the Served Industry Segment: Integrate vertically; enhance solutions and strategic alliances; seek market complementation and sales performance synergy; deeply cultivate the market to establish competitive advantages and entry barriers; deepen the development of niche markets; avoid taking a red ocean strategy that is based on economies of scale to compete with industry peers; develop niche products characteristics of NEXCOM and therefore a blue ocean market strategy.

D. The COVID-19 pandemic and Russia-Ukraine war have caused raw materials to be in short supply along the supply chain, the price of raw materials to rise, and the customers to delay their shipments.

Countermeasures:

Actively negotiate with customers for relatively long-term orders, and for an increase in

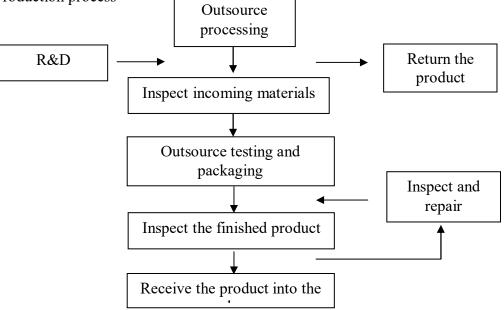
selling price to offset the costs arising from stocking up of raw materials in short supply and materials in sufficient supply, so as to stabilize the production capacity and maintain product gross profits, and thereby achieve a win-win situation with customers. The global electronic component and raw material shortage and shipping interruption significantly eased and returned to normal at the end of 2022; however, the upcoming global inflation crisis will likely give a rise to another wave of shipping delays and order postponements.

(II) Important applications and production process of main products

1. Application of main products

Product item	Major application and function
Single-board computer (SoC)	SoC is a piece of a single-pattern PCB which integrates computing functions with I/O ports. It is sized 3.5" or 5.25", based on a Mini-ITX or a PICMG architecture, and expanded by using the various Backplanes. As such, SoC is the important standard for the industrial computer industry. It is mainly used in the embedded computers used for Industrial Control and Computer Telephone Integration (CTI).
System products	System products are a combination of SoCs, enclosure cases, power supplies, heat dissipation modules, and data storage modules. They fall into three categories: embedded system products; high-density blade servers; and network security monitoring system products - all are characterized by a high customization requirement. Their main applications include (1) industrial information system equipment that requires compact and miniaturized computing devices, such as automated teller machines, tool machines, medical equipment, and Mobile Computing Solutions (MCS); and (2) cluster supercomputing platforms and Internet security system equipment required for academic purpose, national defense, and engineering design.
Industrial IoT	Industrial IoT products are products developed by applying developed software to existing industrial computer hardware platforms to add value to such products. Such products include: PAC controller, HMI, IoT gateway, AI edge, robot controller, RPA server, Autonomous Mobile Robot (AMR), data center, and enterprise situation room. Value-added services are provided on a project by project basis to satisfy manufacturers' industrial needs for launch of smart manufacturing and digital transformation.

2. Production process



(III) Supply of main raw materials

Currently the Company purchases raw materials from a domestic renowned supplier who has a stable and long-term business relationship with the Company. The supplier has sufficient raw materials in stock. As such, the raw materials that the Company needs are always readily available.

Name of main raw materials	Major suppliers
CPU	Synnex, WT MICROELECTRONICS, Fuwei, and PANVISION
Chipset	Synnex, SERTEK, WT MICROELECTRONICS, and PROFESSIONAL COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY
РСВ	ALLIED CIRCUIT, HannStar Board Corporation, First Hi-tec Enterprise, and WORLDTECK OPTRONIC
Enclosure case	GIGA SOLUTION TECH, SHYONG SHUENN CO., LTD., PANADVANCE, CHENG FWA INDUSTRIAL, and MERRYCAN

(IV) The names of suppliers and customers who have accounted for more than 10% of the total purchases (sales) in any of the most recent 2 years, their purchases (sales) amount and proportion. 1. The names of suppliers who have accounted for more than 10% of the total purchases in any of the most recent 2 years, the purchases amount Unit: NT\$ thousand and proportion, and reasons for any change:

		2021				2022	2			Up to Mar	Up to March 31, 2023	
Item	Name	Amount	As a percentage of net purchases for the year (%)	ge Relationshi es p with the ar	Name	Amount	As a percentage of net purchases for the year (%)	Relationshi p with the issuer	Name	Amount	Ratio to net purchase in current year to the end of the previous quarter (%)	Relations hip with the issuer
1	Supplier A	639,154	10	None	Supplier A	844,566	16	None	Supplier A	90,572	11	None
7	Others	6,087,741	06	None	Others	4,594,083	84	None	Others	764,011	89	None
3	Net purchases	6,726,895	100		Net purchases	5,438,649	100		Net purchases	854,583	100	

Major suppliers of the Group for the most recent two years remained largely the same. The Group, in order to diversity purchase Analysis of change:

risks without reducing its products' quality, usually purchases form suppliers who offer lower prices and better payment terms. As

such, only Supplier A accounts for more than 10% of the Group's annual total purchase amount.

The names of customers who have accounted for more than 10% of the total sales amount in any of the most recent 2 years, the purchases Unit: NT\$ thousand amount and proportion, and reasons for any change: *.*;

current year to Relations the issuer None None the end of the 6 10091 Ratio to net quarter (%) previous Up to March 31, 2023 148,544 1,515,246 1,663,790 Amount Customer S Net sales Others Name percentage Relationshi of net sales p with the issuer None None for the year 17 100 83 As a (%) 2022 1,320,776 7,916,697 5,858,501 Amount Customer S Net sales Others Name percentage Relationshi of net sales p with the issuer None None for the year 14 86 100As a (%)2021 922,079 6,780,580 5,858,501 Amount Customer S Net sales Name Others Item ---2 ŝ

The Group's major customers for the most recent two years remained largely the same. To diversity the risk of concentration of sales, the Group annual develops new customers while maintaining business relationship with existing customers. As such, only Analysis of change:

customer S accounts for more than 10% of the Group's annual sales amount.

(V) Production volume and value for the most recent 2 years

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Production Vear volume and		2021			2022	
value Main product	Production capacity	Production volume	Production value	Production capacity	Production volume	Production value
Industrial computer	828,000	807,584	3,194,623	828,000	749,663	4,336,897
Others	108,000	88,021	318,150	180,000	171,788	408,876
Total	936,000	895,605	3,512,773	1,008,000	921,451	4,745,773

(VI) Sales volume and value for the most recent 2 years

							Unit:]	NT\$ thousand
Year		20	21			20	22	
Sales volume and value	Domest	tic sales	Foreig	gn sales	Domest	ic sales	Foreig	gn sales
Main product	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
Industrial computer	18,669	652,490	414,086	5,474,766	45,489	910,109	547,772	6,278,085
Others	47	834	37,662	652,490	8	252	14,913	728,251
Total	18,716	653,324	451,748	6,127,256	45,497	910,361	562,685	7,006,336

	Year	2021	2022	Up to March 31, 2023
Number	Indirect personnel	1043	915	927
of	Direct personnel	432	351	342
employee	Total	1,475	1266	1269
Average age		36.38	40.88	41.04
Average years of service		4.12	5.42	5.50
	PhD.	0.34%	0.39%	0.39%
	Master's	14.78%	16.59%	17.42%
Education profile	University or college	54.37%	62.01%	61.86%
prome	High school	7.80%	7.66%	7.01%
	Below high school	22.71%	13.35%	13.32%

III. Employee information in most recent 2 years and the current year as of the publication date of the annual report

IV. Information on environmental protection expenditures

The first half of the Company's product production process features automated machinery plugging in SMDs, while the second half of the process features personnel plugging in SMDs manually. Later operations such as testing, inspection, and packaging require relatively intense manpower. As such, the Company did not incur any environmental pollution.

- 1. According to laws and regulations if it is required to apply for a permit for installing anti-pollution facilities, or permit of pollution drainage, or to pay anti-pollution fees, or to organize and set up an exclusively responsible unit/office for environmental issues, the description of the status of such applications, payment or establishment shall be made: Waste Filing and Control Number: (F01B0092)
- 2. Setting forth the company's investment in the major anti-pollution facilities, the use purpose of such facilities and the possible effects to be produced: None.
- 3. Describing the process undertaken by the company on environmental pollution improvement for the most recent fiscal years and up to the prospectus publication date. If there had been any pollution dispute, its handling process shall also be described: None.
- 4. Describing any losses suffered by the company in the most recent fiscal years and up to the prospectus publication date due to environmental pollution incidents (including any compensation paid), and disclosing an estimate of possible expenses that could be incurred currently and in the future and measures being or to be taken: None.

5. Explaining the current condition of pollution and the impact of its improvement on the profits, competitive position, and capital expenditures of the company, as well as the projected major environment-related capital expenses to be made for the coming 2 fiscal years.

V. Labor relations

(I) Employee benefit measures, continuing education, training, retirement system, and the implementation:

1. Employee benefit measures and the implementation

[Educational trainings] Provide employees with internal/external educational trainings that would enrich their work skills and knowledge.

[Medical insurance] All employees are covered by labor insurance, health insurance, and group insurance.

[Health check] Regular health check for employees operating special operation.

[Welfare allowance] Allowances for travel, birthday/festival/birth/marriage/funeral/hospitalization .

[Events] Year-end party, contests and competition activities, commendation activities

[Group meal] The employee restaurant provides employees with group meals, allowing them to enjoy diverse and tasty dishes.

[Welfare Committee] Accepts club registration; provides funds for club activities; plans recreational activities for employees to facilitate interaction among them.

[Gym] The Gym comprise a gym and an aerobic room, where employees can exercise and perspire.

2. Training system and continuing education system for employees

The Company arranges annual training plans according to its policy to improve their awareness of quality, teach them work skills, cultivate different talents to improve their skills and competency, thereby achieving the goal of quality improvement.

Item	Number of class	Total number of participants	Total hours	Total expense (NT\$)
New recruit training	43	396	1742.5	-
Occupational competency training	405	7897	8379	90,517
Executive skills training	3	15	30	16,000
General purpose training	49	699	1199	15,655
Total	500	9007	11350.5	122,172

The achievement of educational trainings for 2022 is listed as follows:

3. Retirement system and its implementation

(1) As required by the "Labor Standards Act", the Company has established its own defined benefit pension plan, which is applicable to the service years of all regular employees before the promulgation of the "Labor Pension Act" on July 1, 2005, and to the service years of employees who elected to apply the Labor Standards Act after such date. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 4% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent Supervisory Committee of Labor Retirement Reserve Fund (the "Fund"). Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the aforementioned Fund. If the balance in the Fund is inadequate to pay the retirement benefits of employees who are eligible for retirement in the following year by the aforementioned method, the Company is required to fund the deficit in one appropriation before the end of next March.

The pension income recognized for 2021 and 2022 in the manner prescribed above was NT\$48 thousand and NT\$0 thousand, respectively.

(2) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the "Labor Pension Act", covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the "Labor Pension Act", the Company and its subsidiary contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. Pension shall be calculated as the amount in the employee's retirement account plus any accumulated gains and is paid monthly or in lump sum upon retirement of an employee. The Group's overseas subsidiaries abide by local regulations to contribute an amount of pension equal to a certain percentage of an employee's salary every month. Pension of each employee is managed by the government. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.

The pension expenses recognized for 2021 and 2022 in the manner prescribed above was NT\$39,340 thousand and NT\$46,196 thousand, respectively.

- 4. Labor-management agreements and measures for preserving employees' rights and interests The Company's labor-management relation is based on a principle of harmony. By formulating a comprehensive set of regulations respecting incentives, communication, training, benefits, and retirement, the Company aligns employees' interest with that of the Company.
- 5. Working environment and employee safety protection measures

Considering the importance of the working environment and employee safety protection measures, the Company identifies and analyzes material environmental aspects and hazards against ISO14001 and ISO 45001 (certificate is valid between January 4, 2021 and January 8, 2023). By managing goals and projects, the Company improves the deficiencies in prioritized areas while controlling those with lower risks through operating control. After good operation, the identified deficiencies are all controlled and improved. Below is the Company material goals and management projects:

No.	Project name	ESH goal	Current state	State of implementation
1	Product manufacturing and testing automation project	Change the testing method to substitute a testing Server for operators, reducing the working hours and electricity consumption by 20%.	The time taken for testing WR64 is way too long and so fails to achieve production efficiency; it is recommended that a software be used to replace manual work to reduce working hour, manpower cost, and electricity consumption of production.	 Analyze the connection and upload methods of the automated testing program and the MES. Code the functions required for automated testing and complete the preparation of the SOP. Performance after introduction: Working hours for testing is reduced by 33.3% Electricity consumption for testing is reduced by 35.3%
2	Energy-conservation project	Reduce the electricity consumption of the air conditioning motors used in the SMT and DIP process by 30%.	Because the ice water flow (provided by the CMC Magnetics, i.e. the landlord) won't adjust, the AC motors won't convert to a lower frequency when fully loaded, shooting up the electricity charge.	 Install two sets of frequency converters for the SMT and DIP process to control the flow of ice water; calculate the power consumption value after improvement. After the replacement, the calculated electricity consumption decreased by 35%.
3	Human factors engineering improvement project	Free the system assembly operators from having to convey products to the pallets reached 100%	The products assembled in Huaya plant is larger and heavier; to convey products to pallets, operators need to help each other; they also need to rotate the job to avoid waist pain. This affects the operating efficiency.	1. Purchase automatic pallet stacking equipment to replace manpower with automation.
4	High-temperature operation improvement project	Reduce the time of operators spent in the burn-in room by 50%.	The average temperature reaches 35 degree Celsius in the burn-in room, adversely impacting employees' health. It is planned to reduce the time the operator stay in the burn-in room.	 Set up an automated burn-in room to substitute for manual operation inside the burn-in room. After the improvement project is done, the time of operators spent in the burn-in room is reduced by 50%.

Subsequent activities that promote the environment and occupational safety and health

Introduce the temperature sensing function to the burn-in room

The Company actively protects operators and equipment to reduce occupational incidents and reduce production costs. Aside from improving the working environment and operation management, temperature sensors and alarm lamps are also installed, so as to ensure the operational safety of factory employees and the safety of factory assets.

Occupational accidents prevention plan

To achieve the goal of zero-accident, the Company annually devises an occupational accident prevention plan based on past occupational accident record and the risk level of each operation. All business units involved shall implement the plan according to the timeline and content specified therein. The plan is updated through an internal audit system which identifies any deficiencies. Through the PDCA cycle, the Company expects to reduce the hazard risks facing each business unit year on year, thereby achieving the ultimate goal of zero-accidents.

Implement automated check

Employees' physical safety may be at risk due to unsafe operation, equipment, or management when they operate in a working environment or engage in production processes, operation, or any job. As so, the Company actively promote automated inspection, hoping to spot any potential risk factor and achieve effective control. Items subject to automated inspection include ventilation equipment, raw material usage, operating environment, personal protective equipment, operating machinery, and motor vehicles, and so on.

Protection and Restriction for Organic Solvents and Chemicals

Organic solvents and chemicals are generally used in the manufacturing process or laboratory tests, so facilitating operators' understanding of organic solvents and chemicals through general safety and health education and training helps avert the occurrence of accidents.

Labels affixed on the outside of organic solvent or chemical containers or bottles include information concerning warning messages, signs, and manufacturer information. The Safety Data Sheets (SDS) shall be made available adjacent to organic solvents or chemicals for users' reference preventing occupational accidents due to inappropriate application.

Electric hazard training

It's common that extension cords and push-button switches are used in the production process. As so, facilitating operators' understanding of such extension cords and push-button switches through general safety and health education and training helps avert the occurrence of electrification. A high-voltage image and an electrical safety sign are attached adjacent to 220v outlets. In addition, an external cover in a conspicuous color (red) is installed to prevent the occurrence of occupational accidents.

Internal Environment Evaluation and Check

In conformity with the plans for Maternal Health Protection, Prevention of Unlawful Infringement in the Performance of Duties, and Prevention of Ergonomic Hazards, evaluations and inspections, hazard identification, risk assessments and checks of proper work assignments, and design with respect to internal workplace and adjacent environment are implemented to discover and prevent any potential risk factor in the work environment in advance.

Workplace Unlawful Infringement Prevention

The Company has issued the workplace unlawful infringement statement, declaring its zero tolerance against workplace unlawful infringements of any managing executives, facilitated managers' code of conduct and education and training, and provided reporting channels and subsequent handling procedures.

Maternal Health Protection

On-site medical personnel take care of and interview pregnant employees and give advice regarding proper work assignment to prepare good body and mental health of female workers during their pregnancy, after birth, and breastfeeding period so as to enable maternal health protection.

Ergonomic Hazards Prevention

Ergonomic hazard factors in the office and laboratory are neglected most of the time. Therefore, the Nordic Musculoskeletal Questionnaire (NMQ) is used to measure the pain scale on body parts of individuals, particularly of high-risk positions, and subsequent review and improvement will be made based on the correlation between position and jobs found.

Prevention of Abnormal Work Load

Categorization of risk levels through questionnaires measuring abnormality in employees' body and mental state, plus the 10-year cardiovascular disease statistics, allows medical personnel to discover employees of high risk and mitigate such risk of diseases by providing health education and assistance.

Implement Annual Health Checks

Health checks can facilitate a good understanding about employees' actual health and help to find the correlation between source of abnormality and jobs, particularly for cardiovascular disease triggers. The health condition of employees of mid-to-high risk shall be followed up on by on-site medical personnel to ensure good employee health management.

Middle-aged and Elderly Employee Workplace Safety

In order to encourage generation collaboration and succession, the Company has built a friendly operational environment for middle-aged and elderly employees. In addition to the prevention of potential risk factors, unlawful infringement, ergonomic hazards, and abnormal-workload-triggered diseases, risk assessments on the workplace and personal health combined with health management

and abnormality follow-ups are carried out for middle-aged and elderly employees of mid-to-high risk. The competency index is used to evaluate the safety and suitability of tasks, and with the on-site medical personnel's assistance, it makes sure that middle-aged and elderly workers are safe both physically and mentally.

6. Work Rules

The Company has established its Work Rules which stipulate the rights and obligations of the labor and the management in order to establish a sound modern-day management system, and to make both the labor and management willing to work together and seek business growth together. The major contents of the Work Rules are as follows: (1) General Provisions (2) Appointment (3) Service (4) Wages and Bonuses (5) Working Hours, Break, and Vacation (6) Leave (7) Performance Evaluation (8) Rewards (9) Discipline (10) Job Transfer (11) Education and Training (12) Welfare (13) Occupational Accident Compensation (14) Retirement (15) Opinion Communication (16) Complaint and Punishment of Sexual Harassment (17) Supplementary Provisions.

- (II) Losses suffered by the company in the most recent fiscal year and up to the annual report publication date due to labor disputes, if any, and disclosure of the incurred and estimated expenditures as well as response measures:
 - 1. The Company did not have any dispute with labors in the most recent year and the current year up to the publication date of this annual report.
 - 2. The Company provides multiple channels for communication and coordination by both the labor and the management and strives to maintain a harmonious labor-management relationship.

VI. Cyber Security Management:

(I) Cyber security risk management structure

The Company's internal ISMS (Information Security Management System) was established and internally announced for implementation in 2021. In addition, in the second half of 2022, the ISO27001 Information Safety Management System was introduced, and the certificate is expected to be received by the second quarter of 2023. The contents include:

- 1. Adoption of an information security policy and management objectives
- 2. Adoption of information security management procedures and implementation thereof
- 3. Establishment of the Information Security Promotion Committee
- 4. Establishment of an information security risk management framework with regular information asset risk assessments, and implementation of risk management measures for high-risk matters
- 5. Progress of information security promotion and information security issues are regularly reported at the monthly senior management meeting
- (II) Cyber security management
 - Purpose

Maintain information assets of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. (hereinafter, "NEXCOM") and its subsidiaries; enhance information security management; ensure confidentiality, completeness, and availability of information assets thereof to strengthen the information environment for continuous information business operation. Comply with relevant laws and regulations to avoid any internal and external, intentional or unintentional threats, and take them as the guidelines for the implementation of information security measures, specific policies, and related rules.

Application scope

All of NEXCOM's and its subsidiaries' employees, contracted suppliers, and personnel thereof.

- Definitions
 - I. Information Assets: The personnel, documents, information, hardware, and software keeping the normal operation of NEXCOM's information business.
 - II. Information Environment for Business Continuity: The computer operating environment maintaining the continuity of all of NEXCOM's businesses.
- Vision and Goals
 - I. Vision for the Information Security Policy:

Enhance personnel's awareness, prevent data leakage, and ensure service availability

- II. Based on the vision for the information security policy and to maintain confidentiality, completeness, and availability of NEXCOM's Information assets, the information goals are devised as follows:
 - Organize information security education and training, facilitate employees' awareness of information security, and boost their understanding regarding related responsibilities.
 - (II) Ensure confidentiality of business data, avert unauthorized access or modification, and enable data access control.
 - (III) Affirm consistent availability of the core system provided by the organization.
- III. Annual to-do list, required resources, responsible personnel estimated time to complete, evaluation approach and result with respect to the information security goals above shall be proposed, and relevant monitoring and measurement procedures shall be handled in accordance with the "Monitoring and Measurement Control Procedure Handbook".
- IV. The Information Security Execution Team shall report the implementation results of effectiveness measurement on information security goals in a management review meeting.
- Responsibilities
 - I. NeXCOM's management shall establish and review such a policy.
 - II. The Information Security Execution Team shall implement this policy through the management program and standard operating procedures.
 - III. All personnel and suppliers shall comply with relevant security management procedures to maintain the information security policy.
 - IV. All personnel and suppliers shall report any information security incident and identified vulnerability.
 - V. Any unit obtaining NEXCOM's confidential information or personal data due to business needs shall be responsible for keeping information secret and use it properly in compliance with relevant national laws and NEXCOM's information security protocols.
 - VI. In the event of a data leakage or information security incident due to negligence of a unit, this unit shall be held legally liable.
 - VII. The Company will take civil, criminal, or administrative action against personnel whose behaviors risk information security depending on severity of such behaviors, or take punitive actions according to NEXCOM's rules.

• Review

This policy shall be reviewed in a management review meeting on an annual basis to update on the latest legal, technological, and business development, ensuring NEXCOM's continuity and practical skills in information security.

• Implementation

This Policy shall take effect after the review of the "Information Security Management Committee" and the approval of the managing representative. Subsequent amendments thereto shall be effected in the same manner.

(III) Specific management plans and resources invested in cyber security management

No.	Document number	Category	Name
1	ISMS-1-001	Level 1 Policy	Information Security Policy
2	ISMS-1-002	Level 1 Policy	Statement of Applicability
3	ISMS-2-001	Level 2 Procedures	Overview Identification Procedures
4	ISMS-2-002	Level 2 Procedures	Monitoring and Measurement Management Procedures
5	ISMS-2-003	Level 2 Procedures	Information Security Organizational Procedures
6	ISMS-2-004	Level 2 Procedures	Information Asset Management Procedures
7	ISMS-2-005	Level 2 Procedures	Risk Assessment Management Procedures
8	ISMS-2-006	Level 2 Procedures	Personnel Security Management Procedures
9	ISMS-2-007	Level 2 Procedures	Document Management Procedures
10	ISMS-2-008	Level 2 Procedures	Internal Audit Management Procedures
11	ISMS-2-009	Level 2 Procedures	Correction and Improvement Management Procedures
12	ISMS-2-010	Level 2 Procedures	Access Control Management Procedures
13	ISMS-2-011	Level 2 Procedures	Physical and Environmental Safety Management Procedures
14	ISMS-2-012	Level 2 Procedures	Operation and Communication Safety Management Procedures
15	ISMS-2-013	Level 2 Procedures	System Development Procedures
16	ISMS-2-014	Level 2 Procedures	Supplier Management Procedures
17	ISMS-2-015	Level 2 Procedures	Safety Incident Management Procedures
18	ISMS-2-016	Level 2 Procedures	Business Continuity Management Procedures
19	ISMS-3-001	Level 3 Work	Information Assets Work Instructions

1. Specific management procedures promulgated are as follows:

20	ISMS-3-002	Level 3 Work	Account and Password Work Instructions
21	ISMS-3-003	Level 3 Work	System Development Work Instructions
22	ISMS-3-004	Level 3 Work	Business Continuity Plan

- 2. Specific Implementation Status:
 - September 2022: Completed risk assessment
 - October 2022: Completed vulnerability scan on core system
 - November 2022: Implemented information security education and training at the Company level
 - December 2022: Completed red team exercise on core system
 - December 2022: Completed internal audit
- (IV) Resources Invested in Cyber Security Management
 - 1. Human Resources Allocation:
 - Chief Information Security Officer: 1 person
 - Dedicated Information Security Personnel: 1 person
 - Information Security Organization
 - Execution Team: 8 persons
 - Contingency Team: 6 persons
 - Audit Team: 1 person
 - 2. Project Resources Invested:
 - Appointment of ISO 27001 consultants and application for verification
 - Red team exercise with information security vendor (penetration testing)
 - Software system revision for information security enhancement
 - Acquisition and update of antivirus software

List any losses suffered by the company in the most recent fiscal year and up to the annual report publication date due to significant cyber security incidents, the possible impacts therefrom and measures being or to be taken. If a reasonable estimate cannot be made, an explanation of the facts of why it cannot be made shall be provided: Such incident did not occur.

VII. Important Contracts:

The important contracts still outstanding and the important contracts expired in the most recent year and in the current year up to the publication date of this annual report are as follows:

Nature of the contracts	The parties involved	Contract start and end date	Principal contents	Restrictive clauses
Software licensing contracts	Phoenix Technologies Ltd.	As prescribed in the contract	Authorize the use of Phoenix's BIOS source code to develop related products.	As prescribed in the contract
Technology licensing contracts	Industrial Technology Research Institute	As prescribed in the contract	Technology service and licensing	As prescribed in the contract
Lease contract	CMC Magnetics	As prescribed in the contract	Real Estate Rental and Leasing	As prescribed in the contract

Six. Finance overview

I. Condensed balance sheet, statement of comprehensive income, and independent auditors' names and opinions for the most recent 5 years Consolidated - Condensed Balance Sheet

Unit: NT\$ thousand										
	Year	Financial	information	for the most 1	ecent 5 years	(Note 1)	Financial			
Item		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	information for the year up to March 31, 2023			
Current ass	ets	4, 275, 823	4, 444, 026	4,045,242	5, 370, 059	6, 297, 382	5, 593, 189			
Property, pl equipment	ant, and	1, 587, 759	1, 604, 288	1, 534, 207	1, 495, 061	1, 436, 124	1, 429, 015			
Intangible a	assets	59, 898	64, 121	79, 251	72, 981	55, 462	48, 816			
Other asset	S	439, 107	827, 941	839, 893	1,046,146	1,054,628	1,039,375			
Total Asset	S	6, 362, 587	6,940,376	6, 498, 593	7, 984, 247	8, 843, 596	8, 110, 395			
Current	Before distribution	3, 795, 107	3, 953, 958	3, 409, 068	4, 665, 694	4, 726, 350	3, 863, 825			
liabilities	After distribution	3, 893, 966	4, 066, 939	3, 522, 049	4, 524, 468	Note 2	Note 2			
Non-curren liabilities		60, 848	253, 212	277, 178	480, 927	580, 799	567, 977			
Total	Before distribution	3, 855, 955	4, 207, 170	3, 686, 246	5, 146, 621	5, 307, 149	4, 431, 802			
Liabilities	After distribution	3, 954, 814	4, 320, 151	3, 799, 227	5, 005, 395	Note 2	Note 2			
Equity attri shareholder parent com	rs of	2, 448, 014	2, 582, 245	2, 616, 965	2, 630, 637	3, 441, 164	3, 557, 381			
Capital stor		1, 412, 265	1, 412, 265	1, 412, 265	1, 412, 265	1, 412, 265	1, 412, 265			
Capital rese	erves	361,820	363, 184	367, 368	367, 763	367, 987	366, 535			
Retained	Before distribution	764, 861	889, 723	883, 310	916, 734	1, 691, 099	1, 820, 605			
earnings	After distribution	666, 002	776, 742	770, 329	775, 508	Note 2	Note 2			
Other equities		(82, 927)	(45,978)	(66, 125)	(66, 125)	(30, 187)	(42,024)			
Treasury stock		_	_	_	_	_	_			
Non-contro interests	Non-controlling interests		150, 961	195, 382	206, 989	95, 283	121, 212			
Total	Before distribution	2, 506, 632	2, 733, 206	2, 812, 347	2, 837, 626	3, 536, 447	3, 678, 593			
equities	After distribution	2, 407, 773	2, 620, 225	2, 699, 366	2, 696, 400	Note 2	Note 2			

Note 1: The financial data from 2018 to 2022 was audited and attested by CPAs; the financial data for the first quarter of 2023 was reviewed by CPAs.

Note 2: Pending distribution.

Item2018Operating revenue6,637,6397Operating gross profit1,444,1681Operating profits or losses51,653Non-operating0	formation 2019 2,213,408 ,799,009 304,268 (16,501) 287,767 287,767	2020 6,701,894 1,620,663	recent 5 year 2021 6,780,580 1,564,713 176,100 29,195 205,295	rs (Note) 2022 7,916,697 2,010,682 409,945 943,546	511, 172 169, 538
Item6,637,6397Operating revenue6,637,6397Operating gross profit1,444,1681Operating profits or losses51,6531Non-operating income and expenses142,342Net profits before tax193,995Net profits for the period from continuing operations193,995Losses from discontinued operations193,995Net profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296	2,213,408 ,799,009 304,268 (16,501) 287,767	6,701,894 1,620,663 208,653 1,118	6,780,580 1,564,713 176,100 29,195	7,916,697 2,010,682 409,945	year up to March 31, 2023 1, 663, 790 511, 172 169, 538
Operating gross profit1,444,1681Operating profits or losses51,653Non-operating income and expenses142,342Net profits before tax193,995Net profits for the period from continuing operations193,995Losses from discontinued operations-Net profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period128,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296	,799,009 304,268 (16,501) 287,767	1,620,663 208,653 1,118	1,564,713 176,100 29,195	2,010,682 409,945	511, 172 169, 538
profit1,444,168Operating profits or losses51,653Non-operating income and expenses142,342Net profits before tax193,995Net profits for the period from operations193,995Losses from discontinued operations- operationsNet profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period130,296	304,268 (16,501) 287,767	208,653	176,100 29,195	409,945	169, 538
Iosses31,033Non-operating income and expenses142,342Net profits before tax193,995Net profits for the period from continuing operations193,995Losses from discontinued operations-Net profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period(28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296	(16,501) 287,767	1,118	29,195		
income and expenses142,342Net profits before tax193,995Net profits for the period from continuing 	287,767	-		943,546	19 155
tax193,993Net profits for the period from continuing operations193,995continuing operations193,995Losses from discontinued operations-Net profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period(28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296		209,771	205.295		10, 100
period from continuing operations193,995continuing operations193,995Losses from discontinued operations-Met profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period(28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296	287,767			1,353,491	182, 693
discontinued operations-Net profits (losses) for the period158,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period(28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296		209,771	205,295	1,353,491	182, 693
for the period138,821Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period(28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296	-	_	-	-	_
comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period(28,525)Total comprehensive income for the130,296	212,973	185,544	179,421	930,475	140, 430
income for the 130,296	5,492	(10,256)	(16,717)	52,723	(12, 234)
1	218,465	175,288	162,704	983,198	128, 196
Net profits attributable to shareholders of parent company170,183	227,410	150,021	141,545	902,188	129, 506
Net profits attributable to non-controlling interests (11,362)	(14,437)	35,523	37,876	28,287	10, 924
Total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of parent company141,198	235,829	143,517	126,258	983,198	117, 669
interests	(17,364)	31,771	36,446	31,669	
Earnings per Share1.21Note: The financial data from 2018 to 20	1.61	1.06	1.00	6.39	

Consolidated - Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Note: The financial data from 2018 to 2022 was audited and attested by CPAs; the financial data for the first quarter of 2023 was reviewed by CPAs.

Individual - Condensed Balance Sheet

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	nit: NT\$ thousand						
	Year	Financial	information f	for the most r	ecent 5 years (Note 1)	Financial
	_						information for
Item		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	the year up to
							March 31, 2023
Current assets		3,603,277	3,404,303	2,628,672	3,670,753	4,479,671	
Property, plant, and equipment		1,523,107	1,528,884	1,448,281	1,414,927	1,393,935	
Intangible a	assets	59,331	62,482	72,287	59,636	45,803	
Other asset	s	792,989	1,247,448	1,348,501	1,713,650	2,255,068	
Total Assets	s	5,978,704	6,243,117	5,497,741	6,858,966	8,174,477	
Current	Before distribution	3,469,857	3,485,700	2,729,287	3,823,178	4,196,429	
liabilities	After distribution	3,568,716	3,598,681	2,842,268	3,681,952	Note 2	
Non-curren	t liabilities	60,833	175,172	151,489	405,151	536,884	
Total	Before distribution	3,530,690	3,660,872	2,880,776	4,228,329	4,733,313	
Liabilities	After distribution	3,629,549	3,773,853	2,993,757	4,087,103	Note 2	
Equity attri shareholder company		2,448,014	2,582,245	2,616,965	2,630,637	3,441,164	Not applicable
Capital stoc	ck	1,412,265	1,412,265	1,412,265	1,412,265	1,412,265	
Capital rese	erves	361,820	363,184	367,368	367,763	367,987	
Retained	Before distribution	764,861	889,723	883,310	916,734	1,691,099	
earnings	After distribution	666,002	776,742	770,329	775,508	Note 2	
Other equities		(90,932)	(82,927)	(45,978)	(66,125)	(30,187)	
Treasury stock		-	-	-	-	-	
Non-controlling							
interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	Before distribution	2,448,014	2,582,245	2,616,965	2,630,637	3,441,164	
equities	After distribution	2,349,155	2,469,264	2,503,984	2,489,411	Note 2	

Note 1: Financial information for 2018 to 2022 has been audited and attested by CPAs.

Note 2: Pending distribution.

Unit: NT\$ thousand									
Year	Financial	information	for the most	recent 5 year	rs (Note)	Financial			
Item	2018	2017	2020	2021	2022	information for the year up to March 31, 2023			
Operating revenue	5,252,901	5,367,783	4,368,668	4,297,547	5,576,554				
Operating gross profit	955,387	1,033,216	783,296	701,119	1,091,385				
Operating profits or losses	54,362	201,226	(21,365)	(50,219)	249,003				
Non-operating income and expenses	146,390	77,599	159,103	194,594	927,167				
Net profits before tax	200,752	278,825	137,738	144,375	1,176,170	-			
Net profits for the period from continuing operations	200,752	278,825	137,738	144,375	1,176,170				
Losses from discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-				
Net profits (losses) for the period	170,183	227,410	150,021	141,545	902,188				
Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period	(28,985)	8,419	(6,504)	(15,287)	49,341	Not applicable			
Total comprehensive income for the period	141,198	235,829	143,517	126,258	951,529				
Net profits attributable to shareholders of parent company	170,183	227,410	150,021	141,545	902,188				
Net profits attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-				
Total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of parent company	141,198	235,829	143,517	126,258	951,529				
Total comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	-	-	-	-	-				
Earnings per Share	1.21	1.61	1.06	1.00	6.39				

Individual - Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income

Note: Financial information for 2018 to 2022 has been audited and attested by CPAs.

 (II) Condensed balance sheet and comprehensive income statement - ROC Enterprise Accounting Standard

Condensed Balance Sheet - ROC Enterprise Accounting Standard

Unit: NT\$ thousand

	Year		Financial inform	nation for the m	ost recent 5 year	S		
Item		Year	Year	Year	Year	Year		
Current asso	ets							
Property, equipment	<u>plant, and</u>							
Intangible a	ssets							
Other assets	3							
Total Assets	5							
Current liabilities	Before distribution After distribution							
Non-current	t liabilities							
Other liabili	ities							
Total Liabilities	Before distribution After			Not applicable				
Capital stoc	distribution k							
Capital rese	rves							
Retained earnings	Before distribution After distribution							
Other equiti	es							
Treasury stock								
Total equities	Before distribution After							
	distribution							

Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income - ROC Enterprise Accounting Standard

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Year	F	inancial inform	ost recent 5 year	st recent 5 years		
Item	Year	Year	Year	Year	Year	
Operating revenue						
Operating gross profit Operating profits or			Not applicable			
losses <u>Non-operating</u> revenue and expenses						
Net profit (loss) before tax						
Net profit (loss) of continuing operations						
Profit (loss) from discontinued operation <u>s</u>						
<u>Net profit (loss) for</u> the current period						
Other comprehensive income for the						
<u>current period</u> <u>Total comprehensive</u> income for the period						

(III) Attesting CPAs' names audit opinions for the most recent 5 years

Year	Name of attesting CPAs	Audit opinion
2018	Wu Han-Chi and Hsu Sheng-Chung	Unqualified opinion
2019	Hsu Sheng-Chung and Wu Han-Chi	Unqualified opinion
2020	Wu Han-Chi and Hsu Sheng-Chung	Unqualified opinion with emphasis matters or other matters paragraphs
2021	Wu Han-Chi and Hsu Sheng-Chung	Unqualified opinion with emphasis matters or other matters paragraphs
2022	Wu Han-Chi, Tsai Yi-Tai	Unqualified opinion with emphasis matters or other matters paragraphs

II. Financial analysis for the most recent 5 years (I) Financial analysis - consolidated

Year Analysis item (Note 1)		Finar	ncial analysi	s for the mo	st recent 5 y	ears	For the year up to
		2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	March 31, 2023
al 1re	Debt to assets ratio	60.60	60.62	56.72	64.46	60.01	54.64
Capital structure	Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant, and equipment	158.01	176.74	188.64	208.12	280.06	288.69
(%)	Current ratio	112.67	112.39	118.66	115.10	133.24	144.76
Solvency (%)	Quick ratio	58.70	62.92	74.16	53.05	80.59	84.92
Solv	Interests coverage multiplier	9.71	11.35	9.74	9.36	30.73	15.19
	Accounts receivable turnover rate (times)	4.36	4.22	3.97	4.02	4.35	3. 85
0	Average collection days	83.64	86.52	92.06	90.81	83.90	94.80
Operating performance	Inventory turnover rate (times)	2.88	2.83	3.04	2.45	2.27	1.98
perfor	Accounts payable turnover rate (times)	5.00	4.56	4.79	6.02	4.23	3. 28
ating	Average sales days	126.74	128.98	120.07	148.98	160.79	184.34
Oper	Property, plant and equipment turnover rate (times)	4.39	4.52	4.27	4.48	5.40	4. 58
	Total assets turnover rate (times)	1.04	1.04	1.03	0.85	0.90	0.82
	Return on assets (%)	3.19	3.82	2.52	2.23	11.16	6. 88
ity	Return on equity (%)	7.08	9.04	5.77	5.40	29.72	3. 70
Profitability	Net profits before tax to paid-in capital (%)	13.74	20.38	14.85	14.54	95.84	12.94
Pro	Net profit margin (%)	2.56	3.15	2.24	2.09	11.40	7. 78
	Earnings per Share (NT\$)	1.21	1.61	1.06	1.00	6.39	0.92
×	Cash flow ratio (%)	(3.44)	10.60	27.19	(11.99)	9.06	7.77
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	5.75	22.12	58.54	25.83	33.67	39.48
Ca	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	(7.05)	10.51	24.82	(20.13)	6.35	6.46
rage	Operating leverage	103.70	19.38	26.38	32.45	15.78	8.17
Leverage	Financial leverage	1.76	1.10	1.13	1.16	1.12	1.08

Please specify the reasons for the changes in the financial ratios for the most recent 2 years (This section need not be filled in if the change is within 20%)

- 1. Ratio of long-term capital to fixed assets increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in net profit in 2022 resulting in the increase in shareholders' equity.
- 2. Quick ratio increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in net profit in 2022 resulting in the increase in quick assets such as bank deposits.
- 3. Interests coverage multiplier increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in net profit resulting in the increase in net profit before tax.
- 4. Accounts payable turnover rate decreased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the decrease in purchases in 2022.
- 5. Property, plants, and equipment turnover rate increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in operating revenue in 2022.
- 6. All profitability ratios increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in profit in 2022.
- 7. All cash flow ratios increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in profit resulting in the increase of cash flow from operating activities.
- 8. Operating leverage increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in profit in 2022.

Note 1: The following calculation formula should be shown at the end of this table in the annual report.

- 1. Capital structure
 - (1) Debt to assets ratio = total liabilities/total assets
 - (2) Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant, and equipment = (total equity + non-current liabilities)/net property, plant, and equipment.
- 2. Solvency
 - (1) Current ratio = current assets/current liabilities.
 - (2) Quick ratio = (current assets inventory prepaid expenses)/current liabilities.
 - (3) Interests coverage multiplier = net profits before tax and interest expense/interest expense for the period.
- 3. Operating performance
 - Receivables (including accounts receivable and notes receivable from business operations) turnover rate = net sales/balance of average accounts receivable for various periods (including accounts receivable and notes receivable from business operations).
 - (2) Average collection days = 365/receivables turnover rate.
 - (3) Inventory turnover rate = costs of goods sold/average inventory.
 - (4) Payables (including accounts payable and notes payable from business operations) turnover rate = costs of goods sold/balance of average accounts payable for various periods (including accounts payable and notes payable from business operations).
 - (5) Average sales days = 365/inventory turnover rate.

- (6) Property, plant, and equipment turnover rate = net sales/average net property, plant, and equipment.
- (7) Total assets turnover rate = net sales/average total assets.
- 4. Profitability
 - Return on assets = [net profits after tax + interest expense x (1 tax rate)]/average total assets.
 - (2) Return on equity = net profits after tax/average total equity.
 - (3) Net profit margin = net profits after tax/net sales.
 - (4) Earnings per share = (net profits attributable to shareholders of the parent preferred stock dividend)/weighted average number of shares outstanding. (See Note 2)
- 5. Cash flow
 - (1) Cash flow ratio = net cash flow from operating activities/current liabilities.
 - (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio = sum of net cash flow from operating activities for the most recent 5 years/sum of capital expenditures, inventory additions, and cash dividend for the most recent 5 years.
 - (3) Cash reinvestment ratio = (net cash flow from operating activities cash dividend)/(gross property, plant, and equipment + long-term investment + other non-current assets + working capital). (See Note 3)
- 6. Leverage:
 - (1)Operating leverage = (net operating revenues variable operating costs and expenses)/operating profits (See Note 4).
 - (2) Financial leverage = operating profits/(operating profits interest expense).
- Note 2: Special attention should be paid to the following when measuring earnings per share with the above calculation formula:
 - 1. Based on the weighted-average number of common shares rather than the number of shares outstanding at the end of the year.
 - 2. Where there is cash capital increase or treasury stock transactions, the weighted average number of shares should be used considering the period of circulation.
 - 3. Where there is a capital increase by retained earnings or capital surplus, when calculating the annual or semi-annual earnings per share for previous years, retrospective adjustments should be made in proportion to the capital increase, regardless of the issuance period of such capital increase.
 - 4. If the preferred shares are non-convertible and cumulative, their dividends for the current year (whether paid or not) should be deducted from the net profits after tax, or added to the net losses after tax. If the preferred shares are non-cumulative, their dividends should be deducted from net profits after tax if there are net profits after tax; if there are net losses, no adjustment is required.

Note 3: Special attention should be paid to the following when performing cash flow analysis:

- 1. Net cash flow from operating activities represents the net cash inflow from operating activities in the cash flow statement.
- 2. Capital expenditures represent the annual cash outflows from capital investments.
- 3. Increase in inventory is included only if the ending balance is greater than the beginning balance, or zero if inventory decreases at the end of the year.
- 4. Cash dividends include cash dividends on common stock and preferred stock.
- 5. Gross property, plant and equipment represent the total amount of property, plant and equipment before accumulated depreciation.
- Note 4: The issuer should distinguish between fixed and variable operating costs and operating expenses according to their nature, and where estimates or subjective judgments are involved, pay attention to the reasonableness and maintain consistency.
- Note 5: If the Company's stock has no face value or the face value per share is not NT\$10, the ratios related to paid-in capital in the preceding paragraph should be replaced with the ratio of equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the balance sheet.

(II) Financial analysis - Individual

	Year	Financial	analysis for	the most re	cent 5 years	(Note 1)	For the year up
-	Analysis item (Note 2)		2019	2020	2021	2022	to March 31, 2023 (Note 1)
tal ure	Debt to assets ratio	59.05	58.64	52.40	61.65	57.90	
Capital structure	Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant, and equipment	164.72	180.35	191.15	214.55	285.38	
ý	Current ratio	103.85	97.66	96.31	96.01	106.75	
Solvency (%)	Quick ratio	56.84	60.50	58.52	48.23	59.73	
Sol	Interests coverage multiplier	10.02	11.27	7.58	8.75	32.40	
	Accounts receivable turnover rate (times)	3.09	2.88	2.64	2.79	3.06	
e	Average collection days	118.19	126.80	138.16	130.82	119.18	
orman	Inventory turnover rate (times)	2.91	3.00	3.15	2.56	2.38	
Operating performance	Accounts payable turnover rate (times)	4.99	4.41	4.75	5.24	4.01	
ating	Average sales days	125.43	121.67	115.87	142.58	153.36	
Oper	Property, plant and equipment turnover rate (times)	3.58	3.52	2.93	3.00	3.97	Not applicable
	Total assets turnover rate (times)	0.88	0.86	0.79	0.63	0.68	
	Return on assets (%)	3.36	4.08	2.84	2.53	12.40	
ty	Return on equity (%)	7.08	9.04	5.77	5.39	29.72	
Profitability	Net profits before tax to paid-in capital (%)	14.21	19.74	9.75	10.22	83.28	
Prof	Net profit margin (%)	3.24	4.24	3.43	3.29	16.18	
	Earnings per Share (NT\$)	1.21	1.61	1.06	1.00	6.39	
M	Cash flow ratio (%)	(0.88)	14.86	26.68	(10.66)	11.96	
Cash flow	Cash flow adequacy ratio (%)	6.92	34.40	65.61	43.54	59.66	
Ca	Cash reinvestment ratio (%)	(3.88)	13.57	18.96	(15.78)	8.27	
Levera ge	Operating leverage	78.90	22.43	(173.65)	(74.16)	18.97	
Lev g	Financial leverage	1.69	1.16	0.51	0.73	1.18	

Please specify the reasons for the changes in the financial ratios for the most recent 2 years (This section need not be filled in if the change is within 20%)

- 1. Ratio of long-term capital to fixed assets increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in net profit in 2022 resulting in the increase in shareholders' equity.
- 2. Quick ratio increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in net profit in 2022 resulting in the increase in quick assets such as bank deposits.
- 3. Interests coverage multiplier increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in net profit resulting in the increase in net profit before tax.
- 4. Accounts payable turnover rate decreased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the decrease in purchases in 2022.
- 5. Property, plants, and equipment turnover rate increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in operating revenue in 2022.
- 6. All profitability ratios increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in profit in 2022.
- 7. All cash flow ratios increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in profit resulting in the increase of cash flow from operating activities.
- 8. Operating leverage increased in 2022 from 2021 mainly due to the increase in profit in 2022.
 - Note 1: The financial data from 2018 to 2022 was audited and attested by CPAs; the financial data for the first quarter of 2023 was reviewed by CPAs.
- Note 2: The following calculation formula should be shown at the end of this table in the annual report.
 - 1. Capital structure
 - (1) Debt to assets ratio = total liabilities/total assets
 - (2) Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant, and equipment = (total equity + non-current liabilities)/net property, plant, and equipment.
 - 2. Solvency
 - (1) Current ratio = current assets/current liabilities.
 - (2) Quick ratio = (current assets inventory prepaid expenses)/current liabilities.
 - (3) Interests coverage multiplier = net profits before tax and interest expense/interest expense for the period.
 - 3. Operating performance
 - Receivables (including accounts receivable and notes receivable from business operations) turnover rate = net sales/balance of average accounts receivable for various periods (including accounts receivable and notes receivable from business operations).
 - (2) Average collection days = 365/receivables turnover rate.
 - (3) Inventory turnover rate = costs of goods sold/average inventory.
 - (4) Payables (including accounts payable and notes payable from business operations) turnover rate = costs of goods sold/balance of average accounts payable for various periods (including accounts payable and notes payable from business operations).

- (5) Average sales days = 365/inventory turnover rate.
- (6) Property, plant, and equipment turnover rate = net sales/average net property, plant, and equipment.
- (7) Total assets turnover rate = net sales/average total assets.

4. Profitability

- (1) Return on assets = [net profits after tax + interest expense x (1 tax rate)]/average total assets.
- (2) Return on equity = net profits after tax/average total equity.
- (3) Net profit margin = net profits after tax/net sales.
- (4) Earnings per share = (net profits attributable to shareholders of the parent preferred stock dividend)/weighted average number of shares outstanding. (See Note 2)

5. Cash flow

- (1) Cash flow ratio = net cash flow from operating activities/current liabilities.
- (2) Cash flow adequacy ratio = sum of net cash flow from operating activities for the most recent 5 years/sum of capital expenditures, inventory additions, and cash dividend for the most recent 5 years.
- (3) Cash reinvestment ratio = (net cash flow from operating activities cash dividend)/(gross property, plant, and equipment + long-term investment + other non-current assets + working capital). (See Note 3)
- 6. Leverage:

(1) Operating leverage = (net operating revenues - variable operating costs and expenses)/operating profits (See Note 4).

- (2) Financial leverage = operating profits/(operating profits interest expense).
- Note 2: Special attention should be paid to the following when measuring earnings per share with the above calculation formula:
 - 1. Based on the weighted-average number of common shares rather than the number of shares outstanding at the end of the year.
 - 2. Where there is cash capital increase or treasury stock transactions, the weighted average number of shares should be used considering the period of circulation.
 - 3. Where there is a capital increase by retained earnings or capital surplus, when calculating the annual or semi-annual earnings per share for previous years, retrospective adjustments should be made in proportion to the capital increase, regardless of the issuance period of such capital increase.
 - 4. If the preferred shares are non-convertible and cumulative, their dividends for the current year (whether paid or not) should be deducted from the net profits after tax, or added to the net losses after tax. If the preferred shares are non-cumulative, their dividends should be deducted from net profits after tax if there are net profits after tax; if there are net losses, no adjustment is required.

- Note 3: Special attention should be paid to the following when performing cash flow analysis:
 - 1. Net cash flow from operating activities represents the net cash inflow from operating activities in the cash flow statement.
 - 2. Capital expenditures represent the annual cash outflows from capital investments.
 - 3. Increase in inventory is included only if the ending balance is greater than the beginning balance, or zero if inventory decreases at the end of the year.
 - 4. Cash dividends include cash dividends on common stock and preferred stock.
 - 5. Gross property, plant and equipment represent the total amount of property, plant and equipment before accumulated depreciation.
- Note 4: The issuer should distinguish between fixed and variable operating costs and operating expenses according to their nature, and where estimates or subjective judgments are involved, pay attention to the reasonableness and maintain consistency.
- Note 5: If the Company's stock has no face value or the face value per share is not NT\$10, the ratios related to paid-in capital in the preceding paragraph should be replaced with the ratio of equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the balance sheet.

Year Financial analysis for the most recent 5 years Year Year Year Year Year Analysis item Debt to assets ratio structure Capital % Ratio of long-term capital to property, plant, and equipment Current ratio Solvency % Quick ratio Interests coverage multiplier Accounts receivable turnover rate (times) Average collection days Not applicable Operating performance Inventory turnover rate (times) Accounts payable turnover rate (times) Average sales days Property, plant, and equipment turnover rate (times) Total assets turnover rate (times) Return on assets (%) Return on equity (%) Profitability Operating profit Ratio to paid-up Net profits capital (%) before tax Net profit margin (%) Earnings per Share (NT\$) Cash flow ratio (%) Cash flow Cash flow adequacy ratio (%) Cash reinvestment ratio (%) Operating leverage Leverage Financial leverage

(3) Financial analysis - Enterprise Accounting Standard of the ROC

Please specify the reasons for the changes in the financial ratios for the most recent 2 years (This section need not be filled in if the change is within 20%)

III. Audit Committee Review Report on the financial statements for 2022

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Audit Committee Review Report

The Board of Directors prepared and presented the Company's 2022 Business Report, 2021 individual financial statements, and 2021 consolidated financial statements, among which the 2021 individual financial statements and 2021 consolidated financial statements were audited by CPA Wu Han-Chi and CPA Tsai Yi-Tai of PwC Taiwan, who also released an independent auditors' report containing their opinion. The above-mentioned financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit Committee and no discrepancies have been found and a report was prepared for your review according to the provisions of Article 219 of the Company Act and Article 14-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act.

To

The 2023 General Shareholders' Meeting of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

Audit Committee Convener

Wang Yun-Yuao

February 22, 2023

- IV. The 2022 financial report includes Independent Auditors' Report, 2-year Comparative Balance Sheet, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement, and Notes or Schedules Please refer to Pages 167-249 of this Annual Report.
 - V. Individual financial report for 2022 audited and attested by CPAs Please refer to Pages 250-332 of this Annual Report.
 - VI. If the Company or its affiliates have experienced financial difficulties in the most recent year or during the current year up to the date of publication of the annual report, their effects on the Company's financial status shall be disclosed: None.

Seven. Review and analysis of financial status and financial performance and risk

I. Analysis of financial status

(I) Main reasons for any material change in the company's assets, liabilities, or equity during the past 2 fiscal years, and the effect thereof:

			ι	Jnit: NT\$ thousand
Year			Percentage	of change
Item	2022	2021	Increased (decreased) amount	%
Current assets	6,297,382	5,370,059	927,323	17
Funds and investments	59,019	139,426	(80,407)	(58)
Fixed assets	1,436,124	1,495,061	(58,937)	(4)
Intangible assets	55,462	72,981	(17,519)	(24)
Other assets	995,609	906,720	88,889	10
Total Assets	8,843,596	7,984,247	859,349	11
Current liabilities	4,726,350	4,665,694	60,656	1
Non-current liabilities	580,799	480,927	99,872	21
Total Liabilities	5,307,149	5,146,621	160,528	3
Capital stock	1,412,265	1,412,265	0	0
Capital reserves	367,987	367,763	224	0
Retained earnings	1,691,099	916,734	774,365	84
Other equities	(30,187)	(66,125)	35,938	(54)
Non-controlling interests	95,283	206,989	(111,706)	(54)
Total shareholders' equity	3,536,447	2,837,626	698,821	25

Description of items sustaining material changes (i.e., items of which the annually changed amount reached 20% and NT\$10 million or more in the past two fiscal years):

- 1. Funds and investments decreased from 2021 mainly due to the decrease in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income non-current.
- 2. Intangible assets decreased from 2021 mainly due to the decrease in acquisition of intangible assets.
- 3. Non-current liabilities increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in deferred income tax liabilities.
- 4. Retained earnings increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in undistributed earnings.
- 5. Other equities increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in other comprehensive income.
- 6. Non-controlling interests decreased from 2021 mainly due to the disposal of a subsidiary.
- 7. Total shareholders' equity increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in undistributed earnings.
- (II) Items wielding material impacts shall be disclosed, specifying therein future countermeasures, and their impact on the Company's business and financial affairs.

II. Financial performance analysis

(I) Main reasons for any material change in operating revenues, operating profit, or pre-tax profit during the past 2 fiscal years:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

Unit: NT\$ thousand				
Year			0	e of change
	2022	2021	Increased	
	2022	2021	(decreased)	(%)
Item			amount	
Net operating income	7,916,697	6,780,580	1,136,117	17
Operating costs	5,906,015	5,215,867	690,148	13
Operating gross profit	2,010,682	1,564,713	445,969	29
Operating expenses	1,600,737	1,388,613	212,124	15
Operating profit	409,945	176,100	233,845	133
Non-operating income and expenses	943,546	29,195	914,351	3,132
Net profits before tax	1,353,491	205,295	1,148,196	559
Income tax expense	423,016	25,874	397,142	1,535
Net profits for the period	930,475	179,421	751,054	419
Other comprehensive income (net after tax) for the period	52,723	(16,717)	69,440	(415)
Total comprehensive income for the period	983,198	162,704	820,494	504
Net profits attributable to shareholders of parent company	902,188	141,545	760,643	537
Net profits (losses) attributable to non-controlling interests	28,287	37,876	(9,589)	(25)
Comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of parent company	951,529	126,258	825,271	654
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests	31,669	36,446	(4,777)	(13)
Earnings per share- Basic	6.39	1.00	5	539
Earnings per share- Diluted	6.38	1.00	5	538

Description of items sustaining material changes (i.e., items of which the annually changed amount reached 20% and NT\$10 million or more in the past two fiscal years):

- 1. Gross profit increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in sales of high-gross-profit products.
- 2. Operating profit increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in operating revenue.
- 3. Non-operating income and expenses increased from 2021 mainly due to the disposal of a subsidiary.
- 4. Profit before tax, income tax expenses, net income, net other comprehensive income for the period, total comprehensive income for the period, net profit attributable to shareholders of the parent, earnings per share basic, and earnings per share -diluted increased from 2021 mainly due to the increase in operating revenue and the disposal of a subsidiary.

(II) Estimated sales amount and estimation basis:

Item	Estimated sales amount for 2023
Single-board computer (piece)	155,000
System product (unit)	520,000
Industrial computer peripherals (article)	175,000

The Company's estimated sales amount is based on consideration of the industrial environment, market supply and demand in the future, R&D plan, business development, the orders currently on hand, and the capacity improvement of contractors.

(III) Effects on the company's business and financial affairs; countermeasures:

The Company has been growing in scale and has a sound financial structure that is sufficient to cope with any expenses associated with future business growth. As such, there is no material impact on the Company's business and financial affairs.

III. Cash flow analysis

(I) Description and analysis of cash flow changes in the most recent year (2022): Unit: NT\$ thousand

				enne i	
Cash balance, beginning of	Net cash flow from operating activities	activities during	Cash balance (shortage)	Expected remedies for cash shortage Investment Wealth	
period	during the year			plan	manageme nt plan
709,436	428,084	326,955	1,464,475	_	_

Net cash inflow from investing and financing activities of NT\$279,147 thousand was mainly due to the consideration received for the disposal of a subsidiary in 2022.

(II) Corrective actions responsive to insufficient liquidity: Not applicable.

(III) Cash flow analysis for the coming year:

Unit: NT\$ thousand

				0 1110 1		
Cash balance	Net cash flow from operating	Net cash flow from other	Cash balance	Expected remedies for cash shortage		
beginning of period	activities during the year	activities	(shortage)	Investment plan	Wealth manageme nt plan	
1,464,475	500,000	-	1,964,475	_	_	

Analysis of changes in projected cash flows for the coming year:

(1) Operating activities: In terms of operating revenue, it is expected to slowly return to steady growth after materials supply shortage has eased the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic have subsided and therefore more cash inflow from operating activities.

(2) Investing and Financing Activities: Expected to receive the second consideration for the disposal of a subsidiary in 2022. In addition, the Company will continue to acquire assets and software for its operational needs, distribute cash dividends, directors remuneration and employee bonus, and actively repay short- and long-term borrowings to reach breakeven.

- IV. Effect of major capital expenditures on finance and business matters in the most recent year: None.
- V. Reinvestment policy for the most recent fiscal year, the main reasons for the profits/losses generated thereby, the plan for improving re-investment profitability, and investment plans for the coming year.
 - (I) Reinvestment Policy

The Company has established its "Regulations Governing the Supervision of Subsidiaries", and stipulated a set of investee management procedures in its investment cycle; both serve as the guidelines on engaging in or managing investees.

- (II) Reinvestment policy for the most recent fiscal year, the main reasons for the profits/losses generated thereby, and the plan for improving re-investment profitability
 - Nex Computers, Inc., Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd., Nexcom International Co.,Ltd.(SAMOA), Green Base Technology Corp., NexAIOT Co., Ltd., and NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd. recognized a reinvestment profit in the amount of NT\$829,848 thousand in 2022 primarily due to the disposal of a subsidiary in 2022 and the ease of material shortages leading to the increases in both sales and number of projects.
 - 2. Nexcom Europe Ltd., NEXCOBOT Inc., EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd, All IoT Cloud Corp., and TMR Technologies Co., Ltd. recognized an investment loss in the amount of NT\$15,170 thousand in 2022. Such an operating loss is due to the subsidiaries still being in the business development phase where economies of scale are not yet achieved. They will focus on product development and business promotion in the future in order to increase operating revenue and profit. In addition, Nexcom France was liquidated in December 2022.
 - In order to effectively integrate group resources, Nexcom France was liquidated in December 2022.

(III) Investment Plan for the Coming Year

The Company will continue its investment at home and abroad, deploy globally, and expand scale, so as to swiftly seize the business opportunities embedded in the various application fields of industrial computer products and thereby maintain the growth momentum.

VI. Risk analysis

(I) Impact of changes in the interest rates, exchange rates, and inflation on the Company's profit and loss in the most recent year and in the current year up to the publication date of this annual report, and future countermeasures

Risk	Impact on	the Company's p loss	profit or	
item	Financial account	As of March 31, 2023	2022	Future countermeasures
	Interest income	186	1663	Company's operating revenue and net profits before
Interest rate	Interest expense	12, 877	45,521	tax, the interest income has no material impact on the Company's profit or loss.2. The Company's Finance Unit has minimized the impact of interest rate fluctuation on the Company by keeping close relations with many financial institutions and striving for favorable borrowing rates.
Exchange rate	Gain (loss) on exchange	17, 868	84,333	 By buying and selling foreign deposits at an appropriate time at which the Company uses the foreign currency derived from sales to pay the foreign currency payables arising from purchase, and by taking out foreign currency borrowings, the Company lowers the impact of exchange rate changes on the profit or loss and thereby achieves a natural hedging effect. The Company will closely observe the foreign exchange rate trend to have a good grasp of the market information. If the exchange rate changes substantially, the Company negotiates transaction prices with existing customers or suppliers to an extent appropriate to alleviate the shock of exchange rate changes to the Company's revenue and profits. The Company will attend to changes in the foreign exchange market and, where appropriate, conduct foreign currency hedging nature, e.g., selling foreign exchange forward contracts to avert exchange rate risk and thereby minimize the effect of exchange rate changes on the company's profit or loss.
Inflation	-	_	-	The Company has taken the initiative to reduce costs and at the same time kept close relations with suppliers and customers. In the event of a price hike of raw materials, it dynamically adjusts its procurement and sales policies matching prices to relax to inflation pressure.

Unit: NT\$ thousand

(II) Policy regarding high-risk investments, highly leveraged investments, loans to other parties, endorsements, guarantees, and derivatives transactions; the main reasons for the profits/losses generated thereby; and response measures to be taken in the future.

Risk item	State of implementation	Policy and countermeasures
	The Company did not engage in any	The Company focuses on operating its
	high-risk or highly-leverage	primary business and does not engage
	investments. Mainly the investment in	in any high-risk or highly-leverage
High-risk,	the establishment of domestic and	investments.
highly-leverage	foreign operating bases, a majority of	
investments	which being the strategic alliance in	
	which the Company holds a majority	
	stake or which is associated with	
	Company's primary business activities.	
		The Company makes endorsement and
		guarantee in accordance with its
Lending funds	The parties for which the Company	"Operating Procedures for Loaning of
to others;	makes an endorsement or guarantee	Funds to Others" and "Operating
Endorsement	are all its subsidiaries,	Procedure for Making of
and guarantee	sub-subsidiaries, or associates.	Endorsements/Guarantees" and, as
		required by law, timely and accurately
		discloses the various information.
	The Company did not engage in	If there is a need for engaging in
	derivative trading in the period	derivative trading in the future for the
	between January 1, 2022 through	purposes of exchange rate hedging or
Derivative	March 31, 2023.	business development, the Company
trading		will do so in accordance with its
trauing		"Procedures for Acquisition and
		Disposal of Assets" and, as required
		by law, timely and accurately disclose
		the various trading information.

(III) Future R&D plans and estimated R&D expenses

- 1. Future annual R&D plans
 - Vertically integrated hardware platform product development High-end network security dedicated hardware platform
 5G Open-RAN telecom network access platform Smart high-performance 5G professional universal user-end device

5G disaggregated cell site gateway router

Industrial network security gateway

NISE/NIFE series industrial automation dedicated hardware platform

VTC/VMC/MVS/ATC series telematics hardware platform

nROK/aROK/vROK series railway information and communication hardware platform

NViS series network digital high performance surveillance and video recording system

NDiS series outdoor visual display computer hardware system

Neu-X series automatic service machine and equipment hardware platform

XPPC series ultra-thin touchscreen computer hardware platform

AIEdge series AI application hardware system

nPAC programmable automation controller

nDAS IoT Smart Device

NexMOV autonomous mobile robot

(2) Advanced hardware technology development

5G communication network equipment hardware platform

400G class UHF broadband card development

Introduce the computing platforms that are based on the latest high-performance x86 and ARM architecture

Development of 5G low-latency disaggregated cell site gateway router

Research and development of 800G and 1.6T network technology

Application of the various AI accelerator cards to telematics

Application of an intelligent controller to autonomous mobile robots

Application of an FPGA hardware accelerator to AI vision

Functional safety (FuSa) hardware platform integration

Robot functional safety controller development

Robot joint module development

EtherCAT miniaturized I/O module development

Development of handheld robot teaching pendant

Development of handheld robot teaching pendants (functional safety version)

(3) Emerging application technology and integrated solution development
 5G private network hardware platform integration solution
 5G smart network gateway integrated application solution
 Atlas OS embedded network communication operating system
 Integration solution of ONL + PTP/SyncE applications to DCSG

Develop solutions in which in-vehicle the android system that is compatible with customer's APP

Develop in-vehicle audio and video remote transmission solutions

Development of public transportation ITxPT standards

Webcam person/vehicle detection and multiple target tracking technology

Webcam electronic fence system

Webcam behavior model analysis technology

Thermal image webcam technology

Speed Dome servo control and object autofocus technology

WiFi low-power-consumption vibration analysis solution

Low-power-consumption BLE mesh network smart building energy conservation solution

Robot offline programming language

Robot P-T motion pattern control technology

Robot speed control technology

Robot singularity speed control technology

Collaborative robot dynamic parameter identification technology

Collaborative robot sensorless collision detection technology

Development of robot external TCP function

Robot eye on hand correction technology

EtherCAT Functional Safety FSoE Technology

EtherCAT advanced remote control function

EtherCAT advanced cable redundant function

eSAF Frontier X series IT/OT network protection technology for malware and cyberattack prevention

eSAF Frontier V series OT protection technology for web mining and deep packet inspection

2. Estimated R&D expenses

The R&D expenses stated on the financial statements for 2022 and 2021 accounted for 6.97% and 8.75%, respectively, of the operating revenue. Estimated R&D expenses for 2023 stands at NT\$570,000 thousand.

(IV) The impact of changes in significant policy and laws, domestic and foreign alike, on the Company's finance and business matters and the countermeasures

The Company's business and finance matters were not impacted by any changes in domestic or foreign policy and laws that are significant in the most recent year. However, to cope with future changes, the Company plans related countermeasures based on the consultation with and recommendation of the professional accounting and law units in order to mitigate the impact of changes in domestic and foreign policy and law on the Company's business and finance matters.

(V) The impact of technological changes (including cyber safety risks) and industry changes on the Company's finance and business matters and the countermeasures Labor shortage has been bothering the industry over the past years. As time and environment shifts, the new generation have largely lost a diligent work attitude, but have embraced fun and changes at work. To cope with future changes, the Company has launched automation to minimize the requirements for labors, so that the production process can be simpler and purer. Reducing the dependence on human intelligence and making the production process simpler is the direction that the Company is heading towards. To respond to the soaring domestic demands of China and its made-in-China policy, the Company must adopt a strategy that shifts certain production to China. Production in Taiwan still has a niche, in that it can provide low-quantity highly-customized products.

IoT will be an important trend that thrives in the post PC era, having the technology serve humanity. IoT applications will also cover the IPC industry. This is a customized product that features diversified specifications and is produced in little quantity by multiple means; it requires flexibility from order-taking to production and a short time-to-market. Such an advantage, which the IPC industry used to distinguish itself from the PC industry, will give the IPC industry more say on the market if taking into account future market variation trend.

(VI) Impact of recent corporate image change on corporate crisis management, and countermeasures

The Company's corporate image has been good. The Company did not engage in any illegal conduct, and no change in corporate image occurred. The Company's corporate crisis management mechanism functions well. The Crisis Management Team composed of the Company's responsible person, spokesperson, and related executives is fully competent to cope with any contingency. The emergency procedures will start upon the occurrence of a corporate crisis. The Crisis Management Team will handle the crisis and assign corresponding contacts who are responsible for disclosing real-time and correct information and related countermeasures to investors, the competent authority, and the media.

(VII) Expected benefits and possible risks of the merger and acquisition, and countermeasures As of the most recent year and in the current t year up to the publication date of this annual report, the Company did not have any merger and acquisition plan. Should there be any merger and acquisition plan in the future, it should be prudently evaluated based on the consideration as to whether such a merger and acquisition brings concrete synergy to the Company, so as to ensure the original shareholder equity.

(VIII) Expected benefits of plant expansion, possible risks, and countermeasures

Any expansion or addition to the Company's plant must undergo a feasibility analysis and a financial analysis, and be supplemented with countermeasures.

- (IX) Risks associated with the concentration of purchases and sales, and countermeasures As disclosed in related chapters of this annual report, the Company mainly purchases from and sells to the parties based on considerations regarding their distinctively industrial characteristics and the Company's needs at different operating phases. In the future, the Company will mitigate the purchase and sales concentration risk by developing important clients, new projects, new suppliers of parts and components, and new partnership with clients.
- (X) Any risk associated with substantial shift or change in shareholding of directors, supervisors, or major shareholders holding more than 10% of total issued shares, its impact on the Company, and the countermeasures therefor: As of the most recent year and in the current year up to the publication date of this annual report, none of the Company's directors, supervisors, or major shareholders holding more than 10% of total issued shares shifted a substantial portion of their shareholding to others; as such, the impact on the Company should not be material.
- (XI) The impact of the change in management rights on the Company, the risks, and countermeasures

There was no change in management rights in the most recent year and the current year up to the publication date of this annual report. All of the Company's directors and employees have been striving to manage the Company, a reason why the Company has remained a good operational performance in the past years. In the future, the Company will uphold a philosophy of a robust management to earn shareholders' recognition for the management team. As such, it's not likely that a substantial shift or change in shareholding will occur such that the management rights are changed and thereby the Company is impacted or any risks arise therefrom.

(XII) Litigious and non-litigious matters. List major litigious, non-litigious or administrative disputes that: (1) involve the company and/or any company director, supervisors, president, the general manager, any person with actual responsibility for the firm, any major shareholder holding a stake of greater than 10%, and/or any company or companies controlled by the company; and (2) have been concluded by means of a final and unappealable judgment, or are still under litigation. Where such a dispute could materially

affect shareholders' equity or the prices of the company's securities, the annual report shall disclose the facts of the dispute, amount of money at stake in the dispute, the date of litigation commencement, the main parties to the dispute, and the status of the dispute as of the date of publication of the annual report:

- 1. For any litigious, non-litigious or administrative disputes, whether concluded or still in progress, of which the results might materially affect shareholder equity or securities prices as of the most recent year and in the current year up to the publication date of this annual report, the annual report shall disclose the fact in dispute, the monetary amount involved in the dispute, the date of litigation commencement, the main parties to the dispute, and the status of the dispute: None.
- 2. For major litigious, non-litigious or administrative disputes, whether concluded or still in progress as of the most recent year and in the current year up to the publication date of this annual report, that involve the company and/or any company director, supervisors, president, the general manager, any person with actual responsibility for the firm, any major shareholder holding a stake of greater than 10%, and/or any company or companies controlled by the company, where the results might materially affect shareholder equity or securities prices, the annual report shall disclose the fact in dispute, the monetary amount involved in the dispute, the date of litigation commencement, the main parties to the dispute, and the status of the dispute: None.
- (XIII) Other important risks and countermeasures: None.

VII. Other important matters: Matters associated with cyber-security risk assessment and analysis, and countermeasures therefor

To satisfy the information security needs requisite for supply chain safety and internal audit and internal control, NEXCOM has formulated a set of regulations for risk assessment and evaluation, including:

- (I) A responsible unit for risk assessment
 - The Risk Control Team evaluates and identifies the risk of possible information security threats and incidents, with the participating departments being:
 - 1. IT Management Department: Evaluate and handle the risks associated with information assets.
 - 2. Administration and Service Department: Evaluate the physical security risk (e.g., access control).
 - 3. Personnel Department: Formulate and promulgate related regulations; announce the rewards to and discipline on personnel.
 - 4. Other user departments: Evaluate the risks associated with daily operations.

- (II) Means of evaluation
 - 1 By using scientific data and evidence, the Company quantitatively assesses the possibility of hazardous effects that might impact certain assets exposing to certain threats.
 - 2 The following items are defined:
 - (1) Asset (A)
 - (2) Threat (T)
 - (3) Vulnerability (V)
 - (4) Exposure frequency (E)
 - (5) Likelihood (L)
 - (6) Consequence (C)
 - (7) Security risk = Consequence (C) * Likelihood (L)
 - 3 Asset inventory and risk evaluation are regularly conducted to define each asset's risk level (index).
 - 4 Vulnerability risk index are ranked in order of scores to serve as a reference for the Company's risk improvement in order of priority.
- (III) Means of control
 - 1 Countermeasures are formulated to mitigate the possibility of the occurrence of a threatening circumstance and thereby the occurrence of security incidents of such kind, or to reduce the harm brought by such a threatening circumstance.
 - 2 Countermeasures may be in either of the following forms:
 - (1) Being dealt with: Dealt with by concrete measures within the organization.
 - (2) Transfer: Transfer of substantive risk to other places, points in time, or parties.
 - (3) Termination: This might be that the risk has reached a certain extent such that the organization decides not to continue such an activity.
- (IV) Improvement planning and measures:
 - 1 After the means to control and plan the risk is determined, each unit fills the improvement planning and measures in the column titled "Expected risk management measures" of the "Information Asset Risk Evaluation Record", and implements the control of the "Risk Management Plan and Project Table".
 - 2 Each unit executive shall communicate with their staff so that the staff understand the supply chain security risk resulting from the staff's operation, and the means to control the risk.

Eight. Special Items

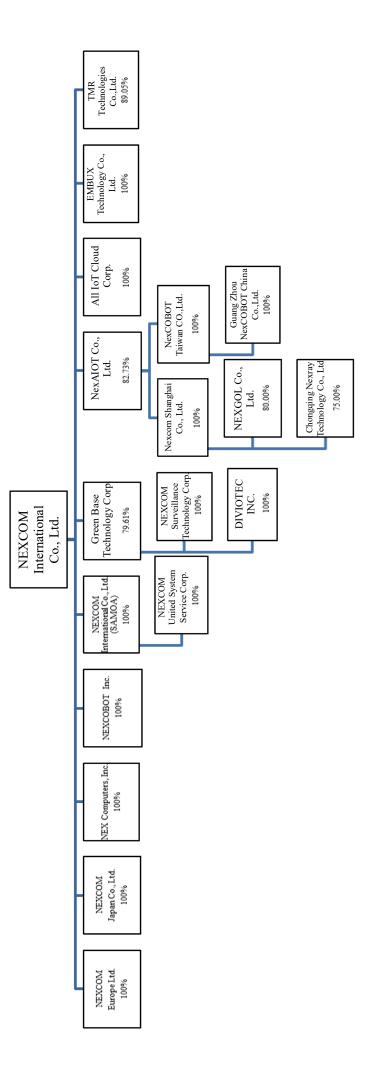
I. Information on affiliates

(I) Consolidated business report of affiliates

1. Overview of affiliates

(1) Organizational chart of affiliates

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Organizational chart of affiliates



(2) Basic information on affiliates

December 31, 2022 Unit: NT\$ thousand

Unit: NT\$ thousand				
Company name	Date incorporated	Address	Paid-in capital	Major business activities or product lines
NEXCOM Europe Ltd.	1999/07/19	10 Vincent Avenue, Crownhill Milton Keynes,MK80AB Buckinghamshire, U.K.	28,310	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
Nex Computers, Inc.	1999/09/01	46665 Fremont Blvd, Fremont CA 94538, USA	56,977	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NEXCOM Japan Co., Ltd.	2000/12/04	9F,Tamachi Hara Bldg., 4-11-5, Shiba Minato-ku, Tokyo, Japan	12,762	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	2004/08/30	Vistra Corporate Services Centre, Ground Floor NPF Building, Beach Road, Apia, Samoa	195,893	Investment
Green Base Technology Corp.	2011/05/20	13F., No. 922, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	173,044	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NexAIOT Co., Ltd.	2014/03/19	13F., No. 922, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	208,720	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	2014/05/12	Room 406-407, Building C, No. 154, Lane 953, Jianchuan Road, Minhang District, Shanghai	104,234	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd	2014/06/30	13F., No. 916, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	36,450	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NEXCOM United System Service Corp.	2015/03/30	Room 604, No. 609, East Yunling Road, Putuo District, Shanghai	33,998	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NEXCOM Surveillance Technology Corp.	2015/05/27	South Block B, 8th Floor, Building B3, Xiufeng Industrial City, Gankeng Community, Buji Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen	30,321	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
All IoT Cloud Corp.	2015/09/08	13F., No. 922, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	10,000	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NEXGOL Co.,Ltd	2017/02/21	Building 1, No. 999, Xingguang Avenue, Yongchuan District, Chongqing	44,650	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
CHONGQING NEXRAY TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd.	2017/03/27	Building 1, No. 999, Xingguang Avenue, Yongchuan District, Chongqing	17,888	Computer and

Company name	Date incorporated	Address	Paid-in capital	Major business activities or product lines
TMR Technologies Co.,Ltd.	2017/10/06	13F., No. 916, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	26,072	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd.	2018/04/03	13F., No. 916, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City	60,000	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
NEXCOBOT Inc.	2018/04/05	46665 Fremont Blvd, Fremont CA 94538, USA	5,921	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
Guang Zhou NexCOBOT China Co.,Ltd.	2018/07/24	No. 008, Room 1716, No. 37, Jinlong, Nansha Street, Xiangjiang Financial Business Center, Nansha District, Guangzhou	15,777	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Trading
DIVIOTEC INC.	2012/11/05	29F1, No. 97, Sec. 4, Chongxin Rd., Sanchong Dist., New Taipei City	8,844	Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing

- (3) Information on the same shareholder of affiliates presumed to have a relationship of control or subordination: Not applicable.
- (4) Businesses covered by affiliate companies: Computer and Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing and Trading

(5) Information on directors, supervisors, and presidents of affiliate companies:

December 31, 2022 Unit: thousand shares: %

			Unit: thousa	and shares; %
				eholding
Company name	Title	Name or Representative	Number of shares	Shareholding Percentage
NEXCOM Europe Ltd.	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang and Yang Chien-Hsing	580	
Nex Computers, Inc.	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang and Yang Chien-Hsing	5,000	100.00%
NEXCOM Japan Co., Ltd.	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Yang Chien-Hsing, and Yang Yu-Shu NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.	1	100.00%
NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	Director	Representative: Chen Yuan-Pin NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang	6,386	100.00%
Green Base	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Yang Chien-Hsing, and Yang Hsing-Yao	13,777	79.62%
Technology Corp.	Supervisor	Yang Yu-Shu	-	_
-	President	Yang Hsing-Yao	_	_
NexAIOT Co.,	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Lin Hung-Chou, and Shen Chien-I	17,268	82.73%
Ltd.	Supervisor	Yang Yu-Shu	_	
	President	Lin Hung-Chou	_	_
Nexcom Shanghai Co., -	Director	NexAIOT Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang NexAIOT Co., Ltd.		100.00%
Ltd.	Supervisor Director	Representative: Chen Yuan-PinNEXCOM International Co.,Ltd.(SAMOA)		
NEXCOM United System Service Corp.	Supervisor	Representative: Lin Mao-ChangNEXCOM International Co.,Ltd.(SAMOA)Representative: Chen Yuan-Pin		100.00%
	President	Wang Cheng-Jen	_	_
NEXCOM	Director	Green Base Technology Corp. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang		100.00%
Surveillance Technology	Supervisor	Green Base Technology Corp. Representative: Chen Yuan-Pin		100.0070
Corp.	President	Yang Hsing-Yao	_	
All IoT Cloud Corp.	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Lin Hung-Chou, and Chen Po-Hsu	1,000	100.00%
	Supervisor	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Yu-Shu		

				eholding
Company name	Title	Name or Representative	Number	Shareholding
		Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	of shares	Percentage
	Director	Representative: Lin Mao-Chang and Lin Hung-Chou	_	80.00%
NEXGOL Co.,Ltd		Chongqing Googol Changjiang Research Institute Representative: Lu Shu		20.00%
_	Supervisor	Chongqing Googol Changjiang Research Institute Representative: Lin Chen-Jung		20.0070
	President	Chen Chih-Hang	—	—
EMBUX	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Lin Hung-Chou, and Ting Wen-Ching	7,290	100.00%
Ltd	Supervisor	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Yu-Shu		
	President	Ting Wen-Ching	_	_
TMR Technologies	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representatives: Lin Mao-Chang, Lin Hung-Chou, and Lai Kuan-Chou	2,322	89.05%
Co.,Ltd.	Supervisor	Yang Yu-Shu	_	_
	President	Lai Kuan-Chou	65	2.50%
NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd.	Director	NexAIOT Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Lin Hung-Chou, and Shen Chien-I	6,000	100.00%
	Supervisor	NexAIOT Co., Ltd. Representative: Yang Yu-Shu	. 0,000	100.0070
	President	Shen Chien-I	_	_
NEXCOBOT Inc.	Director	NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang and Lin Hung-Chou	200	100.00%
Guang Zhou NexCOBOT -	Director	NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Lin Hung-Chou, and Yang Ching-Cheng		100.00%
China Co.,Ltd.	Supervisor	NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd. Representative: Tu Shu-Ling		
	President	Yang Ching-Cheng	—	—
CHONGQING NEXRAY	Director	Suzhou Surite Trading Co., Ltd. Representative: Ma Yuan Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	_	25.00%
TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd.	Supervisor	Representative: Lin Hung-Chou and Lin Ming-Hao Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd. Representative: Chen Chih-Hang		75.00%
	President	Tu Cheng-Yen	_	_
DIVIOTEC INC -	Director	Green Base Technology Corp. Representative: Lin Mao-Chang, Yu Ju-Fen, and Yang Hsing-Yao	884	100.00%
NEXGOL Co.,Ltd Director Nexcom Shanghai Representative: Li Hung-Chou NEXGOL Co.,Ltd Supervisor Chongqing Googo Representative: Lu Chongqing Googo Representative: Li President President Chen Chih-Hang NEXCOM Internat Representative: Ya MBUX Technology Co., Ltd Supervisor NEXCOM Internat Representative: Ya President Ting Wen-Ching NEXCOM Internat Representative: Ya MR Technologies Co.,Ltd. Supervisor Yang Yu-Shu President Lai Kuan-Chou NexCOBOT Taiwan CO.,Ltd. Supervisor Yang Yu-Shu NexCOBOT Inc. Director NexAIOT Co., Ltd Representative: Ya NEXCOBOT Inc. Director NexAIOT Co., Ltd Representative: Ya NEXCOBOT Inc. Director NexAIOT Co., Ltd Representative: Li and Shen Chien-I NEXCOBOT Inc. Director NexCOBOT Taiwa Representative: Li Hung-Chou NexCOBOT China Co.,Ltd. Supervisor Representative: Li Hung-Chou NexCOBOT China Co.,Ltd. Supervisor NexCOBOT Taiwa Representative: Li Hung-Chou NexRAY TECHNOLOGY Co., Ltd. Director Nexcom Shanghai Representative: Chi Nexcom Shanghai Representative: Chi Nexcom Shanghai Representative: Li Yang Hsing-Yao </td <td>Green Base Technology Corp. Representative: Yang Yu-Shu</td> <td></td> <td></td>	Green Base Technology Corp. Representative: Yang Yu-Shu			
	President	Yu Ju-Fen		

Note: Information on directors, supervisors, and presidents of affiliates as of the publication date of this annual report.

(II) Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliates

<u>NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.</u> Declaration of Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliates

Considering that the companies to be included into the consolidated financial statements of affiliates under the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" were the same as those to be included into the consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiaries under IFRS 10 in 2022 (from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022) and the related information to be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates was already disclosed in said consolidated financial statements of the parent and subsidiaries were prepared separately.

In witness thereof, the Declaration is hereby presented.

Company name: NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

Responsible person: Lin Mao-Chang

February 22, 2023

(III) Affiliation Report: Not applicable, because, by law, the Company does not need to prepare an affiliation report.

- **II.** Private placement of marketable securities in the most recent year and the current year up till the publication date of this annual report: None.
- **III.** Holding or disposal of the Company's shares by its subsidiaries in the most recent year and the current year up to the publication date of this annual report: None.
- **IV.** Other matters that require additional explanation: None.
- V. Any events in the most recent year and the current year up to the publication date of this annual report that materially affect shareholders' equity or the price of securities as defined in Paragraph 2, Subparagraph 2, Article 36 of the Securities and Exchange Act: None.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

PWCR22000525

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to the Other matter section), the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Disposal of subsidiaries in Beijing

We draw attention to Notes 4(3) and 6(32) to the consolidated financial statements, which describes that the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to dispose all the shares of its second-tier subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries and recognised a gain on disposal of NT\$846,367 thousand in 2022. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Group's 2022 consolidated financial statements are stated as follows:

Adequacy of allowance for inventory valuation loss

Description

Refer to Note 4(12) for description of accounting policy on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(4) for details of inventories. As of December 31, 2022, the Group's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation loss amounted to NT\$2,744,077 thousand and NT\$330,812 thousand, respectively.

The Group is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sales of industrial personal computers and there is a higher risk of inventory losing value or becoming obsolete due to the rapid technology innovation and stiff competition in the market. The Group's inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and the Group recognises loss on decline in value of obsolete or damaged inventories based on specific identification.

Since the amounts of inventories are material, types of inventories are various, and the identification of the net realisable value for individually identified obsolete or scrap inventories involves subjective judgement, we identified the adequacy of allowance for inventory valuation loss a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

A. Obtained an understanding of and assessed the reasonableness of accounting policies on provision of allowance for inventory valuation losses and confirmed whether they were adopted consistently in the comparative period.

- B. Inspected the annual plan of the physical inventory count and performed observation of inventory count, and evaluated the effectiveness of procedures in determining obsolete inventories.
- C. Verified the appropriateness of the system logic in calculating the ageing of inventories, and confirmed whether it is consistent with the accounting policy.
- D. For the net realisable value of inventories that are over a certain age and individually identified obsolete and damaged inventories, discussed with the management, obtained supporting documents and reviewed the calculation of the net realisable value.
- E. Tested the market price used to estimate the net realisable value of individual inventories, and selected samples to verify the calculation of net realisable value.

Cutoff of sales revenue

Description

Refer to Note 4(28) for description of accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(25) for the details of operating revenue.

The Company's sales mainly arise from manufacturing and sales of industrial personal computers and is mainly for export. The Company recognises export revenue in accordance with the terms of the transaction with the customer. Since the Company has many sales targets, sales regions and transaction conditions, we considered the cutoff of sales revenue as a key audit matter

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the transaction terms of sales revenue and tested the internal control relating to revenue recognition
- B. Selected samples to check the supporting documents for revenue recognition. The procedures performed include checking relevant documents such as orders and delivery orders to evaluate the appropriateness of cutoff of revenue.
- C. Performed sales transaction cut-off test for a certain period before and after balance sheet date to assess the appropriateness of cutoff on sales revenue.

Other matter - Reference to the audits of other auditors

The financial statements of certain subsidiaries and investments accounted for under the equity method as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the consolidated financial statements in respect of these subsidiaries and investees, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. Total assets of these subsidiaries including investments accounted for using equity method, amounted to NT\$1,562,997 thousand and NT\$338,702 thousand, constituting 18% and 4% of the consolidated total assets as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the operating revenue amounted to NT\$2,752,109 thousand and NT\$604,910 thousand, constituting 35% and 9% of the consolidated total operating revenue for the years then ended, respectively.

Other matter – Parent company only financial reports

We have audited and expressed an unqualified opinion with other matter section on the parent company only financial statements of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. as at and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wu, Han-ChiTsFor and on Behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, TaiwanFebruary 22, 2023

Tsai, Yi-Tai

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying consolidated financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

			 December 31, 2022		December 31, 202	
	Assets	Notes	 AMOUNT	%	AMOUNT	%
	Current assets					
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$ 1,464,475	17	\$ 709,436	9
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(2)	2,919	-	8,713	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2)	1,896,736	21	1,598,043	20
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7	23,107	-	107,770	1
1200	Other receivables	6(3)	421,861	5	51,056	1
130X	Inventory	6(4)	2,413,265	27	2,782,314	35
1410	Prepayments		 75,019	1	112,727	1
11XX	Total current assets		 6,297,382	71	5,370,059	67
	Non-current assets					
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(5)				
	value through other comprehensive					
	income		44,801	1	117,664	2
1535	Non-current financial assets at	6(6)				
	amortised cost		307	-	3,899	-
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(7)				
	equity method		13,911	-	17,863	-
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(8) and 8	1,436,124	16	1,495,061	19
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(9)	435,946	5	546,523	7
1760	Investment property - net	6(11) and 8	172,555	2	174,075	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(12)	55,462	1	72,981	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(30)	91,192	1	108,282	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(13) and 8	 295,916	3	77,840	1
15XX	Total non-current assets		 2,546,214	29	2,614,188	33
1XXX	Total assets		\$ 8,843,596	100	\$ 7,984,247	100

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

(Continued)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	%		December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(14) and 8	\$	2,470,000	28	\$	2,542,702	32
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(15)		100,000	1		100,000	1
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(25)		179,685	2		103,003	1
2150	Notes payable			382	-		181	-
2170	Accounts payable	7		1,232,124	14		1,340,179	17
2200	Other payables	6(16)		527,649	6		422,520	5
2230	Current income tax liabilities			108,336	1		22,646	-
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(17)		31,059	-		27,912	1
2280	Current lease liabilities			66,524	1		93,375	1
2300	Other current liabilities	6(18)		10,591	-		13,176	-
21XX	Total current liabilities			4,726,350	53		4,665,694	58
	Non-current liabilities							
2540	Non-current portion of non-current	6(18) and 8						
	borrowings			-	-		477	-
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-current	6(17)		11,490	-		9,744	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(30)		184,376	2		1,514	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			382,451	5		467,127	6
2600	Other non-current liabilities			2,482	-		2,065	-
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			580,799	7		480,927	6
2XXX	Total liabilities			5,307,149	60		5,146,621	64
	Equity attributable to owners of							
	parent							
	Share capital	6(22)						
3110	Common stock			1,412,265	16		1,412,265	18
	Capital surplus	6(23)						
3200	Capital surplus			367,987	4		367,763	4
	Retained earnings	6(24)						
3310	Legal reserve			336,749	4		322,108	4
3320	Special reserve			66,125	1		45,978	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			1,288,225	14		548,648	7
	Other equity interest							
3400	Other equity interest		(30,187)	-	(66,125) (1)
31XX	Equity attributable to owners of							
	parent			3,441,164	39		2,630,637	33
36XX	Non-controlling interest			95,283	1		206,989	3
3XXX	Total equity			3,536,447	40		2,837,626	36
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9						
	unrecognised contract commitments							
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	8,843,596	100	\$	7,984,247	100

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES <u>CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Tennerged in the second of New Teinerg dellars)

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31					
			2022			2021	%	
	Items	Notes	AMOUNT		%	AMOUNT		
4000	Operating revenue	6(25) and 7	\$	7,916,697	100 \$	6,780,580	100	
5000	Operating costs	6(4)(28)(29) and	l					
		7	(5,906,015)(75)(5,215,867)(77)	
5900	Gross profit from operations			2,010,682	25	1,564,713	23	
	Operating expenses	6(28)(29)						
6100	Selling expenses		(783,349)(10)(626,507)(9)	
6200	Administrative expenses		(189,558)(2)(181,297) (2)	
6300	Research and development							
	expense		(551,492)(7)(593,414)(9)	
6450	(Expected credit impairment	12(2)						
	loss) impairment gain							
	determined in accordance with							
	IFRS 9		(76,338)(1)	12,605		
6000	Total operating expenses		(1,600,737)(20)(1,388,613)(20)	
6900	Operating profit			409,945	5	176,100	3	
	Non-operating income and							
	expenses							
7010	Other income	6(26)		71,773	1	83,413	1	
7020	Other gains and losses	6(27)		921,523	12 (20,970)	-	
7050	Finance costs		(45,521)(1)(34,605)(1)	
7060	Share of profit/(loss) of	6(7)						
	associates and joint ventures							
	accounted for under equity							
	method		(4,229)		1,357	-	
7000	Total non-operating income							
	and expenses			943,546	12	29,195	-	
7900	Profit from continuing							
	operations before income tax			1,353,491	17	205,295	3	
7950	Income tax expense	6(30)	(423,016) (5)(25,874) (1)	
8200	Profit for the year		\$	930,475	12 \$	179,421	2	

(Continued)

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amounts)

			Year ended December 31					
	-		<u> </u>	2022			2021	
	Items	Notes	A	MOUNT	%		AMOUNT	%
	Other comprehensive income							
	Components of other							
	comprehensive income that will							
	not be reclassified to profit or							
8311	loss	$\epsilon(20)$						
0311	Actuarial gains on defined benefit plans	6(20)	¢	2,650		¢	6,075	
8316	Unrealised gain (loss) on	6(5)	\$	2,030	-	\$	0,075	-
8510	financial assets measured at fair	0(3)						
	value through other							
	comprehensive income			5,112	-	(5,078)	
8349	Income tax related to	6(30)		$_{2,112}$	-	C	5,078)	-
0547	components of other	0(50)						
	comprehensive income that will							
	not be reclassified to profit or							
	loss		(530)	_	(1,215)	_
8310	Other comprehensive income		((1,215)	
0510	(loss) that will not be							
	reclassified to profit or loss			7,232	_	(218)	_
	Other comprehensive income			1,232		·		
	(loss) that will be reclassified to							
	profit or loss							
8361	Exchange differences on							
0001	translation of foreign financial							
	statements			45,491	-	(16,499)	-
8360	Other comprehensive income					`		
	(loss) that will be reclassified							
	to profit or loss			45,491	-	(16,499)	-
8300	Total other comprehensive					`	, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	
	income (loss) for the year		\$	52,723	-	(\$	16,717)	-
8500	Total comprehensive income for			·		· <u></u>	<u> </u>	
	the year		\$	983,198	12	\$	162,704	2
	Profit attributable to:					<u> </u>	,	
8610	Owners of the parent		\$	902,188	12	\$	141,545	1
8620	Non-controlling interest		¥	28,287	-	Ŧ	37,876	1
	8		\$	930,475	12	\$	179,421	2
	Comprehensive income attributable	`	<u>Ψ</u>	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Ψ	119,121	
	to:							
8710	Owners of the parent		\$	951,529	12	\$	126,258	1
8720	Non-controlling interest		Ψ	31,669	-	Ψ	36,446	1
0, _ 0			\$	983,198	12	\$	162,704	2
			*	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Ŧ	102,701	
	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(31)						
9750	Basic earnings per share	- ()	\$		6.39	\$		1.00
			Ψ		0.07	Ψ		1.00
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(31)	\$		6.38	\$		1.00
2000	- mare carrier by per chare		Ψ		0.00	Ψ		1.00

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

		Total equity	$\frac{\$2,\$12,347}{179,421}$ $\frac{\$2,\$17}{162,704}$	- - 41	$\begin{array}{c} 4,350 \\ 20,149 \\ \$2,837,626 \end{array}$	\$ 2, 837, 626 930, 475 52, 723 983, 198	- - 141,226)	150,137) 5,872 1,114 \$3,536,447
		Non-controlling interest	$ \frac{\$ 195,382}{37,876} ($		$\begin{array}{c} (& 4,330) \\ (& 20,503) \\ \hline $ 206,989 \\ \hline \end{array}$	\$ 206,989 \$ 28,287 3,382 31,669 \$		$\begin{array}{c} (150, 137) (\\ 5, 872 \\ 890 \\ \$ 95, 283 \end{array}$
		Total	$\frac{\$2,616,965}{141,545}$	- - (112,981) 41	$\frac{354}{2,630,637}$	$\frac{\$2,630,637}{902,188}$ $\frac{49,341}{951,529}$	- - (141,226)	 <u>\$3,441,164</u>
	Other Equity Interest	Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	$(\frac{\$}{20,985})$		- - (<u>\$</u> 26,063)	$(\frac{\$ 26,063}{5,112})$		$(11, 283) = \frac{1}{2}$
TIES		Fir stat trar differ fo	$(\frac{\$ 24,993}{-})$		- - (<u>\$</u> 40,062)	$(\frac{\$}{42,109})$		\$ 2,047
ERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES O STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY DED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 d in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)	Equity attributable to owners of the parent Retained Earnings	Unappropriated retained earnings	<pre>\$ 488,932 \$ 141,545 \$ 4,860 \$ 146,405</pre>	(10,657) 36,949 (112,981)	- - \$ 548,648	\$ 548,648 902,188 2,120 904,308	(14,641) (20,147) (141,226)	11,283 - - \$1,288,225
NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIAI CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)	luity attributable to Retained Earnings	Special reserve	\$ 82,927 - -	- (36,949) -	- - \$ 45,978	\$ 45,978 - -	- 20,147 -	- - - \$ 66,125
M INTERNATIO DATED STATEM RS ENDED DEC pressed in thousa	Eq	Legal reserve	\$ 311,451	10,657 - -	- - \$ 322,108	\$ 322,108 - -	14,641 - -	- - - -
<u>NEXCOM INT</u> <u>CONSOLIDATED</u> <u>YEARS EN</u> (Expressed		Total capital surplus, additional paid- in capital	\$ 367,368	41	- 354 \$ 367,763	\$ 367,763		- - 224 \$ 367,987
		Share capital - common stock	\$1,412,265 - -		- - \$1,412,265	<u>\$1,412,265</u> - -		<u>-</u> - - -
		Notes	403	0(24) 6(21)				(c)0 115 ((32)
			Year ended December 31, 2021 Balance at January 1, 2021 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year Total comprehensive income (loss)	Distribution of 2020 carmings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends Share-based payment	Changes in non-controlling interest Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>rear ended December 51, 2022</u> Balance at January 1, 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year Total comprehensive income	Distribution of 2021 camings Legal reserve Special reserve Cash dividends	Disposal of equity instruments at lair value unougo other comprehensive income Disposal of subsidiaries Changes in non-controlling interest Changes in owership interests in subsidiaries Balance at December 31, 2022

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES</u> CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

			Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2022		2021	
CASH ELOWS EDOM OPED ATING ACTIVITIES						
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax		\$	1,353,491	\$	205.295	
Adjustments		φ	1,555,491	Φ	203,293	
Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)						
Depreciation (including investment property)	6(27)(28)		99,318		112,382	
Depreciation (Right-of-use assets)	6(9)(28)		84,987		103,896	
Amortization	6(12)(28)		36,309		41,174	
Expected credit loss (impairment gain)	12(2)		76,338	(12,605)	
Interest expense			36,886		24,560	
Interest expense (lease liability)	6(9)		8,635		10,045	
Interest income	6(26)	(7,713)	(899)	
Dividend income	6(26)	(5,200)	(4,250)	
Share-based payments	6(21)		-		41	
Share of loss (profit) of associates accounted for under the equity method	6(7)		4 220	,	1,357)	
(Gain) loss on disposal and scrap of property, plant and equipment	6(27)	(4,229 522)	(294	
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	6(27)	(846,367)		294	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	0(27)	(040,507)			
Changes in operating assets						
Notes receivable			5,594		8,927	
Accounts receivable		(521,621)	(31,623)	
Accounts receivable - related parties		(27,797)	(93,489)	
Other receivables		(39,442)	(16,642)	
Inventories		(337,221)	(1,353,595)	
Prepayments			19,999	(72,496)	
Other non-current assets		(9,200)	(663)	
Changes in operating liabilities			00.505		1.4.510	
Contract liabilities			83,725	,	14,518	
Notes payable			201 426,476	(1,733)	
Accounts payable Other payables			420,470		533,640 59,295	
Provision			4,893	(2,942)	
Other current liabilities			2,210	ì	9,288)	
Other liabilities			2,210	(,200) -	
Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations			612,919	(487,515)	
Interest received			1,663	(888	
Dividends received			5,200		4,250	
Interest paid		(44,748)	(35,210)	
Income tax paid		(146,950)	(42,035)	
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities			428,084	(559,622)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value through other	6(5)					
comprehensive income			77,975		-	
Decrease in financial assets at amortised cost	((22))		3,592	,	92	
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(32)	(84,130)	(71,292)	
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Acquisition of intangible assets	6(22)	(1,480	(117 25,480)	
Increase in refundable deposits	6(32)	(34,010) 10,671	(23,480) 3,165	
Decrease in restricted assets			2,727		32,996	
Increase in other non-current assets		(6,013)		52,790	
Cash outflow from disposal of subsidiaries	6(32)	(523,164	(4,704)	
Increase in other non-current assets	0(02)	(16,400)	ì	1,573)	
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		·	479,056	(66,679)	
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			,,000	`		
Increase in short-term loans			25,931		660,155	
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable					100,000	
Payment of long-term debt		(5,245)	(4,810)	
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received			170	(8,542)	
Payment of lease liabilities		(89,837)	(107,978)	
Cash dividends paid	6(24)	(141,226)	(112,981)	
Change in non-controlling interest			10,298	(4,336)	
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(199,909)		521,508	

(Continued)

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Year ended December 31			
	Notes		2022		2021
Effect of foreign exchange translations		\$	47,808	(20,239)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			755,039	(125,032)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		709,436		834,468
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	1,464,475	\$	709,436

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 and 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) in November 1992. The Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred herein as the "Group") are engaged in the manufacture and sales of industrial personal computers and peripherals, agent of distribution, design of computer programs and computer software applications, etc. The shares of the Company have been traded on the Taipei Exchange since June 7, 2007.

2. <u>THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL</u> <u>STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u>

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 22, 2023.

- 3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS
 - Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International
	Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds	January 1, 2022
before intended use' Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts—cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Group

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Group's financial condition and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets	To be determined by
between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	International Accounting
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback' IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	Standards Board January 1, 2024 January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts'	January 1, 2023
Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 $-$ comparative information'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non-current'	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024
The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the	Group's financial condition

and financial performance based on the Group's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The consolidated financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs").

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (b) Defined benefit asset recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.

(3) Basis of consolidation

- A. Basis for preparation of consolidated financial statements:
 - (a) All subsidiaries are included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Consolidation of subsidiaries begins from the date the Group obtains control of the subsidiaries and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiaries.
 - (b) Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains or losses on transactions between companies within the Group are eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
 - (c) Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the noncontrolling interests having a deficit balance.
 - (d) Changes in a parent's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in the parent losing control of the subsidiary (transactions with non-controlling interests) are accounted for as equity transactions, i.e. transactions with owners in their capacity as owners. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity.

(e) When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Group loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss when the related assets or liabilities are disposed of.

			Owners	ship (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2022	2021	Footnote
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nex Computers, Inc.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	General investment	100	100	
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nexcom Europe Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	
Nexcom International Co., Ltd.	Nexcom France	Sales of PCs and peripherals	-	100	Note 5

B. Subsidiaries included in the consolidated financial statements:

			Owners	ship (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2022	2021	Footnote
Nexcom	Greenbase	Sales of PCs	79.62	79.62	
International Co.,	Technology Corp.	and peripherals			
Ltd.					
Nexcom	NexAIoT Co.,	Sales of PCs	82.73	82.73	
International Co.,	Ltd.	and peripherals			
Ltd.					
Nexcom	All IoTCloud	Sales of PCs	100	100	
International Co.,	Corp.	and peripherals			
Ltd.			100	100	
Nexcom	EMBUX	Sales of PCs	100	100	
International Co.,		and peripherals			
Ltd.	Ltd.	a 1 . 15 a			
Nexcom	TMR	Sales of PCs	89.05	80	Note 4
	Technologies Co.,	and peripherals			
Ltd.	Ltd.				
Nexcom	NexCOBOT Inc.	Sales of PCs	100	100	
International Co.,		and peripherals			
Ltd.					
NexAIoT Co.,	NexCOBOT	Sales of PCs	100	100	Note 1
Ltd.	Taiwan Co., Ltd.	and peripherals			
NexAIoT Co.,	Nexcom Shanghai	Sales of PCs	100	100	Note 2
Ltd.	Co., Ltd.	and peripherals			

			Owners	ship (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2022	2021	Footnote
Nexcom	NEXSEC	Sales of PCs	-	69.73	Note 3
International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	Incorporated	and peripherals			
Nexcom	Zhuhai Xinxin	General	-	6.98	Note 3
International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	Management Consulting Partnership	investment			
Nexcom	Nexcom United	Sales of PCs	100	100	
International Co.,	System Service	and peripherals			
Ltd. (SAMOA) Nexcom Shanghai	Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs	80	80	
Co., Ltd.	Ltd.	and peripherals	80	80	
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.	Chongqing NEXRAY Techology Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	75	75	
Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership	NEXSEC Incorporated	Sales of PCs and peripherals	-	13.03	Note 3
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	GuangZhou NexCOBOT China Co., Ltd.	Sales of PCs and peripherals	100	100	

			Owners	ship (%)	
Name of	Name of	Main business	December 31,	December 31,	
investor	subsidiary	activities	2022	2021	Footnote
NEXSEC	Dongguan Xing	Sales of PCs	-	60	Note 3
Incorporated	Han Yun Zhi	and peripherals			
	Electronics Co.,				
	Ltd.				
Greenbase	Nexcom	Sales of PCs	100	100	
Technology Corp.	Surveillance	and peripherals			
	Technology Co.,				
	Ltd.				
Greenbase	DIVIOTEC INC.	Sales of PCs	100	100	
Technology Corp.		and peripherals			

- Note 1: On December 30, 2021, the Company and the subsidiary, NexAIoT Co., Ltd., acquired a 100% equity interest in NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd. through a share swap, and NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd. became a subsidiary of NexAIoT Co., Ltd.
- Note 2: On December 30, 2021, the Group had an organisational restructuring whereby Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd. will now be held by NexAIoT Co., Ltd.
- Note 3: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, the subsidiaries of NEXSEC Incorporated and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries during the third quarter of 2022. Refer to 6(32) C for more details.
- Note 4: In October 2022, the Company's subsidiary, TMR Technologies Co., Ltd., reduced its capital to offset against accumulated deficit, then increased its cash capital. The investment amount was \$20,000 thousand. The Company acquired the shares in the amount of \$18,600 thousand and the shareholding ratio was 89.05% after the capital increase.
- Note 5: The liquidation of the Company's subsidiary, Nexcom France, was completed in December 2022.
- C. Subsidiaries not included in the consolidated financial statements: None.
- D. Adjustments for subsidiaries with different balance sheet dates: None.
- E. Significant restrictions: None.

F. Subsidiaries that have non-controlling interests that are material to the Group: None.

(4) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in "New Taiwan Dollars", which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
 - (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.
 - (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other gains and losses'.
- B. Translation of foreign operations
 - (a) The operating results and financial position of all the group entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
 - (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (5) Classification of current and non-current items
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise, they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date.

- (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
- B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.
- (6) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income
 - A. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - B. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Group subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value:

The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Group and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.

- (7) Financial assets at amortised cost
 - A. Financial assets at amortised cost are those that meet all of the following criteria:
 - (a) The objective of the Group's business model is achieved by collecting contractual cash flows.
 - (b) The assets' contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest.
 - B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at amortised cost are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
 - C. At initial recognition, the Group measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest method. A gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired.
 - D. The Group's time deposits which do not fall under cash equivalents are those with a short maturity period and are measured at initial investment amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (8) Accounts and notes receivable
 - A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Group a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.

- B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (9) Impairment of financial assets

For financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Group recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Group recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(10) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.

(11) Leasing arrangements (lessor) - operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(12) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item-by-item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

- (13) Investments accounted for using equity method
 - A. Associates are all entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.
 - B. The Group's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligation or made payments on behalf of the associate.

- C. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income of the associate and such changes do not affect the Group's ownership percentage of the associate, the Group recognises the Group's share of change in equity of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- D. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Group and its associates are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in the associates. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.
- E. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Group remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- F. When the Group disposes its investment in an associate and loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it retains significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- (14) Property, plant and equipment
 - A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
 - B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
 - C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.
 - D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 ~ 50 years
Machinery and equipment	1 ~ 10 years
Office equipment	1 ~ 10 years
Leasehold improvements	1 ~ 10 years
Transportation equipment	$2 \sim 5$ years

(15) Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Group. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the Group's incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Group subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.
- (16) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 20 to 50 years.

(17) Intangible assets

- A. Goodwill arises in a business combination accounted for by applying the acquisition method.
- B. Intangible assets are computer software and patent stated at historical cost and amortised over their estimated useful lives of 1 to 10 years.

(18) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. Except for goodwill, when the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(19) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term, short-term bank borrowings and other short-term borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

- (20) Notes and accounts payable
 - A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
 - B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (21) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(22) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(23) <u>Provisions</u>

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date.

- (24) Employee benefits
 - A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pensions

(a) Defined contribution plans

For defined contribution plans, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.

- (b) Defined benefit plans
 - i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Group in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
 - ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plans are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
 - iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
 - iv. Pension cost for the interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the pension cost rate derived from the actuarial valuation at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events. Also, the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.

(25) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

(26) Income tax

- A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.
- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated balance sheet. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

- G. The interim period income tax expense is recognised based on the estimated average annual effective income tax rate expected for the full financial year applied to the pretax income of the interim period, and the related information is disclosed accordingly.
- H. If a change in tax rate is enacted or substantively enacted in an interim period, the Group recognises the effect of the change immediately in the interim period in which the change occurs. The effect of the change on items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity while the effect of the change on items recognised in profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss.

(27) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Group's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Group's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(28) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

A. Sales of goods

- (a.) The Group researches and develops, manufactures and sells industrial personal computers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Group has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- (b.)Sales revenue arising from industrial personal computers is recognised based on the price that is made from negotiating with customers based on purchased volume and items. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit terms that are the same with the general commercial transactions, which is consistent with market practice.
- (c.) The Group's obligation to provide a maintenance service for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- (d.) A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.
- B. Service revenue

Service revenue arises from extended warranty and maintenance service. Revenue from delivering services is recognised based on the progress of the services to be provided when the outcome of services provided can be estimated reliably.

C. Construction contract revenue

The Group provides intelligent manufacturing solution engineering business, and the contract includes equipment sales and installation services. The equipment and the installation services provided by the Group are not distinct and are identified to be one performance obligation satisfied over time since the installation services involve significant customisation and modification. The Group recognises revenue on the basis of costs incurred relative to the total expected costs of that performance obligation. If the Group has recognised revenue, but not issued a bill, then the entitlement to consideration is recognised as a contract asset. The contract asset is transferred to accounts receivable when the entitlement to payment becomes unconditional. If the payments exceed the services rendered, a contract liability is recognised. The Group's estimate about revenue, costs and progress towards complete satisfaction of a performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances.

performance obligation is subject to a revision whenever there is a change in circumstances. Any increase or decrease in revenue or costs due to an estimate revision is reflected in profit or loss during the period when the management become aware of the changes in circumstances.

(29) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

(30) Operating segments

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The Group's chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u> <u>ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY</u>

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) <u>Critical judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies</u>

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Group must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Group evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value at balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of inventories is described in Note 6(4).

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) <u>Cash</u>

	December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	835	\$	1,300
Checking accounts and		1,463,640		708,136
demand deposits				
Time deposits		14,349		17,076
		1,478,824		726,512
Transferred to restricted				
assets (shown as other				
non-current assets)	(14,349)	(17,076)
	\$	1,464,475	\$	709,436

A. The Group transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

B. The time deposits as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were transferred to restricted assets based on their nature as they were pledged as performance guarantee and guarantee for import duty. Refer to Note 8 for details.

(2) Notes and accounts receivable

	Decer	December 31, 2021		
Notes receivable	\$	2,919	\$	8,713
	Decer	nber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
Accounts receivable	\$	1,947,417	\$	1,636,835
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(50,681)	(38,792)
	\$	1,896,736	\$	1,598,043

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Dece	December 31, 2022		
Not past due	\$	1,643,387	\$	1,423,909
1 to 90 days		176,354		165,408
91 to 180 days		81,406		11,845
Over 181 days		46,270		35,673
	\$	1,947,417	\$	1,636,835

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$1,696,708.
- C. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Group's notes receivable were \$2,919 and \$8,713, and accounts receivable were \$1,896,736 and \$1,598,043, respectively.
- D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).
- (3) Other receivables

	Decem	nber 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021
Receivables from disposal	\$	356,958	\$	-
of subsidiaries (Note)				
Tax refund receivable		51,918		43,793
Others		12,985		7,263
	\$	421,861	\$	51,056

Note: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, the subsidiaries of NEXSEC Incorporated and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries during the third quarter of 2022. Refer to 6(32) C for more details.

(4) Inventories

	December 31, 2022					
		Allowance for				
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	1,589,503	(\$	174,221)	\$	1,415,282
Work in progress		438,251	(1,682)		436,569
Semi-finished goods		238,658	(41,824)		196,834
Finished goods		477,665	(113,085)		364,580
	\$	2,744,077	(\$	330,812)	\$	2,413,265

	December 31, 2021					
		Allowance for				
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value
Raw materials	\$	2,132,381	(\$	221,628)	\$	1,910,753
Work in progress		198,673	(651)		198,022
Semi-finished goods		277,865	(54,007)		223,858
Finished goods		548,128	(98,447)		449,681
	\$	3,157,047	(<u>\$</u>	374,733)	\$	2,782,314

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

	2022		2021	
Cost of goods sold	\$	5,846,567	\$	5,191,426
Loss on scrap inventory		13,439	(34,152)
Loss on inventory valuation (gain from price recovery)(Note1)		13,506		25,860
Others(Note2)		32,503		32,733
	\$	5,906,015	\$	5,215,867

Note 1: The Group reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as reduction of cost of goods sold as certain inventory items which were previously provided with allowance were subsequently sold.

Note 2: Others include gain or loss on physical inventory, revenue from scrap and low capacity utilisation.

(5) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

Items	Decem	ber 31, 2022 Dece	December 31, 2021	
Unlisted stocks	\$	80,257 \$	146,949	
Valuation adjustment	(35,456) (29,285)	
	\$	44,801 \$	117,664	

A. In the first half of 2022, the fair value of the equity investments sold was \$77,975, taking into consideration the Group's operations.

B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		2022		2021
Equity instruments at fair value through other				
comprehensive income				
Fair value change recognised in other	¢	5 1 1 0	¢	5.050
comprehensive income	\$	5,112	\$	5,078
Cumulative gains (losses) reclassified to				
retained earnings due to derecognition	\$	11,283	\$	-

- C. The Group has elected to classify financial assets that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$44,801 and \$117,664 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- D. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Group were pledged to others.
- (6) Financial assets at amortised cost

	Decembe	er 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021
Non-current items:				
Time deposits with original maturity over				
twelve months	\$	307	\$	3,899

A. Amounts recognised in profit or loss in relation to financial assets at amortised cost are listed below:

	2022		2021	
Interest income	\$	6	\$	18

- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no financial assets at amortised cost held by the Group were pledged to others.
- C. Information relating to credit risk of financial assets at amortised cost is provided in Note 12(2). The counterparties of the Group's investments in certificates of deposits are financial institutions with high credit quality, so the Group expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

(7) Investments accounted for using equity method

A. Details are as follows:

	December 31, 2022			
	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount		
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.	45%	\$ 13,911		
	December 31, 2021			
	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount		
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.	45%	\$ 17,863		

B. Amount recognised in profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method for the year ended December 31, 2022 was (\$4,229).
Amount recognised in profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method from August 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021 was \$1,357.

C. The carrying amount of the Group's interests in all individually immaterial associates and the Group's share of the operating results are summarised below: As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the carrying amount of the Group's individually immaterial associates amounted to \$30,913 and \$39,697, respectively.

		2022	 2021		
(Loss) profit from continuing operations	(\$	9,397)	\$ 4,331		
Total comprehensive (loss) income	(<u>\$</u>	9,397)	\$ 4,331		

- D. The Group's subsidiary, Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd., terminated the minor equity investment cooperation agreement with Beijing NEXGEMO Technology Co., Ltd., on July 31, 2021. Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd. was assessed to have significant influence on the operating decisions of Beijing NEXGEMO Technology Co., Ltd., but have no actual control power, thus, it was transferred from consolidated entity to investments accounted for using equity method.
- (8) Property, plant and equipment

	 Land		uildings structures		lachinery equipment		Office uipment	0	others	Total
At January 1, 2022 Cost Accumulated	\$ 839,249	\$	567,495	\$	706,798	\$	91,990	\$1	159,478	\$2,365,010
depreciation	-	(174,522)	(511,225)	(75,630) (1	108,572)	(869,949)
	\$ 839,249	\$	392,973	\$	195,573	\$	16,360	\$	50,906	\$1,495,061
<u>2022</u>										
At January 1	\$ 839,249	\$	392,973	\$	195,573	\$	16,360	\$	50,906	\$1,495,061
Additions	-		-		67,259		4,428		13,207	84,894
Disposals	-		-	(649)	(30) (279)	(958)
Disposal of subsidiaries	-		-	(40,605)	(3,578) (6,885)	(51,068)
Transfers	-		-		4,164		-		-	4,164
Depreciation	-	(9,429)	(59,727)	(6,389) (22,253)	(97,798)
Net exchange differences	-		_		973		643		213	1,829
At December 31	\$ 839,249	\$	383,544	\$	166,988	\$	11,434	\$	34,909	\$1,436,124
At December 31, 2022										
Cost	\$ 839,249	\$	567,495	\$	694,477	\$	80,279	\$ 1	147,104	\$2,328,604
Accumulated depreciation	-	(183,951)	(527,489)	(68,845) (1	112,195)	(892,480)
depreciation	\$ 839,249	\$	383,544	\$	166,988	\$		\$	34,909	\$1,436,124

		Land		uildings structures		achinery equipment		Office uipment	Others	Total
At January 1, 2021										
Cost	\$	839,249	\$	567,495	\$	671,593	\$	89,423 \$	155,450	\$2,323,210
Accumulated										
depreciation		-	(160,764)	(467,065)	(72,661) (88,513)	(789,003)
	\$	839,249	\$	406,731	\$	204,528	\$	16,762 \$	66,937	\$1,534,207
<u>2021</u>										
At January 1	\$	839,249	\$	406,731	\$	204,528	\$	16,762 \$	66,937	\$1,534,207
Additions		-		-		49,940		8,384	9,919	68,243
Disposals		-		-	(397)	(14)	-	(411)
Disposal of										
subsidiaries		-		-	(571)	(150)	-	(721)
Transfers		-		-		4,601		-	281	4,882
Depreciation		-	(13,758)	(62,530)	(8,519) (26,055)	(110,862)
Net exchange						-				
differences		-				2	(103) (176)	(<u>277</u>)
At December 31	\$	839,249	\$	392,973	\$	195,573	\$	16,360 \$	50,906	\$1,495,061
At December 31, 2021										
Cost	\$	839,249	\$	567,495	\$	706,798	\$	91,990 \$	159,478	\$2,365,010
Accumulated	φ	039,249	φ	507,495	φ	700,798	φ	91,990 Ø	139,470	\$2,303,010
depreciation		-	(174,522)	(511,225)	(75,630) (108,572)	(869,949)
	\$	839,249	\$	392,973	\$	195,573	\$	16,360 \$	50,906	\$1,495,061

Refer to Note 8 for the pledged property, plant and equipment.

(9) Leasing arrangements - lessee

- A. The Group leases various assets including buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2017 to 2031. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
- B. Short-term leases with a lease term of 12 months or less comprise certain parking spaces and warehouses.
- C. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
	Carrying amount	Carrying amount		
Buildings	\$ 435,946	\$ 546,523		
	2022	2021		
	Depreciation charge	Depreciation charge		
Buildings	\$ 84,987	\$ 103,896		

D.For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the additions to right-of-use assets were \$37,184 and \$339,825, respectively.

E. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	2022			2021		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	8,635	\$	10,045		
Expense on short-term lease contracts	\$	25,178	\$	22,929		

- F. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflow for leases were \$123,650 and \$140,952, respectively.
- (10) Leasing arrangements lessor
 - A. The Group leases various assets including buildings and structures. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
 - B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group recognised rent income in the amounts of \$11,602 and \$11,418, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
 - C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	December 31, 20	Decem	nber 31, 2021	
2022	\$	- \$	13,904	
2023	11,	562	-	
	\$ 11,	562 \$	13,904	

(11) Investment property

	Land			uildings structures	Total	
At January 1, 2022						
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414
Accumulated depreciation		-	(52,339)	(52,339)
	\$	128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075
2022						
At January 1	\$	128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075
Depreciation		-	(1,520)	(1,520)
At December 31	\$	128,902	\$	43,653	\$	172,555
At December 31, 2022						
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414
Accumulated depreciation		-	(53,859)	(53,859)
-	\$	128,902	\$	43,653	\$	172,555

	Land			Buildings structures	Total	
<u>At January 1, 2021</u>						
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414
Accumulated depreciation		-	(50,819)	()	50,819)
	\$	128,902	\$	46,693	\$	175,595
<u>2021</u>						
At January 1	\$	128,902	\$	46,693	\$	175,595
Depreciation		-	(1,520)	(1,520)
At December 31	\$	128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075
At December 31, 2021						
Cost	\$	128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414
Accumulated depreciation		-	(52,339)	(52,339)
-	\$	128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075

- A. The Group leased land and buildings at Sanchong Dist. and Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City to other companies as factories or offices until November 2023. The Group received the rental payment monthly.
- B. Refer to Note 8 for the pledged investment property.
- C. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

		2022	2021		
Rental income from investment property Direct operating expenses arising from	\$	10,571	\$	10,407	
the investment property that generated	\$	2,206	\$	2,207	
rental income during the year	Ψ	2,200	Ψ	2,207	

D. The fair value of the investment property held by the Group as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$376,330 and \$354,452, respectively, which was revalued based on market trading prices of similar property in the neighbouring areas. Valuations were categorised within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

(12) Intangible assets

	G	oodwill		Software		Others		Total
<u>At January 1, 2022</u>								
Cost	\$	2,167	\$	193,629	\$	9,503	\$	205,299
Accumulated amortisation		-	(125,613)	(6,705)	(132,318)
	\$	2,167	\$	68,016	\$	2,798	<u>\$</u>	72,981
<u>2022</u>								
At January 1	\$	2,167	\$	68,016	\$	2,798	\$	72,981
Additions		-		23,062		1,506		24,568
Disposal of subsidiaries		-	(6,032)		-	(6,032)
Amortisation charge		-	(33,513)	(2,796)	(36,309)
Exchange differences				242		12		254
At December 31	\$	2,167	\$	51,775	\$	1,520	\$	55,462
At December 31, 2022								
Cost	\$	2,167	\$	175,499	\$	11,262	\$	188,928
Accumulated amortisation	Ψ	2,107	φ (123,724)	φ (9,742)	φ (133,466)
Accumulated amortisation	\$	2,167	\$	51,775	`\$	1,520	\$	55,462
	Ψ	2,107	Ψ	51,775	Ψ	1,520	Ψ	55,102
	C	Goodwill	_	Software		Others		Total
<u>At January 1, 2021</u>		loodwill		Software		Others		Total
<u>At January 1, 2021</u> Cost	<u> </u>	boodwill 2,167	\$	Software 161,518	\$	Others 6,737	\$	Total 170,422
•			\$ (
Cost			\$ (161,518		6,737		170,422
Cost	\$	2,167	(161,518 87,081)	(6,737 4,090)	(170,422 91,171)
Cost Accumulated amortisation	\$	2,167	(161,518 87,081)	(6,737 4,090)	(170,422 91,171)
Cost Accumulated amortisation	\$ \$	2,167 	(<u></u> \$	161,518 87,081) 74,437	(6,737 <u>4,090</u>) <u>2,647</u>	(170,422 91,171) 79,251
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1	\$ \$	2,167 	(<u></u> \$	161,518 <u>87,081</u>) 74,437 74,437	(6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647	(170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1 Additions-acquired separately	\$ \$	2,167 	(<u></u> \$	161,518 87,081) 74,437 74,437 32,107	(6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647 2,815	(170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251 34,922
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1 Additions-acquired separately Amortisation charge	\$ \$	2,167 	(<u></u> \$	161,518 87,081) 74,437 74,437 32,107 38,531)	(6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647 2,815 2,643)	(170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251 34,922 41,174)
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1 Additions-acquired separately Amortisation charge Exchange differences At December 31	\$ <u>\$</u>	2,167 2,167 2,167	(161,518 87,081) 74,437 74,437 32,107 38,531) 3	(6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647 2,815 2,643) 21)	(170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251 34,922 41,174) 18)
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1 Additions-acquired separately Amortisation charge Exchange differences	\$ \$ \$	2,167 2,167 2,167 - - 2,167	(\$	161,518 87,081) 74,437 74,437 32,107 38,531) 3 68,016	(\$ \$ \$	6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647 2,815 2,643) 21) 2,798	(170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251 34,922 41,174) 18) 72,981
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1 Additions-acquired separately Amortisation charge Exchange differences At December 31 <u>At December 31, 2021</u> Cost	\$ <u>\$</u>	2,167 2,167 2,167	(161,518 87,081) 74,437 74,437 32,107 38,531) 3 68,016 193,629	(\$ \$ ((\$\$	6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647 2,815 2,643) 21) 2,798 9,503	(\$ \$ (\$	170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251 34,922 41,174) 18) 72,981 205,299
Cost Accumulated amortisation <u>2021</u> At January 1 Additions-acquired separately Amortisation charge Exchange differences At December 31 <u>At December 31, 2021</u>	\$ \$ \$	2,167 2,167 2,167 - - 2,167	(\$	161,518 87,081) 74,437 74,437 32,107 38,531) 3 68,016	(\$ \$ ((\$\$	6,737 4,090) 2,647 2,647 2,815 2,643) 21) 2,798	(\$ \$ (\$	170,422 91,171) 79,251 79,251 34,922 41,174) 18) 72,981

Details of amortisation on intangible assets are as follows:

	 2022	2021
Operating costs	\$ 9,969	\$ 6,762
Selling expenses	5,133	6,200
Administrative expenses	12,159	24,641
Research and development expenses	9,048	 3,571
	\$ 36,309	\$ 41,174

(13) Other non-current assets

	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021		
Long-term receivables from						
disposal of subsidiaries (Note)	\$	217,606	\$	-		
Prepayments for equipment		12,766		530		
Refundable deposits		25,924		36,595		
Net defined benefit assets		24,868		22,218		
Restricted assets		14,349		17,076		
Others		403		1,421		
	\$	295,916	\$	77,840		

Note: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, the subsidiaries of NEXSEC Incorporated and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries during the third quarter of 2022. Refer to 6(32) C for more details.

(14) Short-term borrowings

Type of borrowings	Decer	nber 31, 2022	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$	1,400,000	$1.43\% \sim 2.14\%$
Secured borrowings		1,070,000	$1.43\% \sim 1.98\%$
	\$	2,470,000	
Type of borrowings	Decer	nber 31, 2021	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings			
Unsecured borrowings	\$	1,412,702	$0.52\% \sim 3.85\%$
Secured borrowings		1,130,000	$0.88\% \sim 1.00\%$
	\$	2,542,702	

Details of collateral for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

(15) Short-term notes and bills payable

	December 31, 2022			December 31, 2021		
Commercial paper	\$	100,000	\$	100,000		
Interest rate	1.929	%~1.938%	1.01	2%~1.05%		

(16) Other payables

	Decem	ber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Accrued salaries and bonus	\$	308,530	\$	233,383	
Processing fees payable		24,131		3,763	
Labour and health insurance payable		23,480		18,918	
Pension cost payable		8,853		7,328	
Business tax payable		106		7,137	
Payable on machinery and equipment		5,653		1,889	
Payable on software		-		9,442	
Others		156,896		140,660	
	\$	527,649	\$	422,520	
(17) <u>Provisions</u>		2022		2021	
At January 1	\$	37,656	\$	40,598	
Additional provisions	·	34,846	·	29,680	
Used during the year	(29,953)	(32,622)	
At December 31	\$	42,549	\$	37,656	
Analysis of total provisions:					
	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021	
Current	\$	31,059	\$	27,912	
Non-current	\$	11,490	\$	9,744	
The Group's warranty provisions were assoc	• • • • • • •	1 C 1	• 1	1 (

The Group's warranty provisions were associated with the sales of industrial personal computer products, and were estimated in accordance with the historical warranty data of products.

(18) Other current liabilities

	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Decem	ber 31, 2021
Current portion of long-term borrowings	\$	-	\$	4,768
Others		10,591		8,408
	\$	10,591	\$	13,176

(19) Long-term borrowings

Type of	Borrowing period /		
borrowings	borrowings repayment term		31, 2021
Installment-repayment borrowings			
Secured borrowings	Borrowing period is from April 2020 to June 2023; interest and principal are payable monthly	\$	5,245
Less: Current portion		(<u>4,768</u>) 477
Undrawn borrowing fa	acilities	\$	-
Interest rate		4.65%~	4.75%

There were no such transactions on December 31, 2022.

Details of collateral for long-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

(20) Pensions

- A.(a)The Company and its domestic subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount equal to 4% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
 - (b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are determined as follows:

	Decen	nber 31, 2022	December 31, 202	
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	-	\$	-
Fair value of plan assets		24,868		22,218
Net defined benefit asset (shown as				
other non-current assets)	\$	24,868	\$	22,218

(c) Movements in net defined benefit assets are as follows:

	ofd	nt value efined obligations	Fair value ns of plan assets		Net defined benefit assets	
<u>2022</u>						
Balance at January 1	\$	-	\$	22,218	\$	22,218
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)		_		2,650		2,650
Balance at December 31	\$	_	\$	24,868	\$	24,868
	of d	nt value efined obligations	Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit assets	
<u>2021</u>						
Balance at January 1	(\$	17,296)	\$	33,391	\$	16,095
Interest (expense) income	(52)		100		48
	(17,348)		33,491		16,143
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)		_		485		485
Experience adjustments		5,590		-		5,590
		5,590		485		6,075
Paid pension		11,758	(11,758)		_
Balance at December 31	\$		\$	22,218	\$	22,218

- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's and domestic subsidiaries' defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company and domestic subsidiaries have no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company and domestic subsidiaries are unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value percentage of plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.
- (e) The actuarial report showed that the Group had contributed sufficient pension funds. Thus, the Group discontinued contributing to the labor pension reserve funds temporarily from June 2020 to May 2022 in accordance with Labor Affairs Department, New Taipei City Government Letter No.1101223971 and No. 1091145569, respectively. The Group has no expected contributions to the defined benefit pension plan for the year ending December 31,2022.
- B. (a) Effective July 1, 2005, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries have established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries contribute monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
 - (b)The Group's overseas subsidiaries have a defined contribution plan. Monthly contributions to an independent fund administered by the government in accordance with the local pension regulations are based on a certain percentage of employees' monthly salaries and wages. Other than the monthly contributions, the Group has no further obligations.
 - (c)The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plans of the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$46,196 and \$39,340, respectively.

(21) Share-based payment

A. The Company's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of		Quantity	Contract	Vesting
arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	conditions
Employee stock option certificates	2016.8.30	600 units	5 years	Note 1
"	2017.4.25	400 units	"	"

Note 1: Employee stock options grant period and exercise conditions are as follows:

Vesting period	Accumulated maximum exercisable employee stock options
After 2 years	40%
After 3 years	80%
After 4 years	100%

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

		2022		2021			
		Weighted		Weighted			
		-average		-average			
	No. of	exercise price	No. of	exercise price			
	options	(in dollars)	options	(in dollars)			
Options outstanding at beginning							
of the year	400	\$ 30.51	960	\$ 31.60			
Options forfeited	(400)	29.42	(560)	31.60			
Options outstanding at end							
of the year		-	400	30.51			
Options exercisable at end of							
the year		-	400	30.51			

C. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the exercise prices of stock options outstanding were \$29.42 and \$30.51 (in dollars), respectively; while the weighted-average remaining contractual periods were 0 year and 0.50 year, respectively.

D. The fair value of stock options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

		S	tock	Exe	rcise						
		р	rice	pr	ice	Exercise				Fa	ir value
Type of			(in	(i	n	price	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	p	er unit
arrangement	Grant date	do	llars)	doll	ars)	volatility	vesting period	dividends	interest rate	(in	dollars)
Employee	2016.8.30	\$	29.1	\$	35	36.71%	3.9 years	0%	0.50%	\$	6.5633
stock option											
certificates											
Employee	2017.4.25		31.6		35	38.64%	3.9 years	0%	0.80%		8.5859
stock option											
certificates											

Note: The calculation of expected price volatility was based on the historical closing price of the target stock within the approximate length of expected duration.

E. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	2022	2021	
Equity-settled	<u>\$</u>	\$	41

F. As of December 31, 2022, the share-based payment reward plan of the subsidiary, Greenbase Technology Corp., was as follows:

Type of		No. of shares	5
arrangement	Grant date	granted	Vesting conditions/ restrictions
Employee stock options	2022.11.21	901,000	Stock options can be exercised during
			the period from February 21, 2023 to
			March 20, 2023 and unexercised stock
			option certificates will expire on
			March 31, 2023.

(22) Share capital

As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$1,800,000 (including 15,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,412,265, consisting of 141,226 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 (in dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

(23) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

		2022							
							Cha	anges in	
							sub	sidiaries	
							aco	counted	
		Share	Treas	sury share	Er	nployee	fc	or using	
]	premium	trar	sactions	restrie	cted shares	equi	ty method	
At January 1	\$	351,234	\$	2,880	\$	9,521	\$	4,128	
Share-based payment									
transactions		9,521		-	(9,521)		-	
Recognition of change in									
equity of subsidiaries in									
proportion to the		_		_		_		224	
Group's ownership	<u>_</u>			-	<u></u>				
At December 31	\$	360,755	\$	2,880	\$		\$	4,352	

		2021							
							sut	anges in osidiaries	
		Share premium		sury share		mployee icted shares	f	counted or using ity method	
At January 1	\$	345,520	\$	2,880	\$	15,194	\$	3,774	
Share-based payment transactions Recognition of change in equity of subsidiaries in		5,714		-	(5,673)		-	
proportion to the Group's ownership At December 31	<u>\$</u>	351,234	<u>\$</u>	<u>-</u> <u>2,880</u>	<u>\$</u>	9,521	<u>\$</u>	<u>354</u> <u>4,128</u>	

(24) <u>Retained earnings</u>

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings (after appropriation of no less than 1% as employees' compensation and no more than 1% as directors' remuneration), if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the legal reserve equals the total authorised capital. In addition, special reserve that has been appropriated or reversed in accordance with related regulations along with the beginning unappropriated retained earnings can be distributed as dividend provided that the appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by shareholders during their meeting.
- B. In order to meet future capital requirements and long-term financial plan, the Company takes into account the Company's business environment and growth stage. Every year, total distributed shareholders' dividends shall not be higher than 90% of the total earnings distributable, and cash dividends shall not be lower than 5% of total dividends. If the total dividends distributable is lower than \$0.5 (in dollars) per share, the above restriction on ratio shall not apply.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve for the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

E. The appropriations of 2021 and 2020 earnings as resolved by the shareholders at their meetings on June 29, 2022 and August 27, 2021, respectively, are as follows:

	 2021			_	2020			
		Div	vidends per share			Di	vidends per share	
	 Amount		(in dollars)		Amount		(in dollars)	
Legal reserve	\$ 14,641			\$	10,657			
Special reserve	20,147			(36,949)			
Cash dividends	141,226	\$	1.00		112,981	\$	0.80	

The information on distribution of earnings of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

F. For the information relating to employees' compensation and directors' remuneration, refer to Note 6(29).

(25) Operating revenue

A. The Group derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time, as follows:

Year ended December 31, 2022	Industrial personal computers	Others	Total
Timing of revenue recognition			
At a point in time	\$ 6,893,939	\$ 728,503	\$ 7,622,442
Over time	294,255	-	294,255
	\$ 7,188,194	\$ 728,503	\$ 7,916,697
Year ended December 31, 2021	Industrial personal computers	Others	Total
Year ended December 31, 2021 Timing of revenue recognition	Industrial personal computers	Others	Total
	Industrial personal computers \$ 6,188,708		Total \$ 6,706,938
Timing of revenue recognition			
Timing of revenue recognition At a point in time	\$ 6,188,708		\$ 6,706,938

B. Contract liabilities

(a) The Group has recognised the following revenue-related contract liabilities:

	Decen	nber 31, 2022	Dec	ember 31, 2021	Jar	nuary 1, 2021
Contract liabilities: Contract liabilities						
-Advance sales receipts	\$	179,685	\$	103,003	\$	88,566

(b) Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

		2022		2021
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the				
beginning of the year				
Advance sales receipts	\$	75,589	\$	67,859
(26) Other income				
		2022		2021
Government grants revenue	\$	34,780	\$	28,573
Rental revenue		11,602		11,418
Marketing allowance revenue		8,489		6,692
Dividend income		5,200		4,250
Interest income from bank deposits		7,713		899
Reimbursement income		-		13,872
Others		3,989		17,709
	\$	71,773	\$	83,413
(27) Other gains and losses				
		2022	_	2021
Gain on disposals of investments (Note)	\$	846,367	\$	-
Net gain (loss) on foreign exchange		84,333	(13,983)
Gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		522	(294)
Investment property depreciation expense	(1,520)	(1,520)
Other losses	(8,179)	(5,173)
	\$	921,523	(\$	20,970)

Note: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, the subsidiaries of NEXSEC Incorporated and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries during the third quarter of 2022. Refer to 6(32) C for more details.

(28) Expenses by nature

		2022	
	cognised in erating costs	ecognised in rating expenses	 Total
Employee benefit expense	\$ 389,047	\$ 1,038,945	\$ 1,427,992
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Depreciation charges on	68,148	16,839	84,987
property, plant and equipment Amortisation charges on	46,291	51,507	97,798
intangible assets	9,935	26,374	36,309
	\$ 513,421	\$ 1,133,665	\$ 1,647,086
		2021	
	cognised in erating costs	ecognised in a contract contra	Total
Employee benefit expense	\$ 324,939	\$ 938,101	\$ 1,263,040
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Depreciation charges on	72,018	31,878	103,896
property, plant and equipment Amortisation charges on	50,145	60,717	110,862
intangible assets	 6,762	 34,412	 41,174
_	\$ 453,864	\$ 1,065,108	\$ 1,518,972

(29) Employee benefit expense

		2022		
	ecognised in erating costs	ecognised in ating expenses		Total
Wages and salaries	\$ 323,150	\$ 911,009	\$	1,234,159
Labour and health insurance				
fees	35,598	66,763		102,361
Pension costs	14,094	32,102		46,196
Other personnel expenses	16,205	29,071	_	45,276
	\$ 389,047	\$ 1,038,945	\$	1,427,992

		2021	
	Recognised in operating costs	Recognised in erating expenses	 Total
Wages and salaries	\$ 280,415	\$ 809,861	\$ 1,090,276
Labour and health insurance			
fees	26,977	68,110	95,087
Pension costs	7,370	31,922	39,292
Other personnel expenses	 10,177	 28,208	 38,385
	\$ 324,939	\$ 938,101	\$ 1,263,040

- A. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of the current year's profit (profit before tax without provision for employees' compensation and directors' remuneration), if any, shall be accrued as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 1% for directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated deficit, earnings shall first be reserved to cover the deficit.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation was accrued at \$11,924 and \$2,650, respectively; directors' remuneration was accrued at \$4,307 and \$1,256, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration for 2021 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2021 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(30) Income tax

- A. Income tax expense
 - (a) Components of income tax expense:

	2022			2021		
Current tax:						
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	241,189	\$	33,978		
Tax on undistrbuted earnings		17		41		
Prior year income tax overestimation	(17,612)	()	9,339)		
Total current tax	\$	223,594	\$	24,680		
Deferred tax:						
Origination and reversal of temporary differences Income tax expense	\$	199,422 423,016	\$	1,194 25,874		

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

		2022		2021
Remeasurement of defined benefit assets	\$	530	\$	1,215
B. Reconciliation between income tax expense an	d accou	nting profit:		
		2022		2021
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and				
statutory tax rate	\$	389,523	\$	52,222
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		940		1,393
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(16,657)	(13,901)
Prior year income tax overestimation	(17,612)	(9,339)
Current loss not recognised as deferred tax		2,389		8,832
Change in assessment of realisation of deferred				
tax assets		64,416	(13,374)
Tax on undistributed earnings		17		41
Income tax expense	\$	423,016	\$	25,874

	1 2							
	2022							
		Recognised in other Recognised in comprehensive						
	T	· 1		-	co	-	р	
		anuary 1	pro	ofit or loss		income	D	ecember 31
Deferred tax assets:								
Temporary differences:								
Loss on inventory valuation	\$	64,690	(\$	4,830)	\$	-	\$	59,860
Unrealised transaction gain								
from affiliates		6,493		776		-		7,269
Unrealised product warranty								
cost		7,531		979		-		8,510
Unrealised exchange loss		6,108	(2,157)		-		3,951
Time difference of sales								
revenue recognition		961	(717)		-		244
Compensated absences		4,369		334		-		4,703
Amount of allowance for bad								
debts that exceed the limit for								
tax purpose		2,028		333		-		2,361
Others		1,483		1,809		-		3,292
Loss carryforward		14,619	(13,617)		-		1,002
	\$	108,282	(\$	17,090)	\$	-	\$	91,192
Deferred tax liabilities:								
Temporary differences								
Net defined benefit assets	(\$	1,514)	\$	_	(\$	530)	(\$	2,044)
Unrealised exchange gain	(4		(1,356)	(Ψ		(1,356)
Calculation for tax on		_	(1,550)		_	(1,550)
			(180,976)			(180,976)
remittance of overseas earnings	(¢	- 1 514)	(<u> </u>		(¢	520)	(<u></u>	
	(<u>\$</u>	1,514)		182,332)	· —	530)	`	184,376)
	\$	106,768	(<u>\$</u>	199,422)	(<u>\$</u>	530)	(<u>\$</u>	93,184)

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

				20	021			
			Do	pognisod in	lecognised in other			
	I	anuary 1		ofit or loss	COL	nprehensive income	De	cember 31
Deferred tax assets:		undur y 1	pro	<u>in or 1055</u>				
Temporary differences:								
Loss on inventory valuation	\$	71,851	(\$	7,161)	\$	_	\$	64,690
Unrealised transaction gain	Ψ	/1,001	(Ψ	7,101)	Ψ		Ψ	01,070
from affiliates		10,699	(4,206)		_		6,493
Unrealised product warranty		- ,	`	,,				-,
cost		8,119	(588)		-		7,531
Unrealised exchange loss		2,556		3,552		-		6,108
Time difference of sales								
revenue recognition		1,340	(379)		-		961
Compensated absences		3,306		1,063		-		4,369
Amount of allowance for bad								
debts that exceed the limit for								
tax purpose		4,841	(2,813)		-		2,028
Others		1,704	(221)		-		1,483
Loss carryforward		5,050		9,569		-		14,619
	\$	109,466	(\$	1,184)	\$	_	\$	108,282
Deferred tax liabilities:								
Temporary differences								
Net defined benefit assets	(<u>\$</u>	289)	(\$	10)	(<u>\$</u>	1,215)	(\$	1,514)
	\$	109,177	(\$	1,194)	(<u>\$</u>	1,215)	\$	106,768

D. The Company and domestic subsidiaries' income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(31) Earnings per share

		2022	
	Amount after	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding	Earnings per share
	tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 902,188	141,226	\$ 6.39
<u>Diluted earnings per share</u> Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation		194	
Profit plus effect of potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 902,188</u>	<u>141,420</u> 2021	\$ 6.38
		Weighted average	
		number of ordinary	Earnings per
	Amount after	shares outstanding	share
	tax	(shares in thousands)	(in dollars)
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent	\$ 141,545	141,226	\$ 1.00
Diluted earnings per share	φ <u>1</u> +1,3+3	141,220	φ 1.00
Assumed conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares			
Employees' compensation	-	109	
Employee stock option certificates		110	
Profit plus effect of potential ordinary shares	<u>\$ 141,545</u>	141,445	<u>\$ 1.00</u>

(32) Supplemental cash flow information

A. Investing activities with partial cash payments:

		2022		2021
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	\$	84,894	\$	68,243
Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment		1,889		4,938
Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment	(2,653)	(1,889)
Cash paid during the year	\$	84,130	\$	71,292
		2022		2021
Purchase of software	\$	24,568	\$	34,922
Add: Opening balance of payable on software		9,442		-
Less: Ending balance of payable on software			(9,442)
Cash paid during the year	\$	34,010	\$	25,480

B. On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated (NEXSEC), the subsidiaries of NEXSEC and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership (Zhuhai Xinxin), with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries during the third quarter of 2022. The details of the consideration received from the transaction (including cash and cash equivalents) and assets and liabilities relating to the subsidiaries are as follows:

		Ju	ly 27, 2022
Total consideration		\$	1,207,710
Present value of long-term other receivables		(26,809)
Ending balance of other receivables			1,180,901
Carrying amount of the assets and liabilities of NEXSE	EC,		
the subsidiaries of NEXSEC and Zhuhai Xinxin			
Cash			64,040
Notes receivable			200
Accounts receivable (including related parties)			259,050
Other receivables			25,613
Inventories			706,270
Prepayments			13,071
Other current assets			4,638
Property, plant and equipment			51,068
Right-of-use assets			65,712
Intangible assets			6,032
Other non-current assets			10,219
Bank borrowings (including current portion)		(98,633)
Contract liabilities		(7,043)
Accounts payable		(534,531)
Other payables		(42,782)
Current tax liabilities		Ì	5,401)
Other current liabilities		Ì	27)
Lease liabilities		Ì	70,738)
Other non-current liabilities		Ì	13)
Carrying amount of subsidiaries disposed			446,745
Non-controlling interest		(150,137)
Effect of exchange rate changes		,	37,926
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries		\$	846,367
1		<u> </u>	
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries		\$	1,180,901
Less: Cash held by subsidiaries		(574,564)
Ending balance of other receivables		Ì	1,180,901)
Cash outflows from disposal of subsidiaries		(\$	574,564)
Ĩ	Voor ondo	d Docomb	er 31, 2022
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	\$		1,180,901
Less: Ending balance of other receivables	ф (
-			574,564) 19,133)
Effect of exchange rate changes and discount	(
Cash inflows from disposal of subsidiaries	(587,204 64,040)
Less: Cash held by subsidiaries	\$		
Net cash inflows from disposal of subsidiaries	φ		523,164

The above equity interest disposal can be divided into two parts, including the disposals of equity interests in NEXSEC and Zhuhai Xinxin by Nexcom Interational Co., Ltd. (SAMOA). For the disposal of equity interest in NEXSEC, SAMOA agreed with the buyer to divide the payment into three installments. The first instalment amounted to \$571,886 (RMB 131,525 thousand). As of November 21, 2022, the first instalment was being reviewed by the China's State Administration of Foreign Exchange (SAFE) and was be collected after the review is completed.

In addition, the second instalment of \$356,958 (RMB 81,000 thousand) is expected to be collected by April 30, 2023; while the third instalment of \$217,5606 (RMB 54,000 thousand) is expected to be collected by April 30, 2024. Under the agreement, Industrial and Commercial Bank of China and China Merchants Bank will issue irrevocable guarantees for the above payments. However, since the guarantees have not yet been issued, the buyer has deposited the second and thirdinstalments in a joint account opened in the name of the buyer. The joint account will be cancelled upon the issuance of the guarantees.

As for the disposal of equity interest in Zhuhai Xinxin, based on the agreement, SAMOA will withdraw from the partnership with Zhuhai Xinxin after Zhuhai Xinxin disposes its equity interest in NEXSEC. The proceeds from the disposal of equity interest in NEXSEC by Zhuhai Xinxin amounted to \$15,318 (RMB 3,475 thousand). Based on the agreement, the buyer will make the payment (net of tax) to Zhuhai Xinxin and Zhuhai Xinxin will carry out the partnership withdrawal process after the legal documents of Zhuhai Xinxin's disposal of equity interest in NEXSEC and the SAMOA's withdrawal from the partnership with Zhuhai Xinxin are signed. As of December 30, 2022, the buyer has made the aforesaid payment.

C. The Group terminated the minor equity investment cooperation agreement with Beijing NEXGEMO Technology Co., Ltd., on July 31, 2021. Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd. was assessed to have significant influence on the operating decisions of Beijing NEXGEMO Technology Co., Ltd., but it has no actual control power; thus, the Group lost control over the subsidiary. Assets and liabilities relating to the subsidiary are as follows:

Carrying amount of Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.'s

assets and liabilities:	July	31, 2021
Cash	\$	4,704
Notes receivable		43,672
Accounts receivable		30,023
Inventory		44,189
Prepayments		3,801
Property, plant and equipment		721
Other non-current assets		1,355
Contract liability	(81)
Accounts payable	(85,402)
Other payables	(6,308)
Total net assets	\$	36,674

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(1) <u>Names of related parties and relationship</u>							
Names of related parties		Relationship with the Group					
EXOR International S.P.A		Assoc	ciate (No	te)			
Nexcom Italia S.R.L.	Subsidiary o	of associa	te (Note)				
Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd.		А	ssociate				
Note: The Group sold its equity interest in EXOR of	on June 24	4, 2022, thus, th	e Group	is no longer a			
related party of the company starting from Ju	ine 24, 20	22.					
(2) Significant transactions with related parties							
A. Operating revenue							
		2022		2021			
Sales of goods:							
Associate	\$	92,043	\$	108,502			
Goods are sold based on the price lists in force	and term	s that would be	available	to third parties.			
B. Purchases							
		2022	2021				
Purchases of goods:							
Associate	\$	12,756	\$	_			
Goods are purchased based on the price lists it	n force a	nd terms that we	ould be a	vailable to third			
parties.							
C. Accounts receivable:							
	Decei	nber 31, 2022	Decem	uber 31, 2021			
Accounts receivable:		, , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Associate	\$	79,337	\$	107,770			
Subsidiary of associate	(56,230)		-			
	\$	23,107	\$	107,770			
The receivables due from related parties had	no collat	eral, were not	pledged a	and do not bear			
interest.		, , ,					
D. Accounts payable:							
2. <u></u>	Decei	nber 31, 2022	Decen	ıber 31, 2021			
Accounts payable:	Deee	1001 51, 2022	Decen	1001 51, 2021			
Associate	\$	11,677	\$	5,916			
	<u>+</u>	11,077	<u>+</u>				
(3) Key management compensation		2022		2021			
Colorise and other shout terms and have been fits	¢	2022	<u></u>	2021			
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$	48,073 1,321	\$	36,267 882			
Post-employment benefits	\$	49,394	\$	37,149			
	Ψ	+7,374	Ψ	57,147			

8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>

The Group's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

		Book				
Pledged asset	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021	Purpose	
Other non-current	\$	14,349	\$	17,076	Guarantee for	
assets-time deposits					import duty and	
					performance	
					guarantee	
Property, plant and equipment		1,222,620		1,231,876	Guarantee for	
-land and buildings and structures					long-term secured	
					borrowings	
Investment property					Guarantee for	
-land and buildings and structures					short-term secured	
		138,108		139,273	borrowings	
	\$	1,375,077	\$	1,388,225		

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u> COMMITMENTS

(1) Contingencies

None.

(2) Commitments

- A. The Group had issued and deposited certified checks amounting to \$2,540,000 and US\$33 million for the Group's short and long-term credit facilities and forward exchange contracts.
- B. The amount of endorsements and guarantees provided by the Group in order to assist its subsidiaries for the lease of warehouses, offices, enter into cooperative contracts, purchases of raw materials and financing loan are as follows:

	 December 31, 2022	 December 31, 2021
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	\$ 5,814	\$ 6,107
	(JPY 25,018 thousand)	(JPY 25,018 thousand)
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	206,775	199,200
	(USD 2,500 thousand)	(USD 2,500 thousand)
	(NTD 130,000 thousand)	(NTD 130,000 thousand)
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	25,000	25,000
	(NTD 25,000 thousand)	(NTD 25,000 thousand)
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	90,000	
	(NTD 90,000 thousand)	
NEXSEC Incorporated	-	29,440
		(RMB 35,000 thousand)
		(USD 5,000 thousand)
Dongguan Xing Han Yun Zhi	<u>-</u>	17,376
Electronics Co., Ltd.		,
		(RMB 4,000 thousand)
NEXGOL Co., Ltd.	-	21,720
		(RMB 5,000 thousand)

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. <u>SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE</u> None.

12. OTHERS

(1) Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares to reduce debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other	¢	44 801	\$	117 664
comprehensive income	<u>ې</u>	44,801	<u> </u>	117,664
Financial assets at amortised cost (Note)	\$	4,052,935	\$	2,515,512
	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost (Note)	\$	4,332,377	\$	4,412,890
Lease liability	\$	448,975	\$	560,502

- Note: For financial assets at amortised cost, including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortised cost, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties) and guarantee deposits paid, and financial liabilities at amortised cost, including short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, long-term borrowings (including current portion) and guarantee deposits received, refer to the balance sheet for details.
- B. Financial risk management policies
 - (a) The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Group's financial position and financial performance.
 - (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Group treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Group treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Group's each operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

- i. The Group operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company and its subsidiaries used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD, EUR, GBP and RMB. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities.
- ii. The Group's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Group's functional currency: NTD; subsidiaries' functional currency: USD, EUR, RMB, JPY and GBP). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2022								
		Foreign Currency					S	Sensitivity	Analysis
		Amount thousands)	Exchange Rate	E	Book Value (NTD)	Degree of variation		affect on offit (loss)	Effect on other comprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency)									
Financial assets									
Monetary items									
USD: NTD	\$	57,716	30.71	\$	1,772,458	1%	\$	17,725	\$ -
EUR : NTD		4,013	32.72		131,305	1%		1,313	-
RMB : NTD		183,573	4.41		809,553	1%		8,096	-
RMB : USD		216,380	0.41		954,236	1%		9,542	-
USD : RMB		803	6.97		24,660	1%		247	-
USD: JPY		699	132.14		21,466	1%		215	-
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items									
USD : NTD	\$	146,107	30.71	\$	4,486,946	1%	\$	44,869	\$ -
USD : JPY		2,468	132.14		326,122	1%		3,261	-
RMB : NTD		7,488	4.41		33,022	1%		330	-
					Decemb	per 31, 2021			
		Foreign				, -			
		Currency					S	Sensitivity	Analysis
		Amount	Exchange	P	Book Value	Degree of		ffect on	Effect on other
		thousands)	Rate	-	(NTD)	variation		ofit (loss)	
(E	<u> </u>						L		<u> </u>
(Foreign currency: functional currency)									
Financial assets									
<u>Monetary items</u>									
USD : NTD	\$	44,013	27.68	\$	1,218,280	1%	\$	12,183	\$ -
	Φ	3,029	31.32	φ	94,868	1% 1%	φ	12,185 949	φ -
EUR : NTD			4.34						-
RMB : NTD		173,935			755,574	1%		7,556	-
USD : RMB		1,266	6.37		35,055	1%		351	-
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items	¢	07.002	07 (0	¢		1.07	¢		Φ
USD : NTD	\$	27,003	27.68	\$	747,443	1%	\$	7,474	\$ -
USD : RMB		16,042	6.37		444,037	1%		4,440	-
USD : JPY		136	115.09		3,764	1%		38	-
RMB : NTD		10,885	4.34		47,284	1%		473	-

Total exchange gain (loss), including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Group for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$84,333 and (\$13,983), respectively.

Price risk

The Group invests in equity securities issued by the domestic and foreign companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, profit before income tax for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$803 and \$1,469, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Group's interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings and shortterm notes and bills payable. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Group to fair value interest rate risk.
- ii. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, if interest rates on borrowings had been 0.25% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have been \$6,425 and \$6,620 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.
- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Group arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost.
 - ii. The Group manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire group's concern. According to the Group's credit policy, each local entity in the Group is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of their new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.
 - iii. The Group adopts the following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (i) If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - (ii) The actual or expected significant changes of customer operating results.
 - (iii)The existing or estimated adverse changes in operations, finance or economic circumstances that were expected to cause significant changes in the customer's ability to fulfil its debt obligation.

- iv. The Group adopts the assumption under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 180 days.
- v. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable in accordance with customer's types. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vii. The Group used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. On December 31, 2022 and 2021, the provision matrix is as follows:

	I	ndividual					(Group			
					Up	to 90 days	91 ~	- 180 days	Ove	r 180 days	
			No	ot past due		past due	I	bast due	p	bast due	 Total
At December 31, 2022											
Expected loss rate				0.03%		0.03%	0.0	3%-50%	85.2	1%-100%	
Total book value	\$	314,778	\$	1,407,946	\$	176,354	\$	81,406	\$	46,270	\$ 2,026,754
Loss allowance	\$	60,240	\$	365	\$	36	\$	415	\$	45,855	\$ 106,911

	In	dividual					(Group			
					Up	to 90 days	91 ~	• 180 days	Over	r 180 days	
			Not p	ast due		past due	Ī	bast due	p	ast due	 Total
At December 31, 2021											
Expected loss rate			0.0	3%		0.03%	18	3%-50%	91.4	2%-100%	
Total book value	\$	84,352	\$ 1,4	37,951	\$	174,720	\$	11,909	\$	35,673	\$ 1,744,605
Loss allowance	\$	-	\$	971	\$	813	\$	2,168	\$	34,840	\$ 38,792

Individual: Subsidiaries and accounts receivable in individually material that have defaulted were individually estimated expected credit losses.

Group: Other customers.

viii. Movements in relation to the Group applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		2022	2021
		Accounts receivable	Accounts receivable
At January 1	\$	38,792	55,871
Provision for impairment		76,338	-
Reversal of provision for impairment		- (12,605)
Write-offs	(8,299)	-
Disposal of subsidiaries		- (4,317)
Effect of foreign exchange		80 (157)
At December 31	\$	106,911	\$ 38,792

ix. The Group has no loss allowance for investments in debt instruments carried at amortised cost.

- (c) Liquidity risk
 - i. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are used and invested properly. The Group chooses instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom.
 - ii. The Group's non-derivative financial liabilities classified into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities.

Except for the following, the maturity dates of non-derivative financial liabilities comprising short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables and long-term borrowings expiring within one year are all less than 360 days as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

			Be	tween 1	Be	etween 2	Over	
December 31, 2022	Less the	han 1 year	and	2 years	and	d 5 years	5 years	
Lease liability	\$	72,864	\$	72,542	\$	194,609	\$130,114	4
			Be	tween 1	Be	etween 2	Over	
December 31, 2021	Less the	han 1 year	and	2 years	and	d 5 years	5 years	
Long-term borrowings	\$	4,902	\$	483	\$	_	\$	-
(including current portion)		.,,		100	Ŧ		Ŧ	

iii. The Group does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(10).
- C. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

On December 31, 2022 and 2021, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income categorised within Level 3 amounted to \$44,801 and \$117,664, respectively.

- D. The methods and assumptions the Group used to measure fair value are as follows: The valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income uses the most recent non-active market price, market comparable companies and the net assets value as their fair values (that is, Level 3).
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer among each valuation level.
- F. The following chart is the movements of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

		2022		2021
	Equit	y instruments	Equit	y instruments
At January 1	\$	117,664	\$	122,742
Gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income		5,112	(5,078)
Disposal of equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	(77,975)		
At December 31	\$	44,801	\$	117,664

G. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

Non-derivative equity	value at er 31, 2022	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of inputs to fair value
instruments: Unlisted shares Venture capital shares	\$ 457	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBITA multiple and discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Private equity fund investment	44,344	Net asset value	N/A	N/A
Non-derivative equity	r value at aber 31, 2021	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable input	Relationship of inputs to fair value
instruments: Unlisted shares	\$ 67,149	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBITA multiple and discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value
Venture capital shares Private equity fund investment	50,515	5 Net asset value	N/A	N/A

13. SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES

- (1) Significant transactions information
 - A. Loans to others: None.
 - B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Refer to table 1.
 - C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
 - D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Refer to table 3.
 - E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
 - G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paidin capital or more: Refer to table 4.

- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 5.
- I. Derivative financial instruments: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 6.
- (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 7.

- (3) Information on investments in Mainland China
 - A. Basic information: Refer to table 8.
 - B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: None.
- (4) Shareholders information:

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 9.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(1) General information

Management has determined the reportable operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors that are used to make strategic decisions. There is no material change in the basis for formation of entities and division of segments in the Group or in the measurement basis for segment information during this period.

(2) Segment information

The segment information provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the reportable segments is as follows:

									Adjus	Adjustments and		
Year ended December 31, 2022		Taiwan		Asia	Ā	America		Europe	eli	elimination		Total
Revenue from external customers	\$	6,106,972	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	1,102,611	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	694,941	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	12,173	Ś	I	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	7,916,697
Inter-segment revenue		698,089		121,877		7,562		5,954		833,482)		'
Total segment revenue	\mathbf{S}	6,805,061	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	1,224,488	\Leftrightarrow	702,503	\diamond	18,127	\$	833,482)	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	7,916,697
Segment profit (loss) - profit (loss) before tax	\mathbf{S}	1,311,676	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	851,413	Ś	8,871	S	4,455) (\$		814,014)	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	\$ 1,353,491
Segment profit (loss) - profit before tax include:												
Depreciation and amortisation		I		I		I		I		I	S	224,596)
Interest income		I		I		I		I		I	\mathbf{S}	7,713
Interest expense		I		I		I		I		I	$\hat{\mathbf{S}}$	45,421)
Segment asset (Note 1)	\mathbf{S}	I	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	'	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	I	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	ľ	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	I	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	'

Year ended December 31, 2021		Taiwan		Asia	A	America	щ	Europe	Adjust elin	Adjustments and elimination		Total
Revenue from external customers	∽	4,785,501	\diamond	1,489,176	\mathbf{S}	482,079	\diamond	23,824	÷	'	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	6,780,580
Inter-segment revenue		605,211		161, 140		8,552		5,785	<u> </u>	780,688)		ı
Total segment revenue	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	5,390,712	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	1,650,316	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	490,631	\$	29,609	(\$	780,688)	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	6,780,580
Segment profit (loss) - profit (loss) before tax	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	203,723	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	113,810	\$	1,467) (\$	\$	2,078)	(\$	108,693)	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	205,295
Segment profit (loss) - profit before tax include:												
Depreciation and amortisation		ı		I		ı		ı		ı	$\hat{\mathbf{S}}$	257,452)
Interest income		ı		I		ı		ı		ı	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	899
Interest expense		ı		I		ı		ı		I	\hat{s}	34,605)
Segment asset (Note 1)	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	'	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	'	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	'	Ś	'	\$	'	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	'
Note 1: Since the Company does not prepare such information for management and thus the relevant information is not disclosed. Note 2: Segment information is based on geographic location of each segment.	n for 1 of ea	management Ich segment.	and	thus the relev	ant in	formation is	not di	isclosed.				

(3) <u>Reconciliation for segment income (loss)</u>

The revenue from external customers and gains or losses reported to the chief operating decision-maker is measured in a manner consistent with that in the statement of comprehensive income.

(4) Information on product and service

Revenue from external customers arises from sales of industrial personal computers. The details of sales are as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Industrial personal computers	\$ 7,188,194	\$ 6,262,350
Others	 728,503	 518,230
	\$ 7,916,697	\$ 6,780,580

(5) <u>Revenue information by geographic area</u>

Information by geographic area of the Group is as follows:

		2022		2021
	Revenue	Non-current assets	Revenue	Non-current assets
China	\$ 1,156,781	\$ 12,232	\$ 1,651,835	\$ 121,936
United States	1,568,512			
of America		49,883	1,083,344	57,859
Taiwan	910,361	2,048,417	653,469	2,112,846
South Korea	530,350	-	565,341	-
United Kingdom	482,021	-	409,989	3
Israel	349,427	-	225,771	-
Ireland	159,170	-	180,893	-
Germany	107,038	-	119,984	-
Japan	286,303	217	115,831	5,709
Netherlands	549,541	-	381,182	-
Sweden	435,649	-	423,627	-
Others	1,381,544	217,606	969,314	-
	\$ 7,916,697	\$ 2,328,355	\$ 6,780,580	\$ 2,298,353

(6) Information on major customers

	 2022	2		2021	
	 Revenue	Segment]	Revenue	Segment
Customer S	\$ 1,320,776	Taiwan	\$	922,079	Taiwan
Customer D	\$ 503,069	Taiwan			

	endorsed/guaranteed	aranteed	Limit on		Outstanding								
		Relationship	endorsements/	Maximum outstanding	endorsement/			Ratio of accumulated	Ceiling on				
		with the	guarantees	endorsement/	guarantee		Amount of	endorsement/	total amount of				
		endorser/	provided for a single	guarantee	amount at December 31, Actual amount	31, Actual amount	endorsements/	guarantee amount to net asset	endorsements/	Provision of endorsements/guarantees by	Provision of endorsements/guarantees by Provision of endorsements/guarantees by Provision of endorsements/guarantees to	Provision of endorsements/guarantees to	
ndorser/		guarantor	party	amount as of December	2022	drawn down	guarantees	value of the endorser/	guarantees provided	parent company to subsidiary	subsidiary to parent company	the party in Mainland China	
larantor	Company name	(Note 2)	(Note 3)	31, 2022 (Note 4)	(Notes 5, 6)	(Note 7)	secured with collateral	guarantor company	(Note 3)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	(Note 8)	Footnote
ompany	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	5	\$ 1,032,350) \$ 6,085 \$	5,814	\$ 5,814	\$	0.08	\$ 1,720,583	Y	Ν	Z	1
ompany	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	2	1,032,350	210,538	206,775	75 76,775	I	6.00	1,720,583	Υ	Ν	Ν	ı
ompany	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	0	1,032,350) 25,000	25,000	00 15,000	15,000	0.73	1,720,583	Υ	Ν	Z	I
ompany	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	7	1,032,350	000'06	90,000	00 50,000	·	2.67	1,720,583	Υ	Z	Z	·

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others Year ended December 31,2022

ïlled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows:

any is '0'. iaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories:

siness relationship.

name outrast remounty. The endorse/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorse/guarantee rempany. The endorse/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorse/guaranteed company. The endorse/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorse/guaranteed company. The endorse/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorse/guaranteed company. The endorse/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorse/guarantee company. The endorse/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract. Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsement/guaranteed company is proportion to its ownership. Doing unsances of the performance guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company is net worth. Net worth, set worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements. The guarantees and endorsements for a single party should not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth, set worth, set worth, set worth, set worth, set worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements. The guarantees and endorsements for a single party should not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth. Net worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements. The guarantees and endorsements for a single party should not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth. Net worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements. The guarantees and endorsements for a single party should not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth. Net worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements. The guarantees and endorsements guarantees and endorsements were and endorsements were and endorsements for a single party end

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Table 1

Endors guarant The Compa	The Compa	The Comparent	The numbers fi (1) The Compa (2) The subsidi	Relationship busil (1) Having busil (2) The endorse (3) The endorse (4) The endorse (5) Mutual gua	gua The gua The file the file the file	Fill in the year. The amount g NTD 25,00	Fill in the amo Governing I Fill in the actu: Fill in Y' for th	
Number (Note 1) 0	0 0	0 0	Note 1: Th (1) (2)	Note 2: Re. (1) (2) (3) (5) (6) (6)	Note 3: The (1) T (1) T (2) T s s tu	Note 4: Fil Note 5: Tł	Note 6: Fill C Note 7: Fill Note 8: Fill	

(Except as otherwise indicated)		Fair value (Note)		44,344			457
(Except as othe	r 31, 2022	Ownership (%)	0.86	2.50	6.54	4.35	19.00
	As of December 31, 2022	Book value		44,344			457
		Number of shares (in thousands)	190	2,500	700	550	Ś
		General ledger account	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- non-current				
		Relationship with the securities issuer	None	-	-	-	:
		Marketable securities	Lionic Co., Ltd.	WK Technology Fund Co., Ltd.	Datacom Technology Corp.	Iryx Corporation	DIVIOTEC COMPANY LIMITED
		Securities held by	The Company	The Company	The Company	Greenbase Technology Corp.	DIVIOTEC INC.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures) Year ended December 31,2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD

Table 2

		Acquisit	tion or sale of th	Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital	the accumulated	l cost exceedii	ng \$300 millior	or 20% of the	Company's pa	id-in capital					
					Year endec	Year ended December 31,2022	1,2022								
Table 3													Expressed in	Expressed in thousands of NTD	0
													(Except as c	(Except as otherwise indicated)	(]
				Relationship	Balance as at	s at	Addition	on		Disposal	osal				
	Marketable	General		with	January 1, 2022	2022	(Note 3)	3)		(Note 3 and 5)	and 5)		Balance as at I	Balance as at December 31, 2022	~1
	securities	ledger	Counterparty	the investor	Number of		Number of		Number of		0	Gain (loss) on Number of	Number of		
Investor	(Note 1)	account	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	shares	Selling price Book value	Book value	disposal	shares	Amount	ĺ
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	NEXSEC Incorporated and Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnershin	Investments accounted for under equity method	Beijing Dahao Technology Co. Ltd	The subsidiary of the Company	20,367,661 \$	278,012	,		20,367,661	\$ 1,180,901 \$	334,534	\$ 846,367		•	Ι.
Note 1: Marketable sec	surities in the table refer to	Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.	certificates and	other related deriva	trive securities.										
Note 2: Fill in the colur	mns the counterparty and r	Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave the columns blank.	accounted for u	nder the equity me	thod; otherwise lea	ave the colum	ıns blank.								

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 5: Refer to 6(32) C for details of related transactions.

	Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)	receivable	Percentage of total notes/accounts	receivable (payable)	10	Q	×	L
	Expressed (Except as	Notes/accounts receivable	to	Balance re	195,509	113,395	161,377	138,473
or more	nsaction terms third party	tions		Credit term	The credit term to related \$ parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.
NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Year ended December 31,2022	Differences in transaction terms compared to third party	transactions		Unit price	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.
RNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SI lated parties reaching NT\$100 mil Year ended December 31,2022				Credit term	90 days after monthly billing			
NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES oods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of Year ended December 31,2022		u	Percentage of total purchases	(sales)	10	∞	r	ν.
NEXCOM I or sales of goods from or		Transaction		Amount	\$ 542,290	454,476	389,147	252,787
Purchases c			Purchases	(sales)	Sales	Sales	Sales	Sales
			/ith the	rty	ny's ed y	ny's ed y	ny's ed y	ny's ed y

Table 4

 Purchaser/seller
 Counterparty
 Relationship with telatomany's counterparty

 The Company
 NexAloT Co., Ltd.
 The Company's counterparty

 The Company
 NexAloT Co., Ltd.
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

 The Company
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary
 Subsidiary

 The Company
 Technology Corp.
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

 The Company
 Nex Computer, Inc.
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

 The Company
 Nex Computer, Inc.
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

 The Company
 Nex Computer, Inc.
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

 The Company
 Nex Computer, Inc.
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

 The Company
 Nex COBOT Taiwan
 The Company's consolidated subsidiary

Allowance for	doubtful	accounts	•	ı	·	
Amount collected subsequent to the	balance sheet date	(Note)	\$ 68,026	55,162	49,140	19,964
Overdue receivables		Action taken	Taking prompt action in demanding the overdue receivables.	Taking prompt action in demanding the overdue receivables.	Taking prompt action in demanding the overdue receivables.	5,576 Taking prompt action in demanding the overdue receivables.
Ov		Amount	I	I	I	5,576
ļ		lurnover rate	3.05 \$	5.39	3.85	1.88
	Balance as at	December 31, 2022 Turnover rate	\$ 195,509	113,395	161,377	138,473
Relationship	with the	counterparty	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	The Company's consolidated subsidiary
		Counterparty	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Nex Computer, Inc.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.
		Creditor	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company

Note: Represents amounts collected up to February 22, 2023.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more December 31,2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

Table 5

с С	Percentage of consolidated total	operating revenues or	Transaction terms total assets (Note 2)	Note 3 7	Note 3 2	Note 3 3	Note 3 1	Note 3 6	Note 3 1	Note 3 3	Note 3 1
1 I allsaction			Amount	\$ 542,290	195,509	252,797	138,473	454,476	113,395	389,147	161,377
			General ledger account	Sales	Accounts receivable	Sales	Accounts receivable	Sales	Accounts receivable	Sales	Accounts receivable
		Relationship	(Note 1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
			Counterparty	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Nexcom Computer, Inc.	Nexcom Computer, Inc.
			Company name	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company
			Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note 1: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

(1) Parent company to subsidiary.

(2) Subsidiary to parent company. (3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 2: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on

period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for

Note 3: Sales and collection terms of sales to related parties are approximately the same as with third parties. the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts.

Table 6

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period December 31,2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Evcent as otherwise indicated)

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

iLotting Min husiness activitiesat a December 31, and business activitiesat a December 31, and business activitiesat a December 31, and business activities i and i business activities i at December 31, 2022 i class in i class of PCs and and i share of PCs and brightenals i at i business i class of PCs and i share of PCs and i share i s					Balance	Balance	Number of shares			Net profit (loss)	recognised by the Company for	£.,
Investe Loretion Loretion Loretion Loretion Main bubiness activities 2021 2021 Main bubiness activities 2001 (a)						as at December 31,	(shares in	Ownership		of the investee for the year	the year ended December 31,	
Nex Computers. Inc. United States of FCs and sole of FCs and peripherals S. 6.977 S. 56.977 S. 56.977 S. 50.00 100 S 111.029 S 6.224 Nextorn Japan Co. Lid. Japan Sales of FCs and peripherals 16.780 16.780 16.780 16.780 16.780 17.00 70.04 20.04 123.04 Nextorn Internation Co., Lid. United Sales of FCs and peripherals 73.215 73.215 73.391 13.3901 73.848 7	Investor	Investee	Location	Main business activities	2022	2021	thous and s)	(%)	Book value	ended December 31, 2022	2022	Footnote
Nexcom International Co., Lud. Japan Sales of PCs and peripherals 16,780 16,780 1 100 40,004 Nexcom International Co., Lud, (SAMOA) Samoa General investment 195,893 232,392 6,386 100 935,260 73 Nexcom International Co., Lud, (SAMOA) Samoa General investment 195,893 232,315 73,215 536 100 935,260 73 Nexcom Europe Ltd. United Sales of PCs and peripherals 23,315 73,215 73,215 73,317 79,62 23,001 6 75 Nexcom France France Sales of PCs and peripherals 97,063 97,063 97,063 17,268 82,73 179,028 7 All IoTCould Corp. Taivun Sales of PCs and sales of PCs and 34,415 1,000 100 6 3,421 <	The Company		United States of America	Sales of PCs and peripherals			5,000	100			\$ 6,224	+
Nexcon International Co. Samoa General investment 195,893 232,392 6,386 100 935,560 73 Lid. (SAMOA) Nexcom Europe Ltd. Urited Sales of PCs and 73,215 73,215 73,215 580 100 23,901 6 Nexcom Europe Ltd. Ringion peripherals 73,215 73,215 73,215 73,901 9 Corp. Ringion peripherals 82,834 82,834 82,834 13,777 79,62 231,056 8 Nexton France France Sales of PCs and 97,063 97,063 17,268 82,73 179,028 2 1 Nexton France Taiwan Sales of PCs and 94,415 1,000 100 3332<(ttr> All lo TCloud Corp. Taiwan Sales of PCs and 24,415 1,000 100 3332<(ttr> Lud. Taiwan Sales of PCs and 23,117,268 82,73 179,028 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 </td <td>The Company</td> <td>Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.</td> <td>Japan</td> <td>Sales of PCs and peripherals</td> <td>16,780</td> <td>16,780</td> <td>1</td> <td>100</td> <td>40,004</td> <td>126</td> <td>126</td> <td>2</td>	The Company	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	16,780	16,780	1	100	40,004	126	126	2
Nexcom Europe Lud. United Sales of PCs and kingdom 73.215 73.215 580 100 23.901 (Kingdom peripherals 23.01 73.215 53.215 580 100 23.901 (Corp. peripherals 23.751 79.62 221.056 8 Nexcon France France Sales of PCs and peripherals 97.063 97.063 17.268 82.73 179.028 2 NexAloT Co. Ltd. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 94.415 1.000 100 3.932 (All bTCloud Corp. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 34.415 34.415 1.000 100 3.932 (All bTCloud Corp. Taiwan Sales of PCs and Ltd. 23.18 23.218 2.321 89.05 14.264 (1 Ltd. Ltd. Namerica Sales of PCs and Ltd. 2.3218 2.3.218 2.3.218 2.3.218 2.3.218 2.4.26 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The Company	Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)		General investment	195,893	232,392	6,386	100	935,260	738,882	738,882	2
Greenbase Technology Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 8.8.34 13.777 79.62 221,056 8 Cop. Nexcom France France Sales of PCs and peripherals - 32.761 -	The Company	Nexcom Europe Ltd.	United Kingdom	Sales of PCs and peripherals	73,215	73,215	580	100	23,901	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (3,790)	((
Nexcon France France Sales of PCs and peripherals - 32,761 - - (NexAloT Co., Ltd. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 97,063 97,063 17,268 8.2.73 179,028 2 All loTCloud Corp. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 34,415 34,415 1,000 100 3,932 (All loTCloud Corp. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,100 12,100 7,290 100 (3,421 (1	The Company	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	82,834	82,834	13,777	79.62	221,056	80,396	64,011	1
NexAloT Co., Ltd.TaiwanSales of PCs and peripherals $97,063$ $97,063$ $17,268$ 82.73 $179,028$ 2 All IoTCloud Corp.TaiwanSales of PCs and peripherals $34,415$ $1,000$ 100 $3,932$ (All IoTCloud Corp.TaiwanSales of PCs and peripherals $34,415$ $34,415$ $1,000$ 100 $3,932$ (EMBUX Technology Co.,TaiwanSales of PCs and peripherals $12,100$ $12,100$ $12,100$ $7,290$ 100 ($3,342$) (I.d.peripherals $23,218$ $23,218$ $22,080$ $2,322$ 89.05 $14,264$ (1 I.d.nerricaperipherals $5,921$ $5,921$ $5,921$ 200 100 8 (J.d.Americaperipherals $5,921$ $5,921$ $5,921$ 200 100 8 (UNIOTED INC.United States of PCs and America $12,579$ 884 100 $17,404$ NexCOBOT Taiwan Co.,TaiwanSales of PCs and America $12,579$ $6,000$ 100 $90,105$ 200	The Company	Nexcom France	France	Sales of PCs and peripherals		32,761	I		-	(665)		665) Note 1
All forCloud Corp. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 34,415 1,000 100 3,932 (EMBUX Technology Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,100 7,290 100 3,342) (EMBUX Technology Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,100 7,290 100 (3,342) (TMR Technologies Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and Ltd. 23,218 22,080 2,322 89.05 14,264 (1 NEXCOBOT INC. Inited States of Sales of PCs and America 5,921 5,921 200 100 8 (DIVIOTED INC. Taiwan Sales of PCs and America 5,921 5,921 200 100 8 (DIVIOTED INC. Taiwan Sales of PCs and Peripherals 12,579 884 100 17,404 NexCOBOT Taiwan Co. Taiwan Sales of PCs and Peripherals 67,549 6,00 100 90,105 2	The Company	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	97,063	97,063	17,268	82.73	179,028	24,906	20,605	S
EMBUX Technology Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,100 7,290 100 (3,342) (Ltd. peripherals 23,218 22,080 2,322 89.05 14,264 (1 TMR Technologies Co., Ltd. peripherals 23,218 22,080 2,322 89.05 14,264 (1 Ltd. peripherals 23,218 22,080 2,322 89.05 14,264 (1 NEXCOBOT INC. United States of Sales of PCs and 5,921 5,021 200 100 8 (NEXCOBOT INC. United States of Sales of PCs and 12,579 884 100 17,404 DIVIOTED INC. Taiwan Sales of PCs and 12,579 884 100 17,404 NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and 67,549 6,000 100 90,105 2	The Company	All IoTCloud Corp.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	34,415	34,415	1,000	100	3,932	(643)) (643)	3)
TMR Technologies Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 23,218 22,080 2,322 89.05 14,264 (10,0 Ltd. peripherals 23,218 22,080 2,322 89.05 14,264 (10,0 Ltd. peripherals 23,218 5,921 5,921 5,921 8 10,0 8 (NEXCOBOT INC. United States of Sales of PCs and peripherals 5,921 5,921 200 100 8 (5,7 DIVIOTED INC. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,579 884 100 17,404 5,7 NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and Sales	The Company	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.		Sales of PCs and peripherals	12,100	12,100	7,290	100	(3,342) +) (2,482)	2)
NEXCOBOT INC. United States of Sales of PCs and 5,921 5,921 200 100 8 (America peripherals 12,579 884 100 17,404 5,7 DIVIOTED INC. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,579 884 100 17,404 5,7 NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and for the state of PCs and for the s	The Company	TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	23,218	22,080	2,322	89.05	14,264	(10,001)) (8,231)	(1
DIVIOTED INC. Taiwan Sales of PCs and peripherals 12,579 12,579 884 100 17,404 NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and Sales of PCs and 67,549 67,549 6,000 100 90,105 2	The Company	NEXCOBOT INC.	United States of America	Sales of PCs and peripherals	5,921	5,921	200	100	8	(24)		24)
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Taiwan Sales of PCs and 67,549 67,549 6,000 100 90,105	enbase Technology Corp.		Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	12,579	12,579	884	100	17,404	5,714	5,714	4
	exAloT Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals	67,549	67,549	6,000	100	90,105	21,835	21,835	۲¢

Table 7

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

			Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the year ended December 31	nber 31, Accumulated amount	Int		Investment income		Accumulated amount	
		Accumulated amount of remittance	2022	of	iiwan Net income of	e of	(loss) recognised	Book value of	of investment income	
Investee in Mainland Main husiness		from Taiwan to Mainland China	Remitted to	to Mainland China as of	investee for the vear ended	the Ownership held by the Company	by the Company for the vear ended December 31.	investments in Mainland China as of	remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31.	
	Paid-in capital Investment method	as of January 1, 2022	Mainland China Remitted back to Taiwan		Dec	p)			2022	Footnote
NEXSEC Incorporated Sales of PCs and peripherals	\$ 127,504 Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	\$ 56,126	Ś	÷	56,126 \$ 5	52,652	\$ 37,193	3	\$ 31,495	Note 3
Nexcom Shanghai Co., Sales of PCs and Ltd. peripherals	104,234 Through investing in an investee company (NexAIoT Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	104,234	1	ġ.	104,234(2	21,311) 82.73	(17,631) (1) (34,662)		Notes 1
Nexcom Surveillance Sales of PCs and Technology Co., Ltd. peripherals	30,321 Through investing in an investee company (Greenbase Technology Corp.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	30,321	·		30,321	5,138 79.62	4,091	1 36,369	,	Notes 1
Nexcom United System Sales of PCs and Service Co., Ltd. peripherals	33,998 Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	28,691	·	-	28,691 (493) 100	(493)	3) 1,023		
NEXGOL Co., Ltd. Sales of PCs and peripherals	44,650 Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	ı	ı	ı	- (10,707) 66.18	(7,086) (6) (17,257)		Note 3
Zhuhai Xinxin General investment Management Consulting Partnership	9,421 Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co. , Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	2,275	·		2,275	6,759 -	471	-	T	Notes 3
Beijing NexGemo Sales of PCs and Technology Co., Ltd. peripherals	45,770 Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.		ı	ı	- -	9,397) 37.23	(3,499)	9) 13,911	1	Notes 2 and 3
Dongguan Xing Han Sales of PCs and Yun Zhi Electronics Co., peripherals Ltd.	47,938 Through investing in investees in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China (investment of NEXSEC Incorporated).	·	ſ	·	~	3,389)	(1,436)	-	·	Notes 3
GuangZhou NexCOBOT Sales of PCs and China Co., Ltd. peripherals	15,777 Through investing in investees, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China (investment of NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.).	15,777	,		15,777 (88) 82.73	ŭ	73) (1,561)		Note 1
Chongqing Keli Ruixing Sales of PCs and Technology Co., Ltd. peripherals	17,888 Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	T	'		, , ,	4,217) 62.05	(2,617)	7) 1,507	ſ	Note 1
Chengdu Xinghan Sales of PCs and Xinchuang Technology peripherals Co., Ltd.	13,517 Through investing in an investee (NEXSEC Incorporated) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	ſ	ı	ſ			(346)	- (9	·	Notes 3 and 4 and 5

Note 1: Since the consolidated subsidiary was an insignificant subsidiary, the investment income or loss was recognised based on the financial statements which were not reviewed by the independent auditors. Note 2: In February 2022, the Group invested and established a new company, Chengdu Xinghan Xinchuang Technology Co., Ltd. as resolved by the Board of Directors. Note 3: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries during the third quarter of 2022. Refer to 6(32) C for more details.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Information on investments in Mainland China December 31, 2022

Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland

China/	Amount remitted back

Table 8

					as of December 31, Economic Affairs Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed by	the Investment Commission of MOEA	\$ 206,469
Investment	amount approved	by the Investment	Commission of	the Ministry of	Economic Affairs	(MOEA)	\$ 274,951
Accumulated	amount of	remittance from by the Investment	Taiwan to	Mainland China the Ministry of	as of December 31, 1	2022	\$ 237,424 \$
						Company name	The Company

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES Major shareholders information

December 31, 2022

Table 9

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

		6.85%	6.67%
Shares	Number of shares held Ownership (%)	9,687	9,426
	Name of major shareholders	Tai Ying Investment Co., Ltd.	Meng-Ying, Lin

Note: (a) The major shareholders' information was derived from the data using the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded on the financial statements may be different from the actual number of shares in dematerialised form due to the difference in the calculation basis. preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date

of the client which was set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio was greater (b) If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept in the trust by the shareholders, the data was disclosed as a separate account than 10% in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio included the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information on reported share equity of insiders, please refer to the Market Observation Post System.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

For the convenience of readers and for information purpose only, the auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. In the event of any discrepancy between the English version and the original Chinese version or any differences in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TRANSLATED FROM CHINESE

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

PWCR22000542

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only balance sheets of NEXCOM International Co., Ltd. (the "Company") as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related parent company only statements of comprehensive income, of changes in equity and of cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors (refer to the Other matter section), the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. Based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, we believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter - Disposal of subsidiaries in Beijing

We draw attention to Notes 6(5) to the consolidated financial statements, which describes that the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to dispose all the shares of its second-tier subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Group lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries and recognised a gain on disposal of NT\$846,367 thousand in 2022. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the Company's 2022 parent company only financial statements. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole and, in forming our opinion thereon, we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's 2022 parent company only financial statements are stated as follows:

Adequacy of allowance for inventory valuation loss

Description

Refer to Note 4(10) for description of accounting policy on inventory valuation, Note 5(2) for accounting estimates and assumption uncertainty in relation to inventory valuation, and Note 6(3) for details of inventories. As of December 31, 2022, the Company's inventories and allowance for inventory valuation loss amounted to NT\$2,188,038 thousand and NT\$225,725 thousand, respectively.

The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sales of industrial personal computers and there is a higher risk of inventory losing value or becoming obsolete due to the rapid technology innovation and stiff competition in the market. The Company's inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, and the Company recognises loss on decline in value of obsolete or damaged inventories based on specific identification.

Since the amounts of inventories are material, types of inventories are various, and the identification of the net realisable value for individually identified obsolete or scrap inventories involves subjective judgement, we identified the adequacy of allowance for inventory valuation loss a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding of and assessed the reasonableness of accounting policies on provision of allowance for inventory valuation losses and confirmed whether they were adopted consistently in the comparative period.
- B. Inspected the annual plan of the physical inventory count and performed observation on inventory count, and evaluated the effectiveness of procedures in determining obsolete inventories.
- C. Verified the appropriateness of the system logic in calculating the ageing of inventories, and confirmed whether it is consistent with the accounting policy.

- D. For the net realisable value of inventories that are over a certain age and individually identified obsolete and damaged inventories, discussed with the management, obtained supporting documents and reviewed the calculation of the net realisable value.
- E. Tested the market price used to estimate the net realisable value of individual inventories, and selected samples to verify the calculation of net realisable value.

Cutoff of sales revenue

Description

Refer to Note 4(26) for description of accounting policy on revenue recognition and Note 6(21) for the details of operating revenue.

The Company's sales mainly arise from manufacturing and sales of industrial personal computers and is mainly for export. The Company recognises export revenue in accordance with the terms of the transaction with the customer. Since the Company has many sales targets, sales regions and transaction conditions, we considered the cutoff of sales revenue as a key audit matter.

How our audit addressed the matter

We performed the following audit procedures on the above key audit matter:

- A. Obtained an understanding of the transaction terms of sales revenue and tested the internal control relating to revenue recognition.
- B. Selected samples to check the supporting documents for revenue recognition. The procedures performed include checking relevant documents such as orders and delivery orders to evaluate the appropriateness of cutoff of revenue.
- C. Performed sales transaction cut-off test for a certain period before and after balance sheet date to assess the appropriateness of cutoff on sales revenue.

Other matter - Reference to the audits of other auditors

The financial statements of certain investees accounted for using equity method for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were audited by other auditors. Therefore, our opinion expressed herein, insofar as it relates to the amounts included in the parent company only financial statements in respect of these companies, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. The aforementioned investments accounted for using equity method amounted to NT\$396,742 thousand and NT\$158,160 thousand, constituting 5% and 2% of the Company's total assets as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the comprehensive income recognised from the aforementioned investees amounted to NT\$82,866 thousand and NT\$12,866 thousand, constituting 8% and 10% of the Company's total comprehensive income for the years then ended, respectively.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the parent company only financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the Audit Committee, are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the parent company only financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- A. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- B. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- C. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

- D. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- E. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- F. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Wu, Han-Chi

Tsai, Yi-Tai

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers, Taiwan February 22, 2023

The accompanying parent company only financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices in the Republic of China governing the audit of such financial statements may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than the Republic of China. Accordingly, the accompanying parent company only financial statements and independent auditors' report are not intended for use by those who are not informed about the accounting principles or auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, and their applications in practice.

As the financial statements are the responsibility of the management, PricewaterhouseCoopers cannot accept any liability for the use of, or reliance on, the English translation or for any errors or misunderstandings that may derive from the translation.

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS</u> <u>DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

				December 31, 2022		December 31, 2021		
	Assets	Notes		%		AMOUNT	%	
	Current assets							
1100	Cash and cash equivalents	6(1)	\$	474,583	6	\$	111,355	2
1150	Notes receivable, net	6(2)		3	-		7	-
1170	Accounts receivable, net	6(2)		1,154,346	14		770,490	11
1180	Accounts receivable - related parties	7		822,706	10		894,195	13
1200	Other receivables			34,035	1		37,346	1
1210	Other receivables - related parties	7		20,753	-		30,415	1
130X	Inventory	6(3)		1,962,313	24		1,806,263	26
1410	Prepayments			10,932			20,682	
11XX	Total current assets			4,479,671	55		3,670,753	54
	Non-current assets							
1517	Non-current financial assets at fair	6(4)						
	value through other comprehensive							
	income			44,344	-		117,207	2
1550	Investments accounted for under	6(5)						
	equity method			1,525,140	19		839,999	12
1600	Property, plant and equipment	6(6) and 8		1,393,935	17		1,414,927	21
1755	Right-of-use assets	6(7)		385,465	5		438,691	6
1760	Investment property - net	6(9) and 8		172,555	2		174,075	2
1780	Intangible assets	6(10)		45,803	-		59,636	1
1840	Deferred income tax assets	6(26)		67,071	1		86,021	1
1900	Other non-current assets	6(11) and 8		60,493	1		57,657	1
15XX	Total non-current assets			3,694,806	45		3,188,213	46
1XXX	Total assets		\$	8,174,477	100	\$	6,858,966	100

(Continued)

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Liabilities and Equity	Notes		December 31, 2022 AMOUNT	%	December 31, 2021 AMOUNT	%
	Current liabilities						
2100	Short-term borrowings	6(12) and 8	\$	2,405,000	29	\$ 2,327,680	34
2110	Short-term notes and bills payable	6(13)		100,000	1	100,000	2
2130	Current contract liabilities	6(21)		38,000	1	18,770	-
2170	Accounts payable	7		1,074,182	13	992,083	15
2200	Other payables	6(14) and 7		403,222	5	285,660	4
2230	Current income tax liabilities			80,802	1	13,456	-
2250	Provisions for liabilities - current	6(15)		31,059	-	27,912	-
2280	Current lease liabilities			52,800	1	51,896	1
2300	Other current liabilities			11,364	-	5,721	_
21XX	Total current liabilities			4,196,429	51	3,823,178	56
	Non-current liabilities						
2550	Provisions for liabilities - non-current	6(15)		11,490	-	9,744	-
2570	Deferred income tax liabilities	6(26)		183,020	3	1,514	-
2580	Non-current lease liabilities			340,152	4	391,842	6
2600	Net defined benefit liability - non-						
	current			2,222	-	2,051	
25XX	Total non-current liabilities			536,884	7	405,151	6
2XXX	Total liabilities			4,733,313	58	4,228,329	62
	Equity						
	Share capital	6(18)					
3110	Common stock			1,412,265	17	1,412,265	20
	Capital surplus	6(19)					
3200	Capital surplus			367,987	4	367,763	5
	Retained earnings	6(20)					
3310	Legal reserve			336,749	4	322,108	5
3320	Special reserve			66,125	1	45,978	1
3350	Unappropriated retained earnings			1,288,225	16	548,648	8
	Other equity interest						
3400	Other equity interest		(30,187)	-	(<u>66,125</u>) (()
3XXX	Total equity			3,441,164	42	2,630,637	38
	Significant contingent liabilities and	9					
	unrecognised contract commitments						
3X2X	Total liabilities and equity		\$	8,174,477	100	\$ 6,858,966	100

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except for earnings per share amount)

				Yea	r ended	Decer	mber 31	
				2022			2021	
	Items	Notes	- <u>-</u>	AMOUNT	%	+	AMOUNT	%
4000	Sales revenue	6(21) and 7	\$	5,576,554	100	\$	4,297,547	100
5000	Operating costs	6(3)(24)(25) and 7	(4,481,287) (80	(3,617,460) (<u></u>)
5900 5910	Net operating margin Unrealised profit from sales		(1,095,267	20	(680,087	16
5910 5920	Realised profit from sales		(36,346) (32,464	1)	(32,464) (53,496	1)
5950	Net operating margin			1,091,385	19		701,119	16
5750	Operating expenses	6(24)(25)		1,071,505	17		701,117	10
6100	Selling expenses	0(21)(25)	(352,756) (6)	(260,950) (6)
6200	General and administrative expenses		ì	129,678) (2)		119,286) (3)
6300	Research and development expenses		Ì	355,108) (Ì	375,814) (8)
6450	(Expected credit impairment loss)	12(2)						
	impairment gain determined in							
	accordance with IFRS 9		(4,840)	-		4,712	-
6000	Total operating expenses		(842,382) (15)	(751,338) (<u> </u>
6900	Operating profit (loss)			249,003	4	(50,219) (1)
	Non-operating income and expenses	((22)) 1 -		110.001			100 165	2
7010	Other income	6(22) and 7		110,884	2	,	120,465	3
7020 7050	Other gains and losses Finance costs	6(23)	/	39,728	1	(11,441)	- 1)
7030	Share of profit of associates and	6(5)	(37,458) (1)	(23,057) (1)
/0/0	joint ventures accounted for using	0(3)						
	equity method, net			814,013	15		108,627	2
7000	Total non-operating income and			011,015	15		100,027	<u></u>
,	expenses			927,167	17		194,594	4
7900	Profit before income tax			1,176,170	21		144,375	3
7950	Income tax expense	6(26)	(273,982) (-5)	(2,830)	-
8200	Profit for the year		\$	902,188	16	\$	141,545	3
	Other comprehensive income Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss							
8311	Actuarial gains on defined benefit	6(16)						
0216	plan		\$	2,650	-	\$	6,075	-
8316	Unrealised gain (loss) from							
	investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other							
	comprehensive income			5,112	_	(5,078)	_
8349	Income tax related to components of	6(26)		$_{J,112}$	-	C	5,070)	-
0019	other comprehensive income that	0(20)						
	will not be reclassified to profit or							
	loss		(530)	-	(1,215)	-
8310	Other comprehensive income							
	(loss) that will not be reclassified							
	to profit or loss			7,232	-	(218)	-
	Components of other comprehensive income that will be reclassified to profit or loss							
8361	Exchange differences on translation			42,109	1	(15,069)	-
8300	Other comprehensive income (loss)							
	for the year		\$	49,341	1	(<u></u>	15,287)	-
8500	Total comprehensive income for the							
	year		\$	951,529	17	\$	126,258	3
0750	Earnings per share (in dollars)	6(27)	ф		6 20	ሱ		1 00
9750	Basic earnings per share		\$		6.39	\$		1.00
9850	Diluted earnings per share	6(27)	¢		6 20	¢		1 00
2000	Diffued carnings per share	6(27)	φ		6.38	\$		1.00

Total equity	2,616,965 141,545 15 287 X	126,258	- 112,981) 41 354	2,630,637	$\begin{array}{c} 2,630,637\\902,188\\49,341\end{array}$	951,52 <u>9</u> -	- 141,226)	$\frac{224}{3,441,164}$
	\$		$\overline{}$	÷	⊗		J	÷
y Interest Unrealised gains (losses) from financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	20,985) -	5,078)		26,063)	26,063) - 5,112	5,112		11,283) - 32,234)
y Intere Unrea (los finar meas value t com	<u>s</u>			\$)	\$			<u> </u>
Other Equity Interest Unrealis (losse financial statements measur translation value thre differences of compre foreign operations inc	24,993) (<u>\$</u> - -	$\frac{15,009}{15,069}$		40,062)	$\frac{40,062}{-}$	42,109		- - 2,047
Finan t forei	<u>\$</u>			\$	\$			÷
Unappropriated retained earnings	488,932 141,545 4 860	146,405	36,949 36,949 112,981) -	548,648	$\frac{548,648}{902,188}$ 2,120	904,308 14,641)	20,147) 141,226)	11,283 - 1,288,225
Una retai	÷			Ś	\$			÷
Retained Earnings Special reserve	82,927		36,949) - -	45,978	45,978 -		20,147 -	66,125
Retain	÷		~	÷	ss			÷
Legal reserve	311,451			322,108	322,108	- 14,641	1 1	336,749
	÷			Ś	÷	I		÷
Total capital surplus, additional paid-in capital	367,368		354 3 354 3	367,763	367,763 - -			- 224 367,987
Total add	÷			Ś	\$			÷
Share capital - common stock	<u>\$</u> 1,412,265			\$ 1,412,265	\$ 1,412,265 -		1 1	- - \$ 1,412,265
Notes		6(20)	6(17)			6(20)		
	Year ended December 31, 2021 Balance at January 1, 2021 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income (loss) for the	al comprehensive income (loss) ibution of 2020 earnings ad reserve	e ls rment transactions ership interests in subsidiaries	Balance at December 31, 2021 Year ended December 31, 2022	Balance at January 1, 2022 Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year	Total comprehensive income Distribution of 2021 earnings Legal reserve	Special reserve Cash dividends Disposal of investments in equity instruments	designated at fair value through other comprehensive income Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries Balance at December 31, 2022

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Year ended December 31 Notes 2022 2021 CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before tax \$ \$ 1,176,170 144,375 Adjustments Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss) Depreciation (including investment property) 6(6)(9)(24) 74,717 84,919 Depreciation (Right-of-use assets) 6(7)(24) 54,400 54,738 Amortization 6(10)(24) 34,098 38,449 Impairment gain and reversal of impairment loss determined in accordance with IFRS 9 (4,840) (4,712) Interest expense 33,319 18,631 Interest expense (lease liability) 4,139 4,426 Interest income 6(22) 603) ((188) Dividend income 6(22) 5,200) (4,250) (Share-based payment transactions 6(17) 413 41 Share of profit of subsidiaries accounted for under the 6(5) 814,013) (108,627) equity method (Gain on disposal and scrap of property, plant and 6(23) equipment 6) (Loss on disposal of investment 6(23) 960 Unrealised gross profit 36,346 32,464 Realised gross profit 32,464) (53,496) (Changes in operating assets and liabilities Changes in operating assets Notes receivable 4 Accounts receivble 380,619) (173,798) (Accounts receivable - related parties 70,353) 73,092 Other receivables 3,661 15,111) Other receivables - ralated parties 9,662 12,330) Inventories 156,050) 781,031) ((Prepayments 9,750 14,285) (Other non-current assets 48) Changes in operating liabilities Current contract liabilities 19,230 720) (Notes payable 111) (Accounts payable (including related parties) 82,099 433,402 Other payables 126,616 25,740 Provision 2,942) 4,893 (Other current liabilities 5,<u>643</u> 1,<u>018</u> Cash inflow (outflow) generated from operations 354,457 402,839) (Interest received 179 585 190,138 Dividends received 20,007 Interest paid 36,684) 23,609) (Income tax paid 6,710) 1,407) Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities 501,786 407,669)

(Continued)

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

	Year ended				December 31		
	Notes		2022		2021		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at fair value							
through other comprehensive income		\$	77,975	\$	-		
Increase in investments accounted for using equity							
method		(18,360)		-		
Return of capital from liquidation of subsidiary			-		4,111		
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment	6(28)	(44,662)	(48,698)		
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment			380		-		
Acquisition of intangible assets	6(28)	(29,707)	(16,356)		
Decrease in refundable deposits			10,506		237		
Increase in restricted assets		(21)	(618)		
Increase in other non-current assets		(14,835)	(562)		
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(18,724)	(61,886)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Increase in short-term borrowings			77,320		508,960		
Increase in short-term notes and bills payable			-		100,000		
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits received			171	(192)		
Payment of lease liabilities		(56,099)	(55,780)		
Cash dividends paid	6(20)	(141,226)	(112,981)		
Net cash flows (used in) from financing activities		(119,834)		440,007		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents			363,228	(29,548)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	6(1)		111,355	_	140,903		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	6(1)	\$	474,583	\$	111,355		

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>NOTES TO THE PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u> <u>YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021</u>

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANISATION

Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated as a company limited by shares under the provisions of the Company Law of the Republic of China (R.O.C.) in November 1992. The Company is engaged in the manufacture and sales of industrial personal computers and peripherals, agent of distribution, design of computer programs and computer software applications, etc. The shares of the Company have been traded on the Taipei Exchange since June 7, 2007.

2. THE DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUANCE OF THE PARENT COMPANY ONLY

<u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND PROCEDURES FOR AUTHORISATION</u> These parent company only financial statements were authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on February 22, 2023.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS

(1) Effect of the adoption of new issuances of or amendments to International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") that came into effect as endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission ("FSC")

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC and became effective from 2022 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 3, 'Reference to the conceptual framework'	January 1, 2022
Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment: proceeds before	January 1, 2022
intended use'	
Amendments to IAS 37, 'Onerous contracts - cost of fulfilling a contract'	January 1, 2022
Annual improvements to IFRSs 2018 - 2020	January 1, 2022

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and financial performance based on the Company's assessment.

(2) Effect of new issuances of or amendments to IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC but not yet adopted by the Company

New standards, interpretations and amendments endorsed by the FSC effective from 2023 are as follows:

	Effective date by
	International Accounting
New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments	Standards Board
Amendments to IAS 1, 'Disclosure of accounting policies'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 8, 'Definition of accounting estimates'	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities	January 1, 2023
arising from a single transaction'	

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and financial performance based on the Company's assessment.

(3) IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

New standards, interpretations and amendments issued by IASB but not yet included in the IFRSs as endorsed by the FSC are as follows:

New Standards, Interpretations and Amendments Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28, 'Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture'	Effective date by International Accounting Standards Board To be determined by International Accounting Standards Board
Amendments to IFRS 16, 'Lease liability in a sale and leaseback' IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts' Amendments to IFRS 17, 'Insurance contracts' Amendment to IFRS 17, 'Initial application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 – comparative information' Amendments to IAS 1, 'Classification of liabilities as current or non- current'	January 1, 2024 January 1, 2023 January 1, 2023 January 1, 2023 January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1, ' Non-current liabilities with covenants'	January 1, 2024

The above standards and interpretations have no significant impact to the Company's financial condition and financial performance based on the Company's assessment.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these parent company only financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

(1) Compliance statement

The parent company only financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

(2) Basis of preparation

- A. Except for the following items, the parent company only financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention:
 - (a) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - (b) Defined benefit asset recognised based on the net amount of pension fund assets less present value of defined benefit obligation.
- B. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, IFRIC Interpretations, and SIC Interpretations that came into effect as endorsed by the FSC (collectively referred herein as the "IFRSs") requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the parent company only financial statements are disclosed in Note 5.
- (3) Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of the Company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The parent company only financial statements are presented in New Taiwan Dollars, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

- A. Foreign currency transactions and balances
 - (a) Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.
 - (b) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the period end are retranslated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising upon re-translation at the balance sheet date are recognised in profit or loss.
 - (c) Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through profit or loss are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies held at fair value through other comprehensive income are re-translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet date; their translation differences are recognised in other comprehensive income. However, non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are not measured at fair value are translated using the historical exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

- (d) All foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within other gains and losses.
- B. Translation of foreign operations
 - (a) The operating results and financial position of all the entities, associates and joint arrangements that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:
 - i. Assets and liabilities for each balance sheet presented are translated at the closing exchange rate at the date of that balance sheet;
 - ii. Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates of that period; and
 - iii. All resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.
 - (b) When the foreign operation partially disposed of or sold is a subsidiary, cumulative exchange differences that were recorded in other comprehensive income are proportionately transferred to the non-controlling interest in this foreign operation. In addition, even when the Group retains partial interest in the former foreign subsidiary after losing control of the former foreign subsidiary, such transactions should be accounted for as disposal of all interest in the foreign operation.
- (4) Classification of current and non-current items
 - A. Assets that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current assets; otherwise they are classified as non-current assets:
 - (a) Assets arising from operating activities that are expected to be realised, or are intended to be sold or consumed within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Assets held mainly for trading purposes;
 - (c) Assets that are expected to be realised within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Cash and cash equivalents, excluding restricted cash and cash equivalents and those that are to be exchanged or used to settle liabilities more than twelve months after the balance sheet date.
 - B. Liabilities that meet one of the following criteria are classified as current liabilities; otherwise they are classified as non-current liabilities:
 - (a) Liabilities that are expected to be settled within the normal operating cycle;
 - (b) Liabilities arising mainly from trading activities;
 - (c) Liabilities that are to be settled within twelve months from the balance sheet date;
 - (d) Liabilities for which the repayment date cannot be extended unconditionally to more than twelve months after the balance sheet date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

(5) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

- A. Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income comprise equity securities which are not held for trading, and for which the Company has made an irrevocable election at initial recognition to recognise changes in fair value in other comprehensive income.
- B. On a regular way purchase or sale basis, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognised and derecognised using trade date accounting.
- C. At initial recognition, the Company measures the financial assets at fair value plus transaction costs. The Company subsequently measures the financial assets at fair value: The changes in fair value of equity investments that were recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to retained earnings and are not reclassified to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends are recognised as revenue when the right to receive payment is established, future economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company and the amount of the dividend can be measured reliably.
- (6) Accounts and notes receivable
 - A. Accounts and notes receivable entitle the Company a legal right to receive consideration in exchange for transferred goods or rendered services.
 - B. The short-term accounts and notes receivable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (7) Impairment of financial assets

For debt instruments measured at financial assets at amortised cost, at each reporting date, the Company recognises the impairment provision for 12 months expected credit losses if there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition or recognises the impairment provision for the lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) if such credit risk has increased since initial recognition after taking into consideration all reasonable and verifiable information that includes forecasts. On the other hand, for accounts receivable or contract assets that do not contain a significant financing component, the Company recognises the impairment provision for lifetime ECLs.

(8) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when one of the following conditions is met:

- A. The contractual rights to receive the cash flows from the financial asset expire.
- B. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset.
- C. The contractual rights to receive cash flows of the financial asset have been transferred; however, the Company has not retained control of the financial asset.
- (9) Leasing arrangements (lessor) operating leases

Lease income from an operating lease (net of any incentives given to the lessee) is recognised in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(10) Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted-average method. The cost of finished goods and work in process comprises raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (allocated based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. The item by item approach is used in applying the lower of cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and applicable variable selling expenses.

- (11) Investments accounted for using equity method subsidiaries and associates
 - A. Subsidiaries are all entities controlled by the Company. The Company controls and entity when the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity
 - B. Unrealised gains on transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries are eliminated. The accounting policies of the subsidiaries have been adjusted where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Company.
 - C. The Company's share of its subsidiaries' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses in a subsidiary equals or exceeds its interest in the subsidiary, the Company continues to recognise losses proportionate to its ownership.
 - D. When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, the Company remeasures any investment retained in the former subsidiary at its fair value. That fair value is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or the cost on initial recognition of the associate or joint venture. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss. All amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary are reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the related assets or liabilities were disposed of. That is, when the Company loses control of a subsidiary, all gains or losses previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary should be reclassified from equity to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss, if such gains or losses would be reclassified to profit or loss.
 - E. Associates are all entities over which the Company has significant influence but not control. In general, it is presumed that the investor has significant influence, if an investor holds, directly or indirectly 20 percent or more of the voting power of the investee. Investments in associates are accounted for using the equity method and are initially recognised at cost.

- F. The Company's share of its associates' post-acquisition profits or losses is recognised in profit or loss, and its share of post-acquisition movements in other comprehensive income is recognised in other comprehensive income. When the Company's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate (including any other unsecured receivables), the Company does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred statutory/constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate.
- G. When changes in an associate's equity do not arise from profit or loss or other comprehensive income and such changes do not affect the Company's ownership percentage of the associate, the Company recognises change in ownership interests of the associate in 'capital surplus' in proportion to its ownership.
- H. Upon loss of significant influence over an associate, the Company remeasures any investment retained in the former associate at its fair value. Any difference between fair value and carrying amount is recognised in profit or loss.
- I. When the Company disposes its investment in an associate, if it loses significant influence over this associate, the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate, are reclassified to profit or loss, on the same basis as would be required if the relevant assets or liabilities were disposed of. If it still retains significant influence over this associate, then the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in relation to the associate are reclassified to profit or loss proportionately in accordance with the aforementioned approach.
- J. In accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, the profit or loss and other comprehensive income or loss presented on the parent company only financial statements are consistent with those presented on the consolidated financial statements. In addition, owner's equity presented on the parent company only is consistent with equity attributable to owners of parent presented on the consolidated financial statements.

(12) Property, plant and equipment

- A. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost.
- B. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the financial period in which they are incurred.
- C. Land is not depreciated. Other property, plant and equipment apply cost model and are depreciated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost over their estimated useful lives. Each part of an item of property, plant, and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item must be depreciated separately.

D. The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each financial year-end. If expectations for the assets' residual values and useful lives differ from previous estimates or the patterns of consumption of the assets' future economic benefits embodied in the assets have changed significantly, any change is accounted for as a change in estimate under IAS 8, 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors', from the date of the change. The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 ~ 50 years
Machinery and equipment	1 ~ 10 years
Office equipment	1 ~ 10 years
Leasehold improvements	$1 \sim 10$ years
Transportation equipment	2 ~ 5 years

(13) Leasing arrangements (lessee) - right-of-use assets / lease liabilities

- A. Leases are recognised as a right-of-use asset and a corresponding lease liability at the date at which the leased asset is available for use by the Company. For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- B. Lease liabilities include the net present value of the remaining lease payments at the commencement date, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing interest rate. Lease payments are comprised of fixed payments, less any lease incentives receivable. The Company subsequently measures the lease liability at amortised cost using the interest method and recognises interest expense over the lease term. The lease liability is remeasured and the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset when there are changes in the lease term or lease payments and such changes do not arise from contract modifications.
- C. At the commencement date, the right-of-use asset is stated at cost comprising the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability. The right-of-use asset is measured subsequently using the cost model and is depreciated from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the asset's useful life or the end of the lease term. When the lease liability is remeasured, the amount of remeasurement is recognised as an adjustment to the right-of-use asset.
- (14) Investment property

An investment property is stated initially at its cost and measured subsequently using the cost model. Except for land, investment property is depreciated on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 20 to 50 years.

(15) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are computer software and patent stated at historical cost and amortised over their estimated useful lives of 1 to 10 years.

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date the recoverable amounts of those assets where there is an indication that they are impaired. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell or value in use. When the circumstances or reasons for recognising impairment loss for an asset in prior years no longer exist or diminish, the impairment loss is reversed. The increased carrying amount due to reversal should not be more than what the depreciated or amortised historical cost would have been if the impairment had not been recognised.

(17) Borrowings

Borrowings comprise long-term and short-term bank borrowings. Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred.

(18) Notes and accounts payable

- A. Accounts payable are liabilities for purchases of raw materials, goods or services and notes payable are those resulting from operating and non-operating activities.
- B. The short-term notes and accounts payable without bearing interest are subsequently measured at initial invoice amount as the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- (19) Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

(20) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and reported in the net amount in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(21) Provisions

Provisions (including warranties) are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation on the balance sheet date.

- (22) Employee benefits
 - A. Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in respect of service rendered by employees in a period and should be recognised as expense in that period when the employees render service.

B. Pension

- (a) Defined contribution plan
 - For defined contribution plan, the contributions are recognised as pension expense when they are due on an accrual basis. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent of a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments.
- (b) Defined benefit plan
 - i. Net obligation under a defined benefit plan is defined as the present value of an amount of pension benefits that employees will receive on retirement for their services with the Company in current period or prior periods. The liability recognised in the balance sheet in respect of defined benefit pension plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date less the fair value of plan assets. The net defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The rate used to discount is determined by using interest rates of government bonds (at the balance sheet date) of a currency and term consistent with the currency and term of the employment benefit obligations.
 - ii. Remeasurements arising on defined benefit plan are recognised in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and are recorded as retained earnings.
 - iii. Past service costs are recognised immediately in profit or loss.
- C. Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration
 - Employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration are recognised as expense and liability, provided that such recognition is required under legal or constructive obligation and those amounts can be reliably estimated. Any difference between the resolved amounts and the subsequently actual distributed amounts is accounted for as changes in estimates.
- (23) Employee share-based payment

For the equity-settled share-based payment arrangements, the employee services received are measured at the fair value of the equity instruments granted at the grant date, and are recognised as compensation cost over the vesting period, with a corresponding adjustment to equity. The fair value of the equity instruments granted shall reflect the impact of market vesting conditions and non-vesting conditions. Compensation cost is subject to adjustment based on the service conditions that are expected to be satisfied and the estimates of the number of equity instruments that are expected to vest under the non-market vesting conditions at each balance sheet date. Ultimately, the amount of compensation cost recognised is based on the number of equity instruments that eventually vest.

- (24) Income tax
 - A. The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or items recognised directly in equity, in which cases the tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

- B. The current income tax expense is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in accordance with applicable tax regulations. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on the amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities. An additional tax is levied on the unappropriated retained earnings and is recorded as income tax expense in the year the stockholders resolve to retain the earnings.
- C. Deferred tax is recognised, using the balance sheet liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the parent company only balance sheet. Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Company and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.
- D. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. At each balance sheet date, unrecognised and recognised deferred tax assets are reassessed.
- E. Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset on the balance sheet when the entity has the legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and they are levied by the same taxation authority on either the same entity or different entities that intend to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
- F. A deferred tax asset shall be recognised for the carryforward of unused tax credits resulting from acquisitions of equipment or technology, research and development expenditures and equity investments to the extent that it is possible that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax credits can be utilised.

(25) Dividends

Dividends are recorded in the Company's financial statements in the period in which they are approved by the Company's shareholders. Cash dividends are recorded as liabilities.

(26) <u>Revenue recognition</u>

Sales of goods

- A. The Company research and develops, manufactures and sells industrial personal computers. Sales are recognised when control of the products has transferred, being when the products are delivered to the customer, the customer has full discretion over the channel and price to sell the products, and there is no unfulfilled obligation that could affect the customer's acceptance of the products. Delivery occurs when the products have been shipped to the specific location, the risks of obsolescence and loss have been transferred to the customer, and either the customer has accepted the products in accordance with the sales contract, or the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied.
- B. Sales revenue arising from industrial personal computers is recognised based on the price that is made from negotiating with customers based on purchased volume and items. No element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit terms that are the same with the general commercial transactions, which is consistent with market practice.
- C. The Company's obligation to provide a maintenance service for faulty products under the standard warranty terms is recognised as a provision.
- D. A receivable is recognised when the goods are delivered as this is the point in time that the consideration is unconditional because only the passage of time is required before the payment is due.

(27) Government grants

Government grants are recognised at their fair value only when there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with any conditions attached to the grants and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises expenses for the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

5. <u>CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND KEY SOURCES OF</u>

ASSUMPTION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of these parent company only financial statements requires management to make critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies and make critical assumptions and estimates concerning future events. Assumptions and estimates may differ from the actual results and are continually evaluated and adjusted based on historical experience and other factors. Such assumptions and estimates have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year; and the related information is addressed below:

(1) Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

None.

(2) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

Evaluation of inventories

As inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, the Company must determine the net realisable value of inventories on balance sheet date using judgements and estimates. Due to the rapid technology innovation, the Company evaluates the amounts of normal inventory consumption, obsolete inventories or inventories without market selling value at balance sheet date, and writes down the cost of inventories to the net realisable value. Such evaluation of inventories is principally based on the demand for the products within the specified period in the future. Therefore, there might be material changes to the evaluation.

As of December 31, 2022, the carrying amount of inventories is provided in Note 6(3)

6. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) <u>Cash</u>

	Decen	nber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	
Cash on hand and petty cash	\$	413	\$	540
Checking accounts and demand deposits		474,170		110,815
Time deposits		12,305	_	12,284
		486,888		123,639
Transferred to restricted assets (shown as other non-	(12,305)	(12,284)
current assets)				
	\$	474,583	\$	111,355

A. The Company transacts with a variety of financial institutions all with high credit quality to disperse credit risk, so it expects that the probability of counterparty default is remote.

- B. The time deposits as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were transferred to restricted assets based on their nature as they were pledged as performance guarantee and guarantee for import duty. Refer to Note 8 for details.
- (2) Notes and accounts receivable

	Dece	mber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Notes receivable	\$	3	\$	7	
	Dece	mber 31, 2022	Dece	mber 31, 2021	
Accounts receivable	\$	1,180,752	\$	793,659	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(26,406)	(23,169)	
	\$	1,154,346	\$	770,490	

A. The ageing analysis of accounts receivable that were past due but not impaired is as follows:

	Decen	December 31, 2021		
Not past due	\$	1,126,646	\$	741,514
1 to 90 days		30,856		29,090
91 to 180 days		2,262		330
Over 180 days		20,988		22,725
	\$	1,180,752	\$	793,659

The above ageing analysis was based on past due date.

- B. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, accounts receivable and notes receivable were all from contracts with customers. As of January 1, 2021, the balance of receivables from contracts with customers amounted to \$619,861.
- C. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements, the maximum exposure to credit risk in respect of the amount that best represents the Company's notes receivable were \$3 and \$7, and accounts receivable were \$1,154,346 and \$770,490, respectively.
- D. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(3) <u>Inventories</u>

	December 31, 2022							
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$	1,450,553	(\$	158,829)	\$	1,291,724		
Work in progress		340,353	(1,570)		338,783		
Semi-finished goods		235,996	(41,258)		194,738		
Finished goods		161,136	(24,068)		137,068		
	\$	2,188,038	(<u>\$</u>	225,725)	\$	1,962,313		
			D	ecember 31, 2021				
				Allowance for				
		Cost		valuation loss		Book value		
Raw materials	\$	1,561,676	(\$	169,696)	\$	1,391,980		
Work in progress		188,352	(651)		187,701		
Semi-finished goods		182,135	(51,144)		130,991		
Finished goods		129,465	(33,874)		95,591		
	\$	2,061,628	(\$	255,365)	\$	1,806,263		

The cost of inventories recognised as expense for the year:

		2022	2021			
Cost of goods sold	\$	4,495,519 \$	3,612,505			
Gain on reversal of inventory valuation (Note 1)	(29,640) (39,831)			
Loss on scrap inventory		13,172	22,365			
Others (Note 2)		2,236	22,421			
	\$	4,481,287 \$	3,617,460			

Note 1: The Company reversed a previous inventory write-down which was accounted for as

reduction of cost of goods sold because the related inventory items were sold and scrapped. Note 2: Includes low capacity utilisation, gain or loss on physical inventory and revenue from scrap.

(4) <u>Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income</u>

Items	Decem	December 31, 2021		
Unlisted stocks	\$	64,000	\$	130,692
Valuation adjustment	(19,656)	(13,485)
	\$	44,344	\$	117,207

A. In the first half of 2022, the fair value of the equity investments sold was \$77,975, taking into consideration the Group's operations.

B. Amounts recognised in profit or loss and other comprehensive income in relation to the financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are listed below:

		2022	2021		
Equity instruments at fair value					
through other comprehensive income					
Fair value change recognised in the other	¢	5 112	¢	5 079	
comprehensive income	\$	5,112	2	5,078	
Cumulative gains reclassified to retained earnings due to derecognition	\$	11,283	\$	-	

- C. The Company has elected to classify financial assets at cost that are considered to be strategic investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income. The fair value of such investments amounted to \$44,344 and \$117,207 as at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- D. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, no financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income held by the Company were pledged to others.
- E. Information relating to credit risk is provided in Note 12(2).

(5) Investments accounted for using equity method

A. Details of investments accounted	for using equity method is as follows:

	Decer	mber 31, 2022	Decemb	er 31, 2021
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	\$	935,260	\$	315,822
Greenbase Technology Corp.		221,056		158,160
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.		179,028		157,342
Nex Computers, Inc.		111,029		109,131
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.		40,004		62,219
Nexcom Europe Ltd.		23,901		27,836
TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.		14,264		4,815
All IoTCloud Corp.		3,932		4,575
NEXCOBOT INC.		8		30
Nexcom France (Note)		-		981
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	(3,342)	(912)
	\$	1,525,140	\$	839,999

Note : The Company's subsidiary, Nexcom France, has completed its liquidation in December 2022.

B. Except for Greenbase Technology Corp., NexAIoT Co., Ltd. and EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd. whose financial statements were audited by other auditors, the financial statements of other investees were audited by the Company's auditors for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021. Details of share of profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method recognised by the Company are as follows:

		2022	2021		
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	\$	738,882 \$	75,265		
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.		-	22,103		
Greenbase Technology Corp.		64,011	12,933		
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.		20,605	15,411		
Nex Computers, Inc.		6,224	1,788		
Nexcom GmbH.		- (7)		
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.		126 (4,423)		
NEXCOBOT Inc.	(24) (29)		
All IoTCloud Corp.	(643) (39)		
Nexcom France	(665) (501)		
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	(2,482) (4,436)		
Nexcom Europe Ltd.	(3,790) (1,636)		
TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.	()	8,231) (7,802)		
	\$	814,013 \$	108,627		

- C. On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to dispose all the shares of the subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, of Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA), the subsidiaries of NEXSEC Incorporated and the Company's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Company lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries in the third quarter of 2022. The details of the consideration from the transaction are provided in Note 6(32) of consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.
- D. Refer to Note 4(3) in the consolidated financial statements as at and for the year ended December 31, 2022 for the information regarding the Company's subsidiaries.

(6) Propert	y, plant and	equipment

<u>At January 1, 2022</u>	Land		Buildings d structures		lachinery equipment	eq	Office uipment		Others	Total
Cost Accumulated	\$ 839,24	9 \$	567,495	\$	629,504	\$	51,964	\$	114,658 \$	2,202,870
depreciation		- (174,522)	(479,563)	(46,687)	(87,171) (787,943)
	\$ 839,24	9 \$	392,973	\$	149,941	\$	5,277	\$	27,487 \$	1,414,927
<u>2022</u>										
At January 1	\$ 839,24	9 \$	392,973	\$	149,941	\$	5,277	\$	27,487 \$	1,414,927
Additions		-	-		42,456		1,225		4,734	48,415
Disposals				(374)				(374)
Reclassifications		-	-		4,164		-		-	4,164
Depreciation		- (9,429)	(50,087)	(2,944)	(10,737) (73,197)
At December 31	<u>\$ 839,24</u>	9 <u>\$</u>	383,544	\$	146,100	\$	3,558	\$	21,484 \$	1,393,935
At December 31, 2022	<u>2</u>									
Cost Accumulated	\$ 839,24	9 \$	567,495	\$	652,713	\$	48,938	\$	119,392 \$	2,227,787
depreciation		- (183,951)	(506,613)	(45,380)	(97,908) (833,852)
	\$ 839,24	9 \$	383,544	\$	146,100	\$	3,558	\$	21,484 \$	1,393,935

		Buildings		Machinery		Office					
	 Land	and	structures	and	equipment	eq	uipment		Others		Total
At January 1, 2021											
Cost	\$ 839,249	\$	567,495	\$	602,449	\$	55,135	\$	110,231	\$	2,174,559
Accumulated											
depreciation	 -	(160,764)	(445,503)	(46,974)	(73,037)	(726,278)
	\$ 839,249	\$	406,731	\$	156,946	\$	8,161	\$	37,194	\$	1,448,281
<u>2021</u>											
At January 1	\$ 839,249	\$	406,731	\$	156,946	\$	8,161	\$	37,194	\$	1,448,281
Additions	-		-		40,013		883		4,134		45,030
Reclassifications	-		-		4,615		-		400		5,015
Depreciation	 -	(13,758)	(51,633)	(3,767)	(14,241)	(83,399)
At December 31	\$ 839,249	\$	392,973	\$	149,941	\$	5,277	\$	27,487	\$	1,414,927
At December 31, 2021											
Cost	\$ 839,249	\$	567,495	\$	629,504	\$	51,964	\$	114,658	\$	2,202,870
Accumulated											
depreciation	 -	(174,522)	(479,563)	(46,687)	(87,171)	(787,943)
	\$ 839,249	\$	392,973	\$	149,941	\$	5,277	\$	27,487	\$	1,414,927

Refer to Note 8 for the pledged property, plant and equipment.

- (7) Leasing arrangements lessee
 - A. The Company leases various assets including buildings. Rental contracts are typically made for periods from 2019 to 2031. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions. The lease agreements do not impose covenants, but leased assets may not be used as security for borrowing purposes.
 - B. The carrying amount of right-of-use assets and the depreciation charge are as follows:

December 31, 2022	
Carrying amount	Carrying amount
385,465	\$ 438,691
2022	2021
epreciation charge	Depreciation charge
54,400	\$ 54,738
(Carrying amount 385,465 2022 epreciation charge

C. The information on profit and loss accounts relating to lease contracts is as follows:

	2022			2021		
Items affecting profit or loss						
Interest expense on lease liabilities	\$	4,139	\$	4,426		
Expense on short-term lease contracts		9,299		8,018		
	\$	13,438	\$	12,444		

D. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company's total cash outflow for leases were \$69,537 and \$68,224, respectively.

E. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, additions to right-of-use assets were \$1,174 and \$0, respectively.

(8) Leasing arrangements - lessor

- A. The Company leases various assets including buildings and structures. Rental contracts are typically made for periods of 3 years. Lease terms are negotiated on an individual basis and contain a wide range of different terms and conditions.
- B. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognised rent income in the amounts of \$17,189 and \$17,099, respectively, based on the operating lease agreement, which does not include variable lease payments.
- C. The maturity analysis of the lease payments under the operating leases is as follows:

	Decembe	December 31, 2021		
2022	\$	-	\$	16,476
2023		17,149		-
	\$	17,149	\$	16,476

(9) Investment property

	Land		Buildings and structures		Total	
At January 1, 2022						
Cost	\$ 128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414	
Accumulated depreciation	 -	(52,339)	()	52,339)	
	\$ 128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075	
2022						
At January 1	\$ 128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075	
Depreciation	 -	(1,520)	(1,520)	
At December 31	\$ 128,902	\$	43,653	\$	172,555	
At December 31, 2022						
Cost	\$ 128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414	
Accumulated depreciation	 -	(53,859)	(53,859)	
-	\$ 128,902	\$	43,653	\$	172,555	

	Land		Buildings structures	Total		
<u>At January 1, 2021</u>						
Cost	\$ 128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414	
Accumulated depreciation	 -	(50,819)	(50,819)	
	\$ 128,902	\$	46,693	\$	175,595	
<u>2021</u>						
At January 1	\$ 128,902	\$	46,693	\$	175,595	
Depreciation	-	(1,520)	(1,520)	
At December 31	\$ 128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075	
At December 31, 2021						
Cost	\$ 128,902	\$	97,512	\$	226,414	
Accumulated depreciation	-	(52,339)	(52,339)	
-	\$ 128,902	\$	45,173	\$	174,075	

A. The Company leased land and buildings at Sanchong Dist. and Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City to other companies as factories or offices until November 2023. The Company received the rental payment monthly.

B. Refer to Note 8 for the pledged investment property.

C. Rental income from investment property and direct operating expenses arising from investment property are shown below:

	2022		2021	
Rental income from investment property	\$	10,571	\$	10,407
Direct operating expenses arising from the investment				
property that generated rental income during the year	\$	2,206	\$	2,207

D. The fair value of the investment property held by the Company as at December 31, 2022 and 2021 was \$376,330 and \$354,452, respectively, which was revalued based on market trading prices of similar property in the neighbouring areas. Valuations were categorised within Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

(10) Intangible assets

	Software		Other	rs	Total	
<u>At January 1, 2022</u>						
Cost	\$	143,399		5,316 \$	148,715	
Accumulated amortisation	(86,042)	-	3,037) (89,079)	
	\$	57,357	\$ 2	2,279 \$	59,636	
<u>2022</u>						
At January 1	\$	57,357	\$ 2	2,279 \$	59,636	
Additions-acquired separately		18,759	-	1,506	20,265	
Amortisation charge	(31,600)	(2	2,498) (34,098)	
At December 31	\$	44,516	\$	1,287 \$	45,803	
At December 31, 2022						
Cost	\$	128,047	\$ (5,822 \$	134,869	
Accumulated amortisation	(83,531)	(5,535) (89,066)	
	\$	44,516	\$	1,287 \$	45,803	
		Software	Othe	ers	Total	
<u>At January 1, 2021</u>						
Cost	\$	156,295	\$	3,102 \$	159,397	
Accumulated amortisation	(85,548)	(1,562) (87,110)	
	\$	70,747	\$	1,540 \$	72,287	
<u>2021</u>						
At January 1	\$	70,747	\$	1,540 \$	72,287	
Additions-acquired separately		23,333		2,465	25,798	
Amortisation charge	(36,723)	(1,726) (38,449)	
At December 31	\$	57,357	\$	2,279 \$	59,636	
<u>At December 31, 2021</u>						
Cost	\$	143,399	\$	5,316 \$	148,715	
Accumulated amortisation	(86,042)		3,037) (89,079)	
	\$	57,357		2,279 \$	59,636	
		December	r 31, 2022	Decemb	er 31, 2021	
Operating expenses		\$	9,953	\$	6,762	
Selling expenses			3,802	,	4,307	
General and administrative expenses			12,159	1	24,641	
Research and development expenses			8,184		2,739	
		\$	34,098	\$	38,449	

(11) Other non-current assets

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Refundable deposits	\$ 12,377	\$ 22,883
Net defined benefit assets	24,868	22,218
Restricted assets	12,305	12,284
Prepayments for equipment	10,943	272
	\$ 60,493	\$ 57,657
(12) Short-term borrowings		
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2022	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings		
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 1,335,000	$1.43\% \sim 2.14\%$
Secured borrowings	1,070,000	$1.43\% \sim 1.98\%$
	\$ 2,405,000	
Type of borrowings	December 31, 2021	Interest rate range
Bank borrowings		
Unsecured borrowings	\$ 1,197,680	$0.52\% \sim 1.08\%$
Secured borrowings	1,130,000	$0.88\% \sim 1.00\%$
	\$ 2,327,680	

Details of collateral for short-term borrowings are provided in Note 8.

(13) Short-term notes and bills payable

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Commercial paper	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Discount amortisation		
	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>
Annual interest rate	1.92%~1.938%	1.012%~1.05%
(14) Other payables		
	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Accrued salaries and bonus	\$ 233,698	\$ 131,361
Processing fees payable	23,598	2,532
Labour and health insurance payable	17,592	16,393
Pension cost payable	7,364	5,449
Payable on machinery and equipment	4,960	1,207
Payable on software	-	9,442
Others	116,010	119,276
	\$ 403,222	\$ 285,660

(15) Provisions

		2021			
At January 1	\$	37,656	\$	40,598	
Additional provisions		34,846		29,680	
Unused amounts reversed	(29,953)	(32,622)	
At December 31	\$	42,549	\$	37,656	
Analysis of total provisions:					
	Decem	ber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Current	\$	31,059	\$	27,912	
Non-current	\$	11,490	\$	9,744	

The Company's warranty provisions were associated with the sales of industrial personal computer products, and were estimated in accordance with the historical warranty data of products.

- (16) Pensions
 - A.(a)The Company has a defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act, covering all regular employees' service years prior to the enforcement of the Labor Pension Act on July 1, 2005 and service years thereafter of employees who chose to continue to be subject to the pension mechanism under the Act. Under the defined benefit pension plan, two units are accrued for each year of service for the first 15 years and one unit for each additional year thereafter, subject to a maximum of 45 units. Pension benefits are based on the number of units accrued and the average monthly salaries and wages of the last 6 months prior to retirement. The Company contributes monthly an amount equal to 4% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the retirement fund deposited with Bank of Taiwan, the trustee, under the name of the independent retirement fund committee. Also, the Company would assess the balance in the aforementioned labor pension reserve account by December 31, every year. If the account balance is not enough to pay the pension calculated by the aforementioned method to the employees expected to qualify for retirement in the following year, the Company will make contribution for the deficit by next March.
 - (b) The amounts recognised in the balance sheet are determined as follows:

	Decem	nber 31, 2022	December 31, 2021		
Present value of defined benefit obligations	\$	-	\$	-	
Fair value of plan assets		24,868		22,218	
Net defined benefit asset (shown as					
other non-current assets)	\$	24,868	\$	22,218	

(c) Movements in net defined benefit assets are as follows:

			ir value lan assets		t defined efit assets	
2022						
Balance at January 1	\$	-	\$	22,218	\$	22,218
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)		-		2,650		2,650
Balance at December 31	\$	-	\$	24,868	\$	24,868
	Present value of defined benefit obligations		Fair value of plan assets		Net defined benefit assets	
<u>2021</u>						
Balance at January 1	(\$	17,296)	\$	33,391	\$	16,095
Interest (expense) income	(52)		100	_	48
	(17,348)		33,491		16,143
Remeasurements:						
Return on plan assets						
(excluding amounts included in interest income or expense)		_		485		485
Experience adjustments		5,590		-		5,590
-		5,590		485		6,075
Paid pension		11,758	(11,758)		-
Balance at December 31	\$	-	\$	22,218	\$	22,218

- (d) The Bank of Taiwan was commissioned to manage the Fund of the Company's defined benefit pension plan in accordance with the Fund's annual investment and utilisation plan and the "Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilisation of the Labor Retirement Fund" (Article 6: The scope of utilisation for the Fund includes deposit in domestic or foreign financial institutions, investment in domestic or foreign listed, over-the-counter, or private placement equity securities, investment in domestic or foreign real estate securitization products, etc.). With regard to the utilisation of the Fund, its minimum earnings in the annual distributions on the final financial statements shall be no less than the earnings attainable from the amounts accrued from two-year time deposits with the interest rates offered by local banks. If the earnings is less than aforementioned rates, government shall make payment for the deficit after being authorized by the Regulator. The Company has no right to participate in managing and operating that fund and hence the Company is unable to disclose the classification of plan assets fair value in accordance with IAS 19 paragraph 142. The composition of fair value percentage of total assets or the fund for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is given in the Annual Labor Retirement Fund Utilisation Report announced by the government.
- (e) The actuarial report showed that the Company had contributed sufficient pension funds. Thus, the Company discontinued contributing to the labor pension reserve funds temporarily from June 2020 to May 2022 in accordance with Labor Affairs Department, New Taipei City Government Letter No.1101223971 and No. 1091145569, respectively.
- B.(a)Effective July 1, 2005, the Company has established a defined contribution pension plan (the "New Plan") under the Labor Pension Act (the "Act"), covering all regular employees with R.O.C. nationality. Under the New Plan, the Company contributes monthly an amount based on 6% of the employees' monthly salaries and wages to the employees' individual pension accounts at the Bureau of Labor Insurance. The benefits accrued are paid monthly or in lump sum upon termination of employment.
- (b)The pension costs under the defined contribution pension plan of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were \$27,951 and \$21,647, respectively.

(17) Share-based payment

A. The Company's share-based payment arrangements were as follows:

Type of		Quantity	Contract	Vesting
arrangement	Grant date	granted	period	conditions
Employee stock option certificates	2016.8.30	600 units	5 years	Note 1
Employee stock option certificates	2017.4.25	400 units	5 years	Note 1

Note 1: Employee stock options grant period and exercise conditions are as follows:

Vesting period	Accumulated maximum exercisable employee stock options
After 2 years	40%
After 3 years	80%
After 4 years	100%

B. Details of the share-based payment arrangements are as follows:

		2022		2021			
		Weighted-average	•	Weighted-average			
	No. of exercise price options (in dollars)		No. of options	exercise price (in dollars)			
Options outstanding at beginning of the year	400	\$ 30.51	960	\$ 31.60			
Options forfeited Options outstanding at end	(400)	29.42	(560)	31.60			
of the year		-	400	30.51			
Options exercisable at end of the year		-	400	30.51			

- C. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the range of exercise prices of stock options outstanding was \$29.42 and \$30.51 (in dollars), respectively; while the weighted-average remaining contractual period was 0 year and 0.50 years, respectively.
- D. The fair value of stock options granted is measured using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Relevant information is as follows:

		S	tock	Exe	rcise						
		p	rice	pr	ice	Exercise				Fa	ir value
Type of			(in	(i	n	price	Expected	Expected	Risk-free	p	er unit
arrangement	Grant date	dol	lars)	doll	ars)	volatility	vesting period	dividends	interest rate	(in	dollars)
Employee	2016.8.30	\$	29.1	\$	35	36.71%	3.9 years	0%	0.50%	\$	6.5633
stock option											
certificates											
Employee	2017.4.25		31.6		35	38.64%	3.9 years	0%	0.80%		8.5859
stock option											
certificates											

Note: The calculation of expected price volatility was based on the historical closing price of the target stock within the approximate length of expected duration.

E. Expenses incurred on share-based payment transactions are shown below:

	2022		2021
Equity-settled	\$	- \$	41

(18) Share capital

As of December 31, 2022, the Company's authorised capital was \$1,800,000 (including 15,000 thousand shares reserved for employee stock options), and the paid-in capital was \$1,412,265, consisting of 141,226 thousand shares with a par value of \$10 (in NT dollars) per share. All proceeds from shares issued have been collected.

(19) Capital surplus

Pursuant to the R.O.C. Company Act, capital surplus arising from paid-in capital in excess of par value on issuance of common stocks and donations can be used to cover accumulated deficit or to issue new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, provided that the Company has no accumulated deficit. Further, the R.O.C. Securities and Exchange Law requires that the amount of capital surplus to be capitalised mentioned above should not exceed 10% of the paid-in capital each year. Capital surplus should not be used to cover accumulated deficit unless the legal reserve is insufficient.

	 2022						
						Ch	anges in
						sub	sidiaries
						ac	counted
	Share	Tre	asury share	I	Employee	fo	or using
	 premium	tra	ansactions	rest	ricted shares	equi	ity method
At January 1	\$ 351,234	\$	2,880	\$	9,521	\$	4,128
Share-based payment							
transactions	9,521		-	(9,521)		-
Recognition of change in							
equity of subsidiaries in							
proportion to the ownership	 				_		224
At December 31	\$ 360,755	\$	2,880	\$	-	\$	4,352

		2021							
							Cha	anges in	
							sub	sidiaries	
							aco	counted	
		Share	Treas	sury share	Eı	mployee	fc	or using	
	p	oremium	tran	sactions	restri	cted shares	equi	ty method	
At January 1	\$	345,520	\$	2,880	\$	15,194	\$	3,774	
Share-based payment									
transactions		5,714		-	(5,673)		-	
Recognition of change in									
equity of subsidiaries in									
proportion to the ownership		-		-				354	
At December 31	\$	351,234	\$	2,880	\$	9,521	\$	4,128	

(20) Retained earnings

- A. Under the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the current year's earnings (after appropriation of no less than 1% as employees' compensation and no more than 1% as directors' remuneration), if any, shall first be used to pay all taxes and offset prior years' operating losses and then 10% of the remaining amount shall be set aside as legal reserve unless the legal reserve equals the total authorised capital. In addition, special reserve that has been appropriated or reversed in accordance with related regulations along with the beginning unappropriated retained earnings can be distributed as dividend provided that the appropriation is proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by shareholders during their meeting.
- B. In order to meet future capital requirements and long-term financial plan, the Company takes into account the Company's business environment and growth stage. Every year, total distributed shareholders' dividends shall not be higher than 90% of the total earnings distributable, and cash dividends shall not be lower than 5% of total dividends. If the total dividends distributable are lower than \$0.5 (in dollars) per share, the above restriction on ratio shall not apply.
- C. Except for covering accumulated deficit or issuing new stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership, the legal reserve shall not be used for any other purpose. The use of legal reserve for the issuance of stocks or cash to shareholders in proportion to their share ownership is permitted, provided that the distribution of the reserve is limited to the portion in excess of 25% of the Company's paid-in capital.
- D. In accordance with the regulations, the Company shall set aside special reserve for the debit balance on other equity items at the balance sheet date before distributing earnings. When debit balance on other equity items is reversed subsequently, the reversed amount could be included in the distributable earnings.

E. On June 29, 2022 and August 27, 2021, the stockholders resolved the distribution of earnings for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 as follows:

	 2021		2020				
		Div	vidends per share			Div	vidends per share
	 Amount		(in dollars)		Amount		(in dollars)
Legal reserve	\$ 14,641			\$	10,657		
Special reserve	20,147			(36,949)		
Cash dividends	141,226	\$	1.00		112,981	\$	0.80

The information on distribution of earnings of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors and shareholders will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

F. For the information relating to employees' compensation and directors' remuneration, refer to Note 6(25).

(21) Operating revenue

A. The Company derives revenue from the transfer of goods and services at a point in time, as follows:

	 2022	2021	
Revenue from industrial personal computers	\$ 5,264,337	\$	4,031,410
Others	 312,217		266,137
	\$ 5,576,554	\$	4,297,547

B. Contract liabilities

The contract liabilities recognised by the Company were mainly advance sales receipts.

	Decem	ber 31, 2022	Decen	nber 31, 2021	Janu	ary 1, 2021
Advance sales receipts	\$	38,000	\$	18,770	\$	19,490
Revenue recognised that wa	s included	in the contra	ct liabil	ity balance at	the bec	tinning of the

Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year:

	 2022	 2021
Revenue recognised that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the		
year		
Advance sales receipts	\$ 11,927	\$ 14,641

(22) Other income

	 2022	2021
Management and technical services and revenue	\$ 59,325	\$ 52,997
Government grants revenue	17,523	15,903
Rental revenue	17,189	17,099
Marketing allowance revenue	8,489	6,692
Dividend income	5,200	4,250
Interest income from bank deposits	603	188
Compensation income	-	13,872
Others	 2,555	 9,464
	\$ 110,884	\$ 120,465

(23) Other gains and losses

		2022	2021
Net loss on foreign exchange	\$	48,369 (\$ 6,322)
Investment property depreciation expense	(1,520) (1,520)
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		6	-
Loss on disposals of investments		- (960)
Others	(7,127) (2,639)
	\$	39,728 (<u>\$ 11,441</u>)

(24) Expenses by nature

		2022	
	cognised in rating costs	cognised in ting expenses	 Total
Employee benefit expense	\$ 304,017	\$ 561,276	\$ 865,293
Depreciation charges on property, plant and			
equipment	39,437	33,760	73,197
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Amortisation charges on	52,263	2,137	54,400
intangible assets	9,953	24,145	34,098
C	\$ 405,670	\$ 621,318	\$ 1,026,988

		2021	
	cognised in rating costs	cognised in ting expenses	 Total
Employee benefit expense	\$ 235,466	\$ 480,530	\$ 715,996
Depreciation charges on property, plant and			
equipment	42,020	41,379	83,399
Depreciation charges on right-of-use assets Amortisation charges on	52,674	2,064	54,738
intangible assets	6,762	31,687	38,449
6	\$ 336,922	\$ 555,660	\$ 892,582

(25) Employee benefit expense

				2022		
	(Recognised in operating costs		ecognised in ating expenses		Total
Wages and salaries	\$	258,204	\$	487,085	\$	745,289
Labour and health insurance						
fees		23,085		36,852		59,937
Pension costs		8,649		19,302		27,951
Other personnel expenses		14,079		18,037		32,116
	\$	304,017	\$	561,276	\$	865,293
	2021					
	(Recognised in operating costs		ecognised in ating expenses		Total
Wages and salaries	\$	200,221	\$	420,214	\$	620,435
Labour and health insurance						
fees		19,098		32,425		51,523
Pension costs		6,516		15,083		21,599
Other personnel expenses		9,631		12,808		22,439
	\$	235,466	\$	480,530	\$	715,996

A. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had 877 and 872 employees, respectively.

B. According to the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, a ratio of the current year's profit (profit before tax without provision for employees' compensation and directors' remuneration), if any, shall be accrued as employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The ratio shall not be lower than 1% for employees' compensation and shall not be higher than 1% for directors' remuneration. However, if the Company has accumulated deficit, earnings shall first be reserved to cover the deficit.

C. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, employees' compensation was accrued at \$11,924 and \$2,650, respectively; while directors' remuneration was accrued at \$4,307and \$1,256, respectively. The aforementioned amounts were recognised in salary expenses.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, employees' compensation and directors' and supervisors' remuneration were accrued in the ratio of 1.00% and 0.36%, respectively, based on pre-tax profit of the year before deducting employees' compensation and directors' remuneration. The amount of employees' compensation, which will be distributed in the form of cash, is the same with the amount resolved by the Board of Directors.

Employees' compensation and directors' remuneration for 2021 as resolved by the Board of Directors were in agreement with those amounts recognised in the 2021 financial statements.

Information about employees' compensation and directors' remuneration of the Company as resolved by the Board of Directors will be posted in the "Market Observation Post System" at the website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

(26) Income tax

- A. Income tax expense
 - (a) Components of income tax (benefit) expense:

		2022	2021		
Current tax:					
Current tax on profits for the year	\$	86,831	\$	-	
Prior year income tax (overestimation) underestimation	(12,775)		541	
Total current tax Deferred tax:		74,056		541	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences		199,926		2,289	
Income tax expense	\$	273,982	\$	2,830	

(b) The income tax (charge)/credit relating to components of other comprehensive income is as follows:

	 2022	 2021
Remeasurement of defined benefit assets	\$ 530	\$ 1,215

B. Reconciliation between income tax expense and accounting profit:

		2022		2021
Tax calculated based on profit before tax and				
statutory tax rate	\$	235,234	\$	28,875
Expenses disallowed by tax regulation		868		1,268
Tax exempt income by tax regulation	(18,871)	(14,184)
Prior year income tax (overestimation) underestimation	(12,775)		541
Change in assessment of realisation of deferred				
tax assets		69,526	(13,670)
Income tax expense	\$	273,982	\$	2,830

C. Amounts of deferred tax assets or liabilities as a result of temporary differences are as follows:

	2022							
						lecognised in other		
				cognised in	cor	nprehensive		
	Ja	anuary 1	pro	ofit or loss		income	De	cember 31
Deferred tax assets:								
Temporary differences:								
Loss on inventory valuation	\$	51,073	(\$	5,928)	\$	-	\$	45,145
Unrealised transaction gain								
from affiliates		6,493		776		-		7,269
Unrealised product warranty								0 710
cost		7,531		979		-		8,510
Time difference of sales		718	(718)		-		-
revenue recognition Unrealised exchange loss		3,318	(1,172)		_		2,146
Compensated absences		2,013	(242		_		2,110
Amount of allowance for bad		2,015						2,255
debts that exceed the limit for								
tax purpose		1,258		488		-		1,746
Loss carryforward		13,617	(13,617)				_
	\$	86,021	(\$	18,950)	\$	-	\$	67,071
Deferred tax liabilities:								
Net defined benefit assets	(\$	1,514)	\$	-	(\$	530)	(\$	2,044)
Income tax accrued on								
remittance of proceeds from								
disposal of subsidiaries.		_	(\$	180,976)	\$	-	(<u>\$</u>	180,976)
	(\$	1,514)	(<u>\$</u>	180,976)	(<u></u>	530)	(<u>\$</u>	183,020)
	\$	84,507	(<u></u>	199,926)	(<u>\$</u>	530)	(\$	115,949)

	2021							
						ecognised in other		
	J	anuary 1		cognised in ofit or loss	cor	nprehensive income	De	cember 31
Deferred tax assets:								
Temporary differences:								
Loss on inventory valuation	\$	59,039	(\$	7,966)	\$	-	\$	51,073
Unrealised transaction gain								
from affiliates		10,699	(4,206)		-		6,493
Unrealised product warranty								
cost		8,119	(588)		-		7,531
Time difference of sales revenue recognition		718		-		-		718
Unrealised exchange loss		936		2,382		-		3,318
Compensated absences		1,575		438		-		2,013
Amount of allowance for bad								
debts that exceed the limit for								
tax purpose		2,689	(1,431)		-		1,258
Loss carryforward		4,525		9,092		-		13,617
	\$	88,300	(<u></u>	2,279)	\$	-	\$	86,021
Deferred tax liabilities:								
Net defined benefit assets	(\$	289)	(\$	10)	(\$	1,215)	(\$	1,514)
	\$	88,011	(\$	2,289)	(\$	1,215)	\$	84,507

D. The Company's income tax returns through 2020 have been assessed and approved by the Tax Authority.

(27) Earnings per share

	2022				
			Weighted average		
			number of ordinary	Ear	rnings per
	Am	nount after	shares outstanding		share
		tax	(shares in thousands)	(in	dollars)
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders					
of the parent	\$	902,188	141,226	\$	6.39
Diluted earnings per share					
Assumed conversion of all dilutive					
potential ordinary shares					
Employees' compensation		-	194		
Profit plus effect of potential ordinary shares	\$	902,188	141,420	\$	6.38

			2021	
	An	nount after tax	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (shares in thousands)	Earnings per share (in dollars)
Basic earnings per share Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the parent Diluted earnings per share Assumed conversion of all dilutive	\$	141,545	(<u>shares in thousands)</u> 141,226	<u>\$ 1.00</u>
potential ordinary shares Employees' compensation Employee stock option certificates Profit plus effect of potential ordinary shares	\$	- - 141,545	109 110 141,445	<u>\$ 1.00</u>
(28) <u>Supplemental cash flow information</u> Investing activities with partial cash payment	s:			
			2022	2021
Purchase of property, plant and equipment Add: Opening balance of payable on equipment Less: Ending balance of payable on equipment Cash paid during the year		\$ (48,415 \$ 1,207 4,960) (44,662 \$	45,030 4,875 1,207) 48,698
			2022	2021
Purchase of software Add: Opening balance of payable on software Less: Ending balance of payable on software Cash paid during the year			$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	25,798 - 9,442) 16,356

(29) Changes in liabilities from financing activities

Changes in liabilities from financing activities of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 all arose from changes in cash flow from financing activities, and there was no change in non-cash items. Refer to statements of cash flows for the details.

7. <u>RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS</u>

(1) Names of related parties and relationship

Names of related parties Nex Computers, Inc. Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd. Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA) Nexcom Europe Ltd. Nexcom Italia S.R.L. Nexcom GmbH Greenbase Technology Corp. Nexcom France NexAIoT Co., Ltd. All IoTCloud Corp. NEXSEC Incorporated Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd. Nexcom Surveillance Technology Co., Ltd. Nexcom United System Service Co., Ltd. TMR Technologies Co., Ltd. EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd. NEXGOL Co., Ltd. Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership EXOR International S.P.A NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd. NEXCOBOT Inc. Beijing NexGemo Technology Co., Ltd. GuangZhou NexCOBOT China Co., Ltd. Dongguan Xing Han Yun Zhi Electronics Co., Ltd. Chongqing NEXRAY Technplpgy Co., Ltd. DIVIOTEC INC.

Relationship with the Company The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary Subsidiary of associate (NOTE 1) The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary (NOTE 3) The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary (NOTE 2) The Company's consolidated subsidiary (NOTE 2) Associate (NOTE 1) The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary Associate The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary (NOTE 2) The Company's consolidated subsidiary The Company's consolidated subsidiary

- Note 1: On June 24, 2022, the Company sold the equity interest of EXOR, thus it became a non-related party since June 24, 2022.
- Note 2: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Company resolved to dispose all the shares of the subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, of Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA), the which subsidiary of NEXSEC Incorporated and the Company's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022. Consequently, the Company lost control over the abovementioned subsidiaries in the third quarter of 2022, thus it became a non-related party since August 1, 2022.

Note 3: The Company's subsidiary, Nexcom France., has completed its liquidation in December 2022. (2) <u>Significant transactions with related parties</u>

A. Operating revenue:

	2022 202		2021	
Sales of goods:				
Subsidiary-				
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	\$	542,290		356,631
Others		1,290,415		845,448
Associate		6,653		26,897
	\$	1,839,358	\$	1,228,976

Goods are sold based on the price lists in force and terms that would be available to third parties.

B. Purchases

	2022		
Associates	\$ 81,361	\$	65,455
Subsidiaries	 -		3,670
	\$ 81,361	\$	69,125

Raw materials and finished goods are purchased based on the purchase price and payment terms that would be available to third parties.

C. Accounts receivable:

	Decem	December 31, 2022		ber 31, 2021
Accounts receivable:				
Subsidiary-				
NEXSEC Incorporated	\$	-	\$	329,380
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.		195,509		160,129
Greenbase Technology Corp.		113,395		55,135
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.		138,473		131,015
Nex Computers, Inc.		161,377		40,870
Others		213,816		159,972
Associate		1,739		17,694
Subsidiary of associate		-		-
Less: Loss allowance	(1,603)		-
	\$	822,706	\$	894,195
Other receivables:				
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.		11,257		11,037
Greenbase Technology Corp.		6,769		9,272
Others		2,727		10,106
	\$	20,753	\$	30,415

(a) The receivables due from related parties had no collateral, were not pledged and do not bear interest.

(b) Other receivables are the payment of operating activities made by the Company on behalf of related parties and the income from providing management and technical services to related parties. The receivables do not bear interest.

D. Rental income

	 2022	 2021
Subsidiary	\$ 5,670	\$ 5,682

The Company leased office and parking lots to related parties.

E. Other income

		2021		
Subsidiaries-				
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	\$	30,876	\$	22,322
Greenbase Technology Corp.		22,068		24,954
Others		6,381		5,720
	\$	28,449	\$	30,674

The Company provided management and technical services to related parties, and the term is 120 days after monthly billings in accordance with mutual agreement.

F. Accounts payable

	December 31, 2022			ber 31, 2021
Accounts payable:				
Subsidiaries	\$	8,837	\$	28,467
Associates		-		3,608
		8,837		32,075
Other payables:				
Subsidiaries		18,876		22,644
	\$	27,713	\$	54,719

Accounts payable to related parties are mainly arising from purchases of goods, and the payables do not bear interest.

G. For endorsements and guarantees provided to related parties, refer to Note 9(2)B for details.

(3) Key management compensation

	 2022	 2021
Salaries and other short-term employee benefits	\$ 35,299	\$ 24,671
Post-employment benefits	 793	 576
	\$ 36,092	\$ 25,247

8. <u>PLEDGED ASSETS</u>

The Company's assets pledged as collateral are as follows:

	Book		
Pledged asset	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Purpose
Other non-current assets-time deposits	\$ 12,305	\$ 12,284	Performance guarantee and guarantee for import duty
Property, plant and equipment -land and buildings and structures Investment property -land and buildings and structures	1,222,620	1,231,876	Guarantee for long- term secured borrowings Guarantee for short-term secured
	138,108 \$ 1,373,033	139,273 \$ 1,383,433	borrowings

9. <u>SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNISED CONTRACT</u> <u>COMMITMENTS</u>

(1) <u>Contingencies</u>

None.

(2) Commitments

- A. The Company had issued and deposited certified checks amounting to \$2,540,000 and USD 33,000 thousand for the Company's short and long-term credit facilities and forward exchange contracts.
- B. The amount of endorsements and guarantees provided by the Company in order to assist its subsidiaries for the lease of warehouses, offices and enter into cooperative contracts are as follows:

	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	\$ 5,814	\$ 6,107
	(JPY 25,018 thousand)	(JPY 25,018 thousand)
NexAIoT Co., Ltd.	206,775	199,200
	(USD 25,000 thousand)	(USD 25,000 thousand)
	(NTD 130,000 thousand)	(NTD 130,000 thousand)
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	25,000	25,000
	(NTD 25,000 thousand)	(NTD 25,000 thousand)
NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	90,000	-
	(NTD 90,000 thousand)	-
NEXSEC Incorporated	-	290,440
	-	(RMB 35,000 thousand)
		(USD 5,000 thousand)
NEXGOL Co., Ltd.	-	21,720
	-	(RMB 5,000 thousand)

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

None.

12. <u>OTHERS</u>

(1) Capital management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders or issue new shares to reduce debt.

(2) Financial instruments

A. Financial instruments by category

	December 31, 2022			mber 31, 2021
Financial assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other				
comprehensive income	\$	44,344	\$	117,207
Financial assets at amortised cost	\$	2,518,803	\$	1,866,691
Financial liabilities				
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	\$	3,984,626	\$	3,707,474
Lease liability	\$	392,952	\$	443,738

Note: For financial assets at amortised cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables (including related parties) and guarantee deposits paid, and financial liabilities at amortised cost, including short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable, other payables, and guarantee deposits received, please refer to the balance sheet for details.

- B. Financial risk management policies
 - (a) The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial position and financial performance.
 - (b) Risk management is carried out by a central treasury department (Company treasury) under policies approved by the Board of Directors. Company treasury identifies, evaluates and hedges financial risks in close cooperation with the Company's operating units. The Board provides written principles for overall risk management, as well as written policies covering specific areas and matters, such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk and credit risk, use of derivative financial instruments and non-derivative financial instruments, and investment of excess liquidity.
- C. Significant financial risks and degrees of financial risks
 - (a) Market risk

Foreign exchange risk

i. The Company operates internationally and is exposed to exchange rate risk arising from the transactions of the Company used in various functional currency, primarily with respect to the USD and RMB. Exchange rate risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities. ii. The Company's businesses involve some non-functional currency operations (the Company's functional currency: NTD). The information on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies whose values would be materially affected by the exchange rate fluctuations is as follows:

	December 31, 2022									
		Foreign Currency					Sensitivity Analysis			
		Amount thousands)	Exchange Rate	E	Book Value (NTD)	Degree of variation		Effect on ofit (loss)	cor	Effect on other nprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u>										
Monetary items	¢	20.010	20.71	¢	1 000 575	10/	¢	10.000	¢	
USD: NTD	\$	39,810	30.71	\$	1,222,565	1%	\$	12,226	\$	-
RMB : NTD EUR : NTD		144,434	4.41 30.72		636,954 37,908	1% 1%		6,370 379		-
Non-monetary items		1,234	30.72		57,908	1%		579		-
USD : NTD	\$	34,070	30.71	\$	1,046,297	1%	\$		\$	10,463
JYP : NTD	φ	172,133	0.23	φ	40,004	1% 1%	Э	-	Φ	400
GBP : NTD		644	0.23 37.09		40,004 23,901	1%		-		239
Financial liabilities		044	57.07		25,701	1 /0		-		237
Monetary items										
USD : NTD	\$	22,408	30.71	\$	688,150	1%	\$	6,882	\$	_
RMB : NTD	Ψ	4,003	4.41	Ψ	17,653	1%	Ψ	177	ψ	
EUR : NTD		49	30.72		1,505	1%		15		_
LOR THE		.,	50.72		1,000	170		10		
					Decem	ber 31, 2021	l			
		Foreign								
	(Currency					S	Sensitivity	An	alysis
		Amount	Exchange	E	Book Value	Degree of		Effect on		Effect on other
	(In	thousands)	Rate		(NTD)	variation	pro	ofit (loss)	cor	nprehensive income
(Foreign currency: functional currency) <u>Financial assets</u>										
Monetary items	¢	21 700	27.69	¢	077 (77	10/	¢	0 777	¢	
USD: NTD	\$	31,708	27.68	\$	877,677	1%	\$	8,777	\$	-
RMB : NTD		101,780	4.34		442,132	1%		4,421 499		-
EUR : NTD		1,593	31.32		49,893	1%		499		-
Non-monetary items	\$	15 252	27.68		424 082	1.0/	¢		\$	4 250
USD : NTD JYP : NTD	φ	15,353 258,707	0.24		424,983 62,219	1% 1%	\$	-	Φ	4,250 622
GBP : NTD		238,707 746	37.30		27,836	1% 1%		-		278
Financial liabilities		740	57.50		27,830	1 70		-		278
<u>Monetary items</u>										
USD : NTD	\$	22,531	27.68	\$	623,658	1%	\$	6,237	\$	
RMB : NTD	Ψ	3,914	4.34	Ψ	17,002	1%	Ψ	170	φ	-
EUR : NTD		153	31.32		4,792	1%		48		-
LUK · MID		155	51.54		7,772	170		τu		-

Total exchange loss, including realised and unrealised, arising from significant foreign exchange variation on the monetary items held by the Company for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$48,369 and \$(6,322), respectively.

Price risk

The Company invests in equity securities primarily shares issued by foreign and domestic companies. The prices of equity securities would change due to the change of the future value of investee companies. If the prices of these equity securities had increased/decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased/decreased \$640 and \$1,307, respectively, as a result of other comprehensive income classified as equity investment at fair value through other comprehensive income.

Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

- i. The Company's interest rate risk arises from long-term and short-term borrowings and short-term notes and bills payable. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk which is partially offset by cash held at variable rates. Borrowings issued at fixed rates expose the Company to fair value interest rate risk.
- ii. At December 31, 2022 and 2021, if interest rates on borrowings had been 0.25% higher/lower with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have been \$6,263 and \$6,069 lower/higher, respectively, mainly as a result of higher/lower interest expense on floating rate borrowings.
- (b) Credit risk
 - i. Credit risk refers to the risk of financial loss to the Company arising from default by the clients or counterparties of financial instruments on the contract obligations. The main factor is that counterparties could not repay in full the accounts receivable based on the agreed terms, and the contract cash flows of debt instruments stated at amortised cost and at fair value through other comprehensive income.
 - ii. The Company manages its credit risk taking into consideration the entire company's concern. According to the Company's credit policy, the Company is responsible for managing and analysing the credit risk for each of the new clients before standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. Internal risk control assesses the credit quality of the customers, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal or external ratings in accordance with the limits set by the Board of Directors. The utilisation of credit limits is regularly monitored.

- iii. The Company adopts the following assumptions under IFRS 9 to assess whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition:
 - (i) If the contract payments were past due over 30 days based on the terms, there has been a significant increase in credit risk on that instrument since initial recognition.
 - (ii) The actual or expected significant changes of customer operating results.
 - (iii) The existing or estimated adverse changes in operations, finance or economic circumstances that were expected to cause significant changes in the customer's ability to fulfil its debt obligation.
- iv. The Company adopts the assumption under IFRS 9, that is, the default occurs when the contract payments are past due over 180 days.
- v. The following indicators are used to determine whether the credit impairment of debt instruments has occurred:
 - (i) It becomes probable that the issuer will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization due to their financial difficulties;
 - (ii) The disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties;
 - (iii) Default or delinquency in interest or principal repayments;
 - (iv) Adverse changes in national or regional economic conditions that are expected to cause a default.
- vi. The Group classifies customer's accounts receivable, contract assets and rents receivable in accordance with customer's characteristics. The Group applies the simplified approach using the provision matrix to estimate expected credit loss.
- vi. The Company used the forecastability to adjust historical and timely information to assess the default possibility of accounts receivable. On December 31, 2022 and 2021, the provision matrix is as follows:

	Individual		Group					
			Up to 90 days	91 ~ 180 days	Over 180 days			
		Not past due	past due	past due	past due	Total		
At December 31, 2022								
Expected loss rate		0.03%	0.03%	50%	100%			
Total book value	<u>\$ 1,059,751</u>	<u>\$ 891,204</u>	\$ 30,856	\$ 2,262	<u>\$ 20,988</u>	\$ 2,005,061		
Loss allowance	\$ 5,614	\$ 267	\$ 9	\$ 1,131	\$ 20,988	\$ 28,009		
			Up to 90 days	91 ~ 180 days	Over 180 days			
		Not past due	past due	past due	past due	Total		
At December 31, 2021								
Expected loss rate		0.03%	0.03%	50%	100%			
Total book value	<u>\$ 876,501</u>	<u>\$ 751,859</u>	<u>\$ 36,375</u>	<u>\$ 394</u>	<u>\$ 22,725</u>	\$ 1,687,854		
Loss allowance	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 224</u>	<u>\$9</u>	<u>\$ 211</u>	\$ 22,725	\$ 23,169		

Individual: Subsidiaries and accounts receivable in individually material that have defaulted were individually estimated expected credit losses.

Group: Other customers.

viii. Movements in relation to the Company applying the simplified approach to provide loss allowance for accounts receivable are as follows:

		2022	2021		
At January 1	\$	23,169	\$	27,881	
Provision for impairment		4,840		-	
Reversal of impairment loss		- ((4,712)	
At December 31	<u>\$</u>	28,009	\$	23,169	

(c)Liquidity risk

- i. Cash flow forecasting is performed in the operating entities of the Company and aggregated by Company treasury. Company treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity requirements to ensure it has sufficient cash to meet operational needs.
- ii. Surplus cash held by the operating entities over and above balance required for working capital management are used and invested properly. Instruments with appropriate maturities or sufficient liquidity to provide sufficient headroom are determined by the abovementioned forecasts.
- iii. The Company's non-derivative financial liabilities classified into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date for non-derivative financial liabilities.

Except for the following, the maturity dates of non-derivative financial liabilities comprising short-term borrowings, short-term notes and bills payable, notes payable, accounts payable and other payables are all less than 360 days as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Non-derivative financial liabi	lities:		Bet	ween 1	Be	tween 2	Over
December 31, 2022	Less the	han 1 year	and	2 years	and	15 years	5 years
Lease liability	\$	56,432	\$	57,357	\$	172,408	\$121,197
Non-derivative financial liabi	lities:		Bet	tween 1	Be	tween 2	Over
D 1 01 0001	-						_
December 31, 2021	Less t	han 1 year	and	2 years	and	1 5 years	5 years

iv. The Company does not expect the timing of occurrence of the cash flows estimated through the maturity date analysis will be significantly earlier, nor expect the actual cash flow amount will be significantly different.

(3) Fair value information

- A. The different levels that the inputs to valuation techniques are used to measure fair value of financial and non-financial instruments have been defined as follows:
 - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A market is regarded as active where a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

- B. Fair value information of investment property at cost is provided in Note 6(9).
- C. The related information on financial instruments measured at fair value by level on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the assets and liabilities at December 31, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

On December 31, 2022 and 2021, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income categorised within Level 3 amounted to \$44,344 and \$117,207, respectively.

- D. The methods and assumptions the Company used to measure fair value are as follows: The valuation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income uses market comparable companies and the net assets value as their fair values (that is, Level 3).
- E. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there was no transfer among each valuation level.
- F. The following chart is the movements of Level 3 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:

		2022	2021		
	Equity instrument			Equity instrument	
At January 1	\$	117,207	\$	122,285	
Gains and losses recognised in other					
comprehensive income		5,112	(5,078)	
Reclassifications during the year	(77,975)			
At December 31	\$	44,344	\$	117,207	

G. The following is the qualitative information of significant unobservable inputs and sensitivity analysis of changes in significant unobservable inputs to valuation model used in Level 3 fair value measurement:

	Fair value at	Valuation	Significant unobservable	Relationship of inputs to	
	December 31, 202	2 technique	input	fair value	
Non-derivative equity					
instrument:					
Venture capital shares					
Private equity fund investment	\$ 44,34	4 Net asset value	N/A	N/A	

	Fair value at		Valuation	Significant unobservable	Relationship of inputs to	
	December 3	31, 2021	technique	input	fair value	
Non-derivative equity instrument:						
Unlisted shares	\$	66,692	Market comparable companies	Enterprise value to EBITA multiple and discount for lack of marketability	The higher the discount for lack of marketability, the lower the fair value	
Venture capital shares Private equity fund investment		50,515	Net asset value	N/A	N/A	

13. <u>SUPPLEMENTARY DISCLOSURES</u>

(1) Significant transactions information

In accordance with "Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers", the Company's significant transactions for the year ended December 31, 2022 are as follows. The inter-company transactions were eliminated when preparing the consolidated statements.

- A. Loans to others: None.
- B. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others: Refer to table 1.
- C. Holding of marketable securities at the end of the period (not including subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures): Refer to table 2.
- D. Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding NT\$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital: Refer to table 3.
- E. Acquisition of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- F. Disposal of real estate reaching NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: None.
- G. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paidin capital or more: Refer to table 4.
- H. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more: Refer to table 5.
- I. Derivative financial instruments: None.
- J. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting periods: Refer to table 6.
- (2) Information on investees

Names, locations and other information of investee companies (not including investees in Mainland China): Refer to table 7.

(3) Information on investments in Mainland China

A. Basic information: Refer to table 8.

- B. Significant transactions, either directly or indirectly through a third area, with investee companies in the Mainland Area: Refer to table 6.
- (4) Major shareholders information:

Major shareholders information: Refer to table 9.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Not applicable.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Provision of endorsements and guarantees to others Year ended December 31, 2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

						Footnote	I	ı	·	
	Duringing of	FIUVISIUII UI	endorsements/guarantees	to the party in Mainland	China	(Note 8)	Z	Z	Z	Z
	Durinion of	FIUVISIOII 01	endorsements/guarantees	by subsidiary to parent	company	(Note 8)	Z	Z	Z	Z
	Durinicion of	FIGVISION OF	endorsements/guarantees	by parent company to	subsidiary	(Note 8)	Y	Y	Y	Y
	Colling on	Centrid on	total amount of	endorsements/	guarantees provided	(Note 3)	1,720,583	1,720,583	1,720,583	1,720,583
	Datio of commulated	Rauo of acculiniated	endorsement/	guarantee amount to net asset	value of the endorser/	guarantor company	0.08 \$	6.00	0.73	0.08
	A month of	VIIIOUIII 01	endorsements/	guarantees	secured with	collateral	I	ı	15,000	ı
				Actual amount	drawn down	(Note 7)	\$ 5,814 \$	76,775	15,000	50,000
Outetanding	Outstanting endorsement/		guarantee	amount at December 31, Actual amount	2022	(Notes 5, 6)	5,814	206,775	25,000	000'06
	Movimum outstanding	Maximum ourstanding	endorsement/	guarantee	amount as of December	31, 2022 (Note 4)	\$ 6,085 \$	210,538	25,000	000'06
I imit on	Lullit UII	elluoi sellielles/	guarantees	provided for a single	party	(Note 3)	1,032,350	1,032,350	1,032,350	1,032,350
50	nteed	Kelationship	with the	endorser/ p	guarantor	(Note 2)	2	7	2	0
Party being	endorsed/guaranteed					Company name	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.
					Endorser/	guarantor	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company
					Number	(Note 1)	0	0	0	0

Note 2: Relationship between the endorser/guarantor and the party being endorsed/guaranteed is classified into the following seven categories: (1) Having business relationship.

(2) The endorser/guaranter parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed subsidiary. (3) The endorsed/guaranteed company owns directly and indirectly more than 50% voting shares of the endorser/guaranter parent company.

(5) Mutual guarantee of the trade made by the endorsed/guaranteed company or joint contractor as required under the construction contract. company. (4) The endorser/guarantor parent company owns directly and indirectly more than 90% voting shares of the endorsed/guaranteed

(6) Due to joint venture, each shareholder provides endorsements/guarantees to the endorsed/guaranteed company in proportion to its ownership.

(7) Joint guarantee of the performance guarantee for pre-sold home sales contract as required under the Consumer Protection Act Note 3: The guarantee ceiling is calculated as follows:

The Company's total guarantees and endorsements to others should not exceed 50% of the Company's net worth. Net worth is determined based on the latest audited financial statements.
 The guarantees and endorsements for a single party should not exceed 20% of the Company's net worth, except that the guarantees and endorsements for any single foreign subsidiary should not exceed 30% of the Company's net worth. Met won business relationships, the guarantees and endorsements should not exceed the

Note 5: The amount guaranteed by the Company to Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd., EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd., NexAloT Co., Ltd., and NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd. was JPY 25,018 thousand, Note 4: Fill in the year-to-date maximum outstanding balance of endorsements/guarantees provided as of the reporting period.

Note 6: Fill in the amount approved by the Board of Directors of the chairman if the chairman has been authorised by the Board of Directors based on subparagraph 8, Article 12 of the Regulations NTD 25,000, NTD2,500 & 130,000 thousand and NTD 90,000 thousand, respectively.

Note 8: Fill in 'Y' for those cases of provision of endorsements/guarantees by listed parent company to subsidiary and provision by subsidiary to listed parent company, and provision to the party in Mainland Chain.

Table 1

Note 1: The numbers filled in for the endorsements/guarantees provided by the Company or subsidiaries are as follows: (1) The Company is 0° .

(2) The subsidiaries are numbered in order starting from '1'.

total transaction amount (higher of the purchase or the sales between the two parties) for the most recent year ended.

Note 7: Fill in the actual ammount of endorsements/guarantees used by the ensorsed/guaranteed company. Governing Loaning of Funds and Making of Endorsements/Guarantees by Public Companies

Expressed in thousands of NTD

(Except as otherwise indicated)

As of December 31, 2022

	Fair value	(Note)		44,344			457
	Ownership	(%)	0.86	2.50	6.54	4.35	19.00
		Book value		44,344	·	·	457
Number of	shares	(in thousands)	190	2,500	700	550	Ŋ
	General	ledger account	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income- non-current				
	Relationship with the	securities issuer	None	=	=	=	=
		Marketable securities	Lionic Co., Ltd.	WK Technology Fund Co., Ltd.	Datacom Technology Corp.	Iryx Corporation	DIVIOTEC COMPANY LIMITED
		Securities held by	The Company	The Company	The Company	Greenbase Technology Corp.	DIVIOTEC INC.

Table 2

		Acquisit	tion or sale of th	Acquisition or sale of the same security with the accumulated cost exceeding \$300 million or 20% of the Company's paid-in capital Year ended December 31,2022	h the accumulated Year ended	ccumulated cost exceeding \$30 Year ended December 31,2022	ng \$300 million 1,2022	or 20% of the	Company's pa	id-in capital					
Table 3													Expressed in	Expressed in thousands of NTD	D
													(Except as o	(Except as otherwise indicated)	(þ
				Relationship	Balance as at	s at	Addition	uo		Disposal	sal				
	Marketable	General		with	January 1, 2022	2022	(Note 3)	3)		(Note 3 and 5)	and 5)	Ì	Balance as at L	Balance as at December 31, 2022	2
	securities	ledger	Counterparty	the investor	Number of		Number of		Number of		0	Gain (loss) on Number of	Number of		
Investor	(Note 1)	account	(Note 2)	(Note 2)	shares	Amount	shares	Amount	shares	Selling price Book value	Book value	disposal	shares	Amount	ļ
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	NEXSEC Incorporated and Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnershin	Investments accounted for under equity method	Beijing Dahao Technology Co Ltd	The subsidiary of the Company	20,367,661 \$	278,012	~		20,367,661	\$ 1,180,901	334,534	\$ 846,367		* *	l ,
Note 1: Marketable sec	curities in the table refer to	Note 1: Marketable securities in the table refer to stocks, bonds, beneficiary certificates and other related derivative securities.	certificates and	other related deriva	tive securities.										
Note 2: Fill in the colu	mns the counterparty and r	Note 2: Fill in the columns the counterparty and relationship if securities are accounted for under the equity method; otherwise leave	accounted for u	nder the equity me	thod; otherwise le	ave the columns blank.	ns blank.								

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Note 3: Aggregate purchases and sales amounts should be calculated separately at their market values to verify whether they individually reach NT\$300 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more.

Note 4: Paid-in capital referred to herein is the paid-in capital of parent company. In the case that shares were issued with no par value or a par value other than NT\$10 per share, the 20 % of paid-in capital shall be replaced by 10% of equity

attributable to owners of the parent in the calculation.

Note 5: Refer to 6(32) C for details of related transactions.

-	Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)	Notes/accounts receivable	Percentage of total notes/accounts receivable (payable)	10	Q	×	
ſ	Expre (Exce	Notes/acco	Balance	195,509	113,395	161,377	138,473
or more	unsaction terms third party	tions	Credit term	The credit term to related \$ parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The credit term to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.
'D. lion or 20% of paid-in capital c	Differences in transaction terms compared to third party	transactions	Unit price	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.	The Company's sales price to related parties was approximately the same as third parties.
XOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LT lated parties reaching NT\$100 mil Year ended December 31, 2022			Credit term	90 days after monthly billing			
NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Purchases or sales of goods from or to related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more Year ended December 31, 2022		Transaction	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	10	∞		Ś
			Amount	542,290	454,476	389,147	252,787
Purchases or			Purchases (sales)	Sales	Sales	Sales	Sales
			p with the party	pany's subsidiary	pany's subsidiary	pany's subsidiary	pany's subsidiary

Table 4

Relationship with the counterparty The Company's consolidated subsidiar	The Company's consolidated subsidiar	 The Company's consolidated subsidiar. 	an The Company's consolidated subsidiar
Counterparty NeAloT Co., Ltd.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Nex Computer, Inc.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.
Purchaser/seller The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)	Allowance for	doubtful	accounts		ı	ı	
Expressed in the (Except as other	Amount collected subsequent to the		(Note)	68,026 \$	55,162	49,140	19,964
		1		in \$.9	.9	
	Overdue receivables		Action taken	Taking prompt action in collecting the overdue receivables.	Taking prompt action in collecting the overdue receivables.	Taking prompt action in collecting the overdue receivables.	5,576 Taking prompt action in collecting the overdue receivables.
	Ōv		Amount	I	ı	ı	5,576
			Turnover rate	3.05 \$	5.39	3.85	1.88
	Balance as at	December 31,	2022	\$ 195,509	113,395	161,377	138,473
	Relationship with the		counterparty	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	The Company's consolidated subsidiary	The Company's consolidated subsidiary
			Counterparty	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Nex Computer, Inc.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.
Table 5			Creditor	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company

Note: Represents amounts collected up to November 2, 2022.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Receivables from related parties reaching NT\$100 million or 20% of paid-in capital or more December 31, 2022

	Percentage of consolidated total operating revenues or	total assets (Note 2)	L	2	3	1	6	1	3	-
Transaction		Transaction terms	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3	Note 3
Trar		Amount	\$ 542,290	195,509	252,797	138,473	454,476	113,395	389,147	161,377
		General ledger account	Sales	Accounts receivable	Sales	Accounts receivable	Sales	Accounts receivable	Sales	Accounts receivable
	Relationship	(Note 1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
		Counterparty	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Nexcom Computer, Inc.	Nexcom Computer, Inc.
		Company name	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company	The Company
		Number	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Note 1: Relationship between transaction company and counterparty is classified into the following three categories:

Parent company to subsidiary.
 Subsidiary to parent company.

(3) Subsidiary to subsidiary.

Note 2: Regarding percentage of transaction amount to consolidated total operating revenues or total assets, it is computed based on

period-end balance of transaction to consolidated total assets for balance sheet accounts and based on accumulated transaction amount for

the period to consolidated total operating revenues for income statement accounts. Note 3: Sales and collection terms of sales to related parties are approximately the same as with third parties.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Significant inter-company transactions during the reporting period December 31, 2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

			Initial investment amount	nent amount	Shares held as	at December 31, 2022	31, 2022		Investment income (loss)		
			Balance	Balance	Number of shares			Net profit (loss)	recognised by the Company for		
			as at December 31,	as at December 31,		Ownership		of the investee for the year	the year ended December 31,	ţ	
Location	Main business activities		2022	2021	thous and s)	(%)	Book value	ended December 31, 2022	2022	Footnote	I
nited States of America	Sales of PCs and peripherals	$\boldsymbol{\diamond}$	56,977	\$ 56,977	5,000	100	\$ 111,029	\$ 6,224	\$ 6,224		
Japan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		16,780	16,780	1	100	40,004	126	126		
Samoa	General investment		195,893	232,392	6,386	100	935,260	738,882	738,882		
United Kingdom	Sales of PCs and peripherals		73,215	73,215	580	100	23,901 (3,790) ((3,790)		
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		82,834	82,834	13,777	79.62	221,056	80,396	64,011		
France	Sales of PCs and peripherals		'	32,761		I	-	(665) ((665)) Note1	
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		97,063	97,063	17,268	82.73	179,028	24,906	20,605		
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		34,415	34,415	1,000	100	3,932 (643) ((643)	~	
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		12,100	12,100	7,290	100	(3,342) (2,482) ((2,482)		
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		23,218	22,080	2,322	89.05	14,264 (10,001) ((8,231)	~	
nited States of America	Sales of PCs and peripherals		5,921	5,921	200	100	8	24) ((24)	~	
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		12,579	12,579	884	100	17,404	5,714	5,714		
Taiwan	Sales of PCs and peripherals		67,549	67,549	6,000	100	90,105	21,835	21,835		

peripherals im France, was completed in December 2022.

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Information on investees December 31, 2022

Table 7

Investor	Investee	Location
The Company	Nex Computers, Inc.	United States America
The Company	Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	Japan
The Company	Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	Samoa
The Company	Nexcom Europe Ltd.	United Kingdom
The Company	Greenbase Technology Corp.	Taiwan
The Company	Nexcom France	France
The Company	NexAloT Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
The Company	All IoTCloud Corp.	Taiwan
The Company	EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
The Company	TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
The Company	NEXCOBOT INC.	United States America
Greenbase Technology Corp.	DIVIOTED INC.	Taiwan
NexAloT Co., Ltd.	NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.	Taiwan
Note 1: The liquidation of	Note 1: The liquidation of the Company's subsidiary, Nexcom Franc	Vexcom Franc

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Information on investments in Mainland China December 31, 2022

Expressed in thousands of NTD (Except as otherwise indicated)

	Footnote		Note 1	Note 1		Note 3	Note 3	Note 2、 3	Note 3	Note 1	Note 1	Note 3
Accumulated amount of investment income	remitted back to Taiwan as of December 31, 2022	\$ 31,495	r	r	ſ	ı	T		ſ	,		
Book value of	investments in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022		34,662)	36,369	1,023	17,257)	,	13,911		1,561)	1,507	
Investment income (loss) recognised	by the Company for the year ended December 31, 2022	37,193 \$	17,631) (4,091	493)	7,086) (471	3,499)	1,436)	73) (2,617)	346)
Ownership held by	the Company (direct or indirect)	-	82.73 (79.62	100 (68.18 (37.23 (-	82.73 (62.05 (· ·
Net income of investee for the	year ended December 31, 2022	\$ 52,652	21,311)	5,138	493)	10,707)	6,759	9,397)	3,389)	88)	4,217)	1,400)
Accumulated amount of remittance from	Taiwan to Mainland China as of December 31, 2022	26	104,234 (30,321	28,691 (2,275) -) -	15,777 () -
mitted back rr ended December 31, 322	Remitted back to Taiwan	.			,	I		,	,		,	,

Table 8

Amount remitted from Taiwan to Mainland China/ Amount remitted back to Taiwan for the year ended December 31 2022	
---	--

-			Accumulated amount of remittance from Taiwan to	00 1 at wait 101 the year end 2022	2022
Main business activities Paid-in capital		Investment method	Mainland China as of January 1, 2022	Remitted to Mainland China	Rei
Sales of PCs and \$ 127,504 T peripherals (1 h		Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	56,126	\$	\$
Sales of PCs and 104,234 Th (Netipherals this Ma		Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	104,234		
Sales of PCs and 30,321 Th peripherals (G wh		Through investing in an investee company (Greenbase Technology Corp.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	30,321		
Sales of PCs and 33,998 Th peripherals (N thi		Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	28,691		
Sales of PCs and 44,650 Th peripherals inv		Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	,	,	
General 9,421 Th investment (Ne thin Ma	a II e	Through investing in an existing company (Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)) in the third area, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	2,275	1	
Sales of PCs and 45,770 Th peripherals 5h		45,770 Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	I	ı	
Sales of PCs and 47,938 Th peripherals Ch		Through investing in investees in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China (investment of NEXSEC Incorporated).	I	ı	
Sales of PCs and 15,777 Th peripherals In		Through investing in investees, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China (investment of NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.).	15,777	·	
Sales of PCs and 17,888 Th peripherals Shi inv		Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	I	ı	
Sales of PCs and 13,517 Th peripherals 5h		13,517 Through investing in an investee (Nexcom Shanghai Co., Ltd.) in Mainland China, which then invested in the investee in Mainland China.	,	1	

and the Group's subsidiary, Zhuhai Xinxin Management Consulting Partnership, with the effective date set on August 1, 2022.

Note 1: In February 2022, the Group invested and established a new company, Chengdu Xinghan Xinchuang Technology Co., Ltd. as resolved by the Board of Directors.

Note 2: On July 27, 2022, the Board of Directors of the Group resolved to dispose all the shares of its subsidiary, NEXSEC Incorporated, the subsidiaries of NEXSEC Incorporated

						Economic Ceiling on investments in Mainland China imposed	by the Investment Commission of MOEA	\$ 2,064,698
Investment	amount	approved by the	Investment	Commission of	the Ministry of		Affairs (MOEA)	\$ 274,951
	Accumulated	amount of	remittance from	Taiwan to	Mainland China the Ministry of	as of December	31, 2022	\$ 237,424
							Company name	The Company

Shares	Number of shares held Ownership (%)	9,687 6.85% 9,936 7.03%	Description: If company applies Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation for the information of the table, the followings can be explained in the notes of the table.	 (a) The major shareholders' information was derived from the data using the Company issued common shares (including treasury shares) and preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and held by the shareholders above 5% on the last operating date of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation. The share capital which was recorded on the financial statements may be different from the actual number of shares in dematerialised form due to the difference in the calculation basis. (b) If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept in the trust by the shareholders, the data was disclosed as a separate account of the client which was set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who reports share equity as an insider whose shareholding ratio was greater than 10% in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the shareholding ratio included the self-owned shares and trusted shares, at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate the trust assets. For the information on reported shares, please refer to the Market Observation Post System.
		Tai Ying Investment Co., Ltd. Meng-Ying, Lin	Description: If company applies Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporati	 (a) The major shareholders' information was derived from the data using preference shares in dematerialised form which were registered and h of each quarter and was calculated by Taiwan Depository & Clearing statements may be different from the actual number of shares in dema (b) If the aforementioned data contains shares which were kept in the tru of the client which was set by the trustee. As for the shareholder who than 10% in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act, the sh at the same time, persons who have power to decide how to allocate t of insiders, please refer to the Market Observation Post System.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Major shareholders information December 31, 2022

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Item		Description	1	Ar	nount
Cash on hand and petty cash				\$	413
Checking accounts					5,723
Demand deposits – NTD				10	09,666
- USD	USD	2,327 thousand dollars	Exchange rate	,	71,452
- USD	USD	2,527 thousand donars	30.71		
– EUR	EUD	542 thousand dollars	Exchange rate		17,729
-EOK	LUK	542 mousand donars	32.72		
– GBP	GBP	17 thousand dollars	Exchange rate		638
– ODF	OBF	17 thousand dollars	37.09		
DMD	DMD	61,017 thousand dollars	Exchange rate	20	68,962
-RMB	KNID	01,017 thousand donars	4.41		
				<u></u> \$4′	74,583

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Client Name		Amount	Note
Client S	\$	413,697	
Client J		175,860	
			The Balance of each client
Others			has not exceeded 5% of
		591,195	the accounts receivable.
		1,180,752	
Less: Allowance for uncollectible accounts	(26,406)	
	\$	1,154,346	

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

		Ame	ount		
Item	Cost		M	arket Value	Note
Raw materials	\$	1,450,553	\$	1,320,162	Measured at net realisable value
Work in progress		340,353		338,783	//
Semi-finished goods		235,996		217,446	//
Finished goods		161,136		175,398	//
		2,188,038	\$	2,051,789	//
Less: Allowance for loss on inventory decline in market value	(225,725) 1,962,313			

Statement 4												
	Balance at January 1, 2022	ry 1, 2022	Addition	r	Decrease	e	Balance 2	Balance at December 31, 2022	122			
	Number of shares		Number of shares		Number of shares		Number of shares					
Name	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Amount	(in thousands)	Ownership	Amount	Net Assets Value Collateral	Collateral	Note
Investment using the equity												
Nexcom International Co., Ltd. (SAMOA)	7,658 5	\$ 315,822	I	\$ 774,847	(1,272)	1,272) (\$155,409)	6,386	100%	\$ 935,260	\$ 935,327	None	Note 1
Nex Computers, Inc.	5,000	109,131		1,898	ı	·	5,000	100%	111,029	121,595	*	Note 1
Nexcom Japan Co., Ltd.	1	62,219		ı	I	(22,215)	1	100%	40,004	49,041	*	Note 1
NexAloT Co., Ltd.	10,413	157,342	6,855	21,686		ı	17,268	82.73%	179,028	193,490	*	Note 1
Greenbase Technology Corp.	11,387	158,160	2,390	62,896	ı	'	13,777	79.62%	221,056	223,090	*	Note 1
All IoTCloud Corp. (Note 1)	1,000	4,575			ı	(643)	1,000	100%	3,932			Note 1
EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.	7,290 (912)		I		(2,430)	7,290	100% (3,342)	(3,165)	*	Note 1
Nexcom Europe Ltd.	580	27,836		ı	ı	(3,935)	580	100%	23,901	23,902	*	Note 1
Nexcom France		981		ı	I	(981)		100%	ı		*	Note 3
TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.	2,208	4,815	1,836	9,449	(1,722)	ı	2,322	89.05%	14,264	14,264	*	Note $1 \cdot 2$
NEXCOBOT Inc.	200	30		ſ		(22)	200	100%	8	8		Note 1
		\$ 839,999		\$ 870,776		(\$185,635)			\$ 1,525,140			
Note 1: The addition (decrease) amounts pertained to receiving cash dividends, proceeds from capital reduction and changes in investments accounted for using equity method	amounts pertained to 1	receiving cash	dividends, proceeds	from capital r	eduction and chang	es in investm	ents accounted for u	sing equity method	با			
Note 2: The addition in the number of shares pertained to the subscription of new shares in a cash capital increase; the decrease in the number of shares pertained to the capital reduction to offset accumulated deficits.	ber of shares pertained	d to the subscr	iption of new shares	in a cash capit	tal increase; the dec	rrease in the n	umber of shares per	tained to the capit	al reduction to	offset accumulate	d deficits.	
Note 5: The liquidation of the Company's subsidiary, Nexcom France, was completed in December 2022.	ompany's subsidiary, l	Nexcom France	ce, was completed in	December 202	.7.							

MOVEMENT SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING THE EQUITY METHOD NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

st rate Credit facilities Collateral	1. 73% \$ 200, 000 None	1. 98% 307, 100 None 2 10% 103 550 None	153, 550 200, 000	38%	1. 43% 250, 000 None	1. 68% 255, 000 None	1. 78% 100, 000 None	1. 43% 350, 000 Property, plant and equipment	1. 86% 250, 000 Property, plant and equipment	1. 75% 350, 000 Property, plant and equipment	1. 98% 300, 000 Property, plant and equipment
Period of Contract Interest rate	2022/8/30-2023/8/30 1.	2022/12/22-2023/12/22 1. 9022/12/14-9023/6/12 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.			2022/11/23-2023/1/18 1.	2022/9/19-2023/9/19 1.0	2022/12/27-2023/2/24 1.	2022/11/23-2023/1/18 1.	2022/10/7-2023/3/23 1.3	2022/12/16-2023/3/20 1.	2022/11/18-2023/1/17 1.9
Ending balance	\$ 200,000	150,000 90,000	130,000 200,000	150,000	210,000	105,000	100,000	340,000	180,000	250,000	300,000
Credit loan	The Export-Import Bank of the Republic of China	DBS Bank Limited Fubon Bank	HSBC Bank KGI Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	First Commercial Bank	E.SUN COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.	CHANG HWA COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.	BANK SINOPAC COMPANY LIMITED	E.SUN COMMERCIAL BANK, LTD.	Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	Yuanta Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.	First Commercial Bank
Type of borrowings	Credit loan	Credit loan Credit loan	Credit loan Credit loan	Credit loan	Credit loan	Credit loan	Credit loan	Short-term guarantee	Short-term guarantee	Short-term guarantee	Short-term guarantee

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Suppliers Name	Amount	Note
Others	1,074,182	The Balance of each supplier has not exceeded 5% of the accounts payable.
	\$ 1,074,182	

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>STATEMENT OF OPERATING COSTS</u> <u>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Statement 7

Item	Summary		Amount
Industrial personal computer		\$	5,264,337
Others			312,217
Net operating revenue		\$	5,576,554
Note: The shows assessed is not of \$14,600 thereas	d after de du atin a sales	nature and	diagonata

Note: The above revenue is net of \$14,689 thousand after deducting sales returns and discounts.

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>STATEMENT OF OPERATING COSTS</u> <u>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Item		Amount
Beginning raw materials	\$	1,561,676
Add: Raw materials purchased		4,145,936
Less: Ending raw materials	(1,450,553)
Cost of raw materials sold	(142,591)
Loss on physical inventory for raw materials	(1,310)
Disposal of raw materials	(2,574)
Transferred to operating expenses	(21,658)
Consumption materials		4,088,926
Direct labor		181,722
Manufacturing expense		358,230
Manufacturing cost		4,628,878
Add: Beginning work in progress		188,352
Beginning semi-finished goods		182,135
Less: Ending work in progress	(340,353)
Ending Semi-finished goods	(235,996)
Scrapped semi-finished goods	(8,345)
Cost of semi-finished goods sold	(17,747)
Transferred to operating expenses	(52,974)
Cost of finished goods		4,343,950
Add: Beginning finished goods		129,465
Less: Ending finished goods	(161,136)
Scrapped finished goods	(2,253)
Transferred to operating expenses	(18,069)
Manufacturing and selling costs		4,291,957
Cost of raw materials sold		142,591
Cost of semi-finished goods sold		17,747
Loss on decline in market value	(29,640)
Loss on scrapping inventory		13,172
Revenue from sales of scraps	(210)
Loss on physical inventory		1,310
Spare capacity		1,136
Other operating costs		43,224
Total operating cost	\$	4,481,287

<u>NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD.</u> <u>STATEMENT OF OPERATING COSTS</u> <u>YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022</u> (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Item	 Amount	Note
Depreciation expenses	\$ 91,700	
Wages and salaries	102,919	
Processing fees	70,540	
Utilities expenses	21,575	
		The Balance of each item
Other expenses		has not exceeded 5% of the
-	71,496	manufacturing expenses.
	\$ 358,230	

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. STATEMENT OF OPERATIING EXPENSES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars)

Statement 10

			Research and	
Item	Selling expenses	Administrative expenses	development expenses	Total
Wages and salaries	\$ 202,307	\$ 68,001	\$ 216,777	\$ 487,085
Advertisement expenses	46,502	20	-	46,522
Expendable materials for	-	-	48,898	48,898
research and development				
Depreciation expenses	11,413	8,524	15,960	35,897
Export expenses	18,012	-	-	18,012
Amortisation expenses	3,802	12,159	8,184	24,145
Professional service fees	7,433	8,556	2,825	18,814
Other expenses (Note)	63,287	32,418	62,464	158,169
Total	\$ 352,756	\$ 129,678	\$ 355,108	\$ 837,542

Note: The Balance of each item has not exceeded 5% of the operating expenses.

NEXCOM INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. SUMMARY STATEMENT OF CURRENT PERIOD EMPLOYEE BENEFITS, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES BY FUNCTION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan dollars, except as otherwise indicated)

Statement 11

		2022			2021				
	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total	Classified as Operating Costs	Classified as Operating Expenses	Total			
Employee benefit expense									
Wages and salaries	\$ 258,204	\$ 482,778	\$ 740,982	\$ 200,221	\$ 418,958	\$ 619,179			
Labour and health insurance	23,085	36,852	59,937	19,098	32,425	51,523			
Pension costs	8,649	19,302	27,951	6,516	15,083	21,599			
Directors' remuneration	-	4,307	4,307	-	1,256	1,256			
Other personnel expenses	14,079	18,037	32,116	9,631	12,808	22,439			
Depreciation expenses	39,437	33,760	73,197	42,020	41,379	83,399			
Depreciation expenses (right-of-use assets)	52,263	2,137	54,400	52,674	2,064	54,738			
Amortisation expenses	9,953	24,145	34,098	6,762	31,687	38,449			

Note:

A. As at December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Company had 862 and 872 employees, both including 6 non-employee directors, respectively.

B. A company whose stock is listed for trading on the stock exchange or over-the-counter securities exchange shall additionally disclose the following information:

(1)Average employee benefit expense in current year was \$1,006 ('total employee benefit expense in current year – total directors' remuneration in current year' / 'the number of employees in current year – the number of non-employee directors in current year'). Average employee benefit expense in previous year was \$825 ('total employee benefit expense in previous year – total directors' remuneration in previous year' / 'the number of employees in previous year – the number of non- employee directors in previous year')

(2)Average employees salaries in current year were \$866 (total salaries and wages in current year / 'the number of employees in current year - the number of non-employee directors in current year').

Average employees salaries in previous year were \$715 (total salaries and wages in previous year / 'the number of employees in previous year')

(3)Adjustments of average employees salaries was 21% ('the average employee salaries and wages in current year -

the average employee salaries and wages in previous year' / the average employee salaries and wages in previous year)

(4)The supervisors remuneration in current year was \$0, and the supervisors' remuneration in previous year was \$0.

(5)The Company's remuneration policy:

The Company's remuneration payment policies, standards, composition and procedures for the remuneration establishment are based on the Company's staff regulations and the organizational procedure of the remuneration committee. The distribution ratios for the directors' remuneration and employees' compensation are under the Company's Articles of Incorporation (please refer to Note 6(27)), which are resolved by the remuneration committee and submitted to the Board of Directors for approval before being reported to the shareholders. Remunerations of directors and managers are based on the general pay level in the same industry, taking into account the individual's performance. Also the Company evaluates the reasonableness of the correlation between the individual's performance and the Company's operational performance and future risk exposure; the employees' compensation is allocated based on the review of the same industry level and understanding the competitive position of the Company's talented employees in the industry, as well as the Company's overall operating performance and profitability, budget planning and performance review of each unit, and the assessment of future operating risks, which are all considered important in the allocation process.

A. The number of employees described in Note of this statement should be calculated the same as the emploee benefits and employee's compensation, and should be calculated using the average number of employees.

- B. According to IAS19, employees may provide services in a full-time, part-time, permanent, irregular or temporary manner, including directors and other management personnel. Therefore, "employees" in this statement includes directors, managers, general employees and contract employees, etc., but not including supervisors, dispatched manpower, labor contracting or business outsourcing personnel.
- C. "Director's remuneration" refers to the remuneration received by all directors, retirement pension, director's remuneration and business execution expenses, etc., but does not include salary, labor and health insurance, pension, and other benefit expense received by employee directors.

D. "Supervisor's remuneration" refers to the remuneration, compensations and business execution expenses received by all supervisors.

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

Chairperson: Lin Mao-Chang

Headquarters

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

9F, No.920, Zhongzheng Rd., ZhongHe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax: +886-2-8226-7782 www.nexcom.com

NEXCOM International Co., Ltd.

Taiwan

NexAloT Co., Ltd. Taipei Office

13F, No.922, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7796 Fax: +886-2-8226-7926 Email: jacobhuang@nexaiot.com www.nexaiot.com

NexAloT Co., Ltd. Taichung Office

16F, No.250, Sec. 2, Chongde Rd., Beitun District, Taichung City, 406, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-4-2249-1179 Fax: +886-4-2249-1172 Email: jacobhuang@nexaiot.com www.nexaiot.com

NexCOBOT Taiwan Co., Ltd.

13F, No.916, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax: +886-2-8226-7926 Email: jennyshern@nexcobot.com www.nexcobot.com

GreenBase Technology Corp.

13F, No.922, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax:+886-2-8226-7900 Email: vivianlin@nexcom.com.tw www.nexcom.com.tw

DivioTec Inc.

19F-1, No.97, Sec. 4, ChongXin Rd., Sanchong Dist., New Taipei City, 24161 Taiwan(R.O.C) Tel: +886-2-89763077 E-mail: sales@diviotec.com www.diviotec.com

AIOT CLOUD CORP.

13F, No.922, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax: +886-2-8226-7782 Emall: support@alotcoloud.dev www.aiotcloud.dev

EMBUX Technology Co., Ltd.

13F, No.916, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax: +886-2-8226-7782 Email: info@embux.com www.embux.com

TMR Technologies Co., Ltd.

13F, No.916, Zhongzheng Rd., Zhonghe District, New Taipei City, 23586, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-8226-7786 Fax: +886-2-8226-7782 Email: services@tmrtek.com www.tmrtek.com

China

NEXCOM Shanghai

Room 406-407, Building C, No 154, Lane 953, Jianchuan Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, 201108, China Tel: +86-21-5278-5868 Fax: +86-21-3251-6358 Email: sales@nexcom.cn www.nexcom.cn

NEXCOM Surveillance Technology Corp.

Floor 8, Building B3, Xiufeng Industrial Zone, GanKeng Community, Buji Street, LongGang District, ShenZhen, 518112, China Tel: +86-755-8364-7768 Fax: +86-755-8364-7738 Email: steveyang@nexcom.com.tw www.nexcom.cn

NEXGOL Chongqing

1st Building No.999, Star Boulevard, Yongchuan Dist., Chongqing City, 402160, China Tel: +86-23-4960-9080 Fax: +86-23-4966-5855 Email: sales@nexgol.com.cn www.nexcom.cn

Beijing NexGemo Technology Co.,Ltd.

Floor 2, Gemotech Building, No.1, Development Rd., Changping International Information Industry Base, Changping District, Beijing, 102206, China Tel: +86-10-8072-2025 Fax:+86-10-8072-2022 Email: sales@nexgemo.cn www.nexgemo.com

Japan

NEXCOM Japan

9F, Tamachi Hara Bldg., 4-11-5, Shiba Minato-ku, Tokyo, 108-0014, Japan Tel: +81-3-5419-7830 Fax: +81-3-5419-7832 Email: sales@nexcom-jp.com www.nexcom-jp.com

America

USA NEXCOM USA

46665 Fremont Blvd., Fremont, CA 94538, USA Tel: +1-510-656-2248 Fax: +1-510-656-2158 Email: sales@nexcom.com www.nexcomusa.com

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